AC – 24/5/2024 Item No. – 6.7

As Per NEP 2020

Aniversity of Mumbai



Title of the program

A- U.G. Certificate in Zoology

- B- U.G. Diploma in Zoology
- C- B.Sc. (Zoology)
- D- B.Sc. (Hons.) in Zoology
- E- B.Sc. (Hons. with Research) in Zoology

Syllabus for

Semester – Sem I & II (Scheme III)

Ref: GR dated 20th April, 2023 for Credit Structure of UG

(With effect from the academic year 2024-25 Progressively)

University of Mumbai



(As per NEP 2020)

Sr. No.	Heading	Particulars		
1	Title of program O:A	Α	U.G. Certificate in Zoology	
	O:B	В	U.G. Diploma in Zoology	
	O:C	С	B.Sc. (Zoology)	
	O:D	D	B.Sc. (Hons.) in Zoology	
	0:E	E	B.Sc. (Hons. with Research) in Zoology	
2	Eligibility	A	HSC(Science)	
	O:A		Passed Equivalent Academic Level 4.0	
	O:B	В	Under Graduate Certificate in Zoology OR	
			4.5	
	O:C	С	Under Graduate Diploma in Zoology OR Passed Equivalent Academic Level	
	O:D	D	Bachelors of Zoology with minimum CGPA of 7.5 OR Passed Equivalent Academic Level 5.5	
	0:E	E	Bachelors of Zoology with minimum CGPA of 7.5 OR Passed Equivalent Academic Level 5.5	
3	Duration of program R:	Α	One Year	
		В	Two Years	
		С	Three Years	
		D	Four Years	
		E	Four Years	
4	Intake Capacity R:	120		

5	Scheme of Examination	NEP
		40% Internal
	R:	60% External, Semester End Examination
		Examination
6	R: Standards of Passing	40%
7	Credit Structure	Attached herewith
	Sem. I - R:A	
	Sem. II - R:B	
	Credit Structure	
	Sem. III - R:C	
	Sem, IV - R: D	
	Credit Structure	
	Sem. V - R:E	
	Sem. VI - R:F	
8	Semesters	A Sem I & II
		B Sem III & IV
		C Sem V & VI
		D Sem VII & VIII
		E Sem VII & VIII
9	Program Academic Level	A 4.5
		B 5.0
		C 5.5
		D 6.0
		E 6.0
10	Pattern	Semester
11	Status	New
12	To be implemented from Academic Year Progressively	From Academic Year: 2024-25

Sign of the BOS Coordinator Dr. Vaishali Somani BOS in Zoology Sign of the Offg. Associate Dean Dr. Madhav R. Rajwade Faculty of Science & Technology Sign of the Offg. Dean Prof. Shivram S. Garje Faculty of Science & Technology

Preamble

1) Introduction

The FYBSc Zoology syllabus (Under Graduate Certificate in Zoology) is designed as per the objectives and guidelines of National Education Policy 2020. This programme is designed to provide a basic understanding of the principles of life processes, evolution of life, animal behaviour, ecology and laboratory techniques through an academic curriculum of theory and practical courses. We aim to provide not only subject knowledge but also make the learners understand the core values of the Zoology. This syllabus is framed to equip learners with a basic theoretical and practical knowledge for developing analytical abilities for problem solving, exploring opportunities, and also to develop entrepreneurship skills. There will be continuous evaluation of learners based on both practical skills and theoretical / mental abilities through class tests, group engagement and assignments.

2) Aims and Objectives

The aims and objectives of the FYBSc Zoology (Under Graduate Certificate in Zoology) curriculum is to provide learners with a basic understanding of the principles of life processes, evolution of life, animal behaviour, ecology and laboratory techniques, developing applications of knowledge Zoology for academic and entrepreneurial pursuits. The aims and objectives align with broader educational goals, focusing on academic and professional goals. The syllabus aims in imparting knowledge related to animal sciences, current trends and advancements in the field to develop entrepreneurial aptitude and skills.

3) Learning Outcomes

The learners will develop an understanding of fundamental principles of life processes, evolution of life, ecological interactions, and animal behaviour and acquire laboratory skills for applications in allied industries, research, and academia. The learners will develop an aptitude for exploring the opportunities for self-employment and entrepreneurship activities.

4) Any other point (if any)

The skills and knowledge acquired through this programme will make the learners wellequipped for exploring the diverse fields of Zoology and applying them to entrepreneurial activities or higher academic pursuits. 5) Credit Structure of the Program (Sem I, II, III, IV, V & VI)

Under Graduate Certificate in Zoology

Credit Structure (Sem. I & II)

	R:	Α								
Level	Semester	Manda Major1	tory Major 2	Major 3	OE	VSC, SEC (VSEC)	AEC, VEC,IKS	OJT, FP, CEP, CC, RP	Cum. Cr. / Sem.	Degree Cum. Ci
4.5	1	MJ1: Life Processes (2) MJP1: Practical based on MJ1 (2)	04	04	-	VSC1a: Ornament al fish Breeding and maintenan ce (2) OR VSC1b: Pet rearing and care. (2) SEC1: Aquarium Managem ent (2)	AEC:2, VEC:2, IKS:2	-	22	
	R:	В								Certifica
	II	MJ2: Ecology and Biodiversity (2) MJP2: Practical based on MJ2 (2)	04	04	2	VSC2a: Apiculture (2) OR VSC2b: Poultry Science (2) SEC2: Fish value added products (2)	AEC:2,	CC:2	22	44
	Cum Cr.	08	08	08	2	4+4	6+2	2	44	
Exit op	otion: Awa	rd of UG Certif	icate in Ma	jor with 40 o OR Cont)-44 cre inue w	edits and an ith Majoran	n additiona d Minor	I 4 credits	core NS	QF cours

Under Graduate Diploma in Zoology

Credit Structure (Sem. III & IV)

	R:		C							
		Мај	or					O.IT FP		
Level	Semester	Mandatory	Electives	Minor	OE	VSC, SEC (VSEC)	AEC, VEC,IKS	CEP, CC,RP	Sem.	Degree/ Cum. Cr.
	111	MJ5: Cell Biology (2) MJ6: Biochemistry (2) MJP3: Practical based on MJ5 (2) MJP4: Practical based on MJ6 (2)		4	2	VSC3a: Pest control (2) OR VSC3b: Dairy Science (2)	AEC:2	FP: 2 CC:2	22	
5.0	R:		D							UG Diploma
5.0	IV	MJ7: Genetics (2) MJ8: Molecular Biology (2) MJP5: Practical based on MJ7 (2) MJP6: Practical based on MJ8 (2)		4	2	SEC3a: Intellectual Property Rights (2) OR SEC3b: Nature educator (2)	AEC:2	CEP: 2 CC:2	22	88
	Cum Cr.	28		10	12	6+6	8+4+2	8+4	88	
Exit o	ption; Awa	ard of UG Dipl c	oma in Majo course/ Inter	r and Mir nship OR	or with Contin	a 80-88 cred nuewith Maj	lits and an or and Mir	additiona nor	al 4 credit	s core NSQF

B.Sc. (Zoology)

Credit Structure (Sem. V & VI)

	R:E									
		Major						OJT, FP,	Cum. Cr.	
Level	Semester	Mandatory	Electives	Minor	OE	VSC, SEC (VSEC)	AEC, VEC,IKS	CEP, CC, RP	/ Sem.	Degree/ Cum. Cr.
	V	MJ9: Non-Chordates Taxonomy (2) MJ10: Haematology and Immunology (2) MJP7: Practical based on MJ9 (2) MJP8: Practical based on MJ10 (2) MJ11: ZIKS (2)	4	4		VSC4a: Aquacultur e (2) OR VSC4b: Sericulture (2) OR VSC4c: Environme ntal Audit (2)		FP/CEP :2	22	
5.5	R:	F								UG
	VI	MJ12: Chordates Taxonomy (2) MJ13: Animal Physiology (2) MJP9: Practical based on MJ12 (2) MJP10: Practical based on MJ13 (2) MJ14: Histology and endocrinology (2)	4	4				OJT :4	22	Degree 132
	Cum. Cr.	48	8	18	12	8+6	8+4+2	8+6+4	132	
	Exit opt	tion: Award of U	JG Degree ir	n Major w	ith 132	credits OR	Continue	with Major	and Minc	or

[Abbreviation: OE- Open Electives, VSEC-Vocational and Skill Enhancement Course, VSC- Vocation Skill Course, SEC- Skill Enhancement Course, AEC – Ability Enhancement Course, VEC – Value Education Course, IKS – Indian Knowledge System, OJT – On Job Training, FP – Field Project, CEP – Continuing Education Program, CC – Co-Curricular, RP – Research Project, ZIKS- Zoological Indian Knowledge System, NSQF- National Skills Qualification Framework]

F.Y.B.Sc. Zoology (USZO) Course Structure

Mandatory courses Semester I

Ladder	Course Type	Title	Credits	Hours	Marks
Major 1 (MJ1)	Theory	Life Processes	2	30	50
Major P1 (MJP1)	Practical	Practical based on MJ1	2	60	50
VSC1a	Practical	Ornamental fish Breeding and maintenance	2	60	50
VSC1b	Practical	Pet rearing and care	2	60	50
SEC-1	Practical	Aquarium Management	2	60	50

Semester II

Ladder	Course Type	Title	Credits	Hours	Marks
Major 2 (MJ2)	Theory	Ecology and Biodiversity	2	30	50
Major P2 (MJP2)	Practical	Practical based on MJ2	2	60	50
VSC2a	Practical	Apiculture	2	60	50
VSC2b	Practical	Poultry Science	2	60	50
SEC-2	Practical	Fish value added products	2	60	50

Sem. - I

Mandatory course

Syllabus B.Sc. (Zoology) (Sem.- I)

Name of the course: MJ1: Life processes

Course Objectives (CO):

- CO1. To develop the understanding of learners about the basic of life processes including locomotion, respiration, reproduction, excretion, circulation, and nutrition.
- CO2. To develop understanding of learners about coordination in life processes of the living organism.

Course Outcomes (OC):

Upon completion of the course, the learners should be able to:

- OC1. Describe the co-ordination of physiological processes in organisms, including transport systems and responses to stimuli
- OC2. Apply detailed knowledge to explain the processes by which organisms develop, move, breath and excrete.

Paper-1 MJ1: Life Processes

Module 1: Life Processes-I	15hr
1.1 Movement and locomotion	03hr
1.1.1: Amoeboid movement, tube feet, flagellum	
1.1.2: Ultra-structure of cilia and ciliary movements	
1.1.3: Action of muscles (Role of muscles in movement)	
1.2 Nutrition	05hr
1.2.1 Types of nutrition: Autotrophic and Heterotrophic.	
1.2.2. Apparatus for nutrition:	
1.2.2.1 Animals without alimentary canal, ex. Amoeba	
1.2.2.2. Animals with incomplete alimentary canal, ex. Hydra,	
1.2.2.3. Animals with complete alimentary canal, ex. ruminants and non- ruminants	
1.2.3 Brief account of physiology of digestion in vertebrates and symbiotic digestion in Ruminants.	
1.3 Respiration	04hr
1.3.1 Aerobic and anaerobic respiration	•
1.3.2 Types of respiratory surfaces:	
1.3.2.1 General body surface: Cell membrane - ex. Amoeba.	
1.3.2.2 Skin - ex. Earthworm and Frog	
1.3.2.3 Trachea and spiracles.	
1.3.2.4 Gills of fish.	
1.3.2.5 Accessory respiratory organ in Fish,	
1.3.2.6 Lungs of Human.	
1.4 Circulation	03hr
1.4.1 Types of circulating fluids:	
1.4.1.1 Water,	
1.4.1.2 Coelomic fluid,	
1.4.1.3 Lymph and	
1.4.1.4 Blood	
1.4.2 Types of circulation	
1.4.2.1 Protoplasmic streaming,	
1.4.2.2 open and closed circulation,	
1.4.2.3 single and double circulation.	
1.4.3 Hearts Types,	
1.4.3.1 Heart in Daphnia,	
1.4.3.2 Heart of Cockroach	
1.4.3.3 Heart in chordates (2, 3 and 4 chambered heart)	

Module 2: Life Processes-II	15 hr
2.1 Excretion and osmoregulation	4hr
2.1.1 Concepts of osmoregulation and excretion.	
2.1.2 Categorization of animals on the basis of principle nitrogenous	
excretory products.	
2.2 Control and Coordination	5 hr
2.2.1 Irritability in Paramoecium	
2.2.2 Structure of neuron,	
2.2.3 Conduction of nerve impulse	
2.2.3.1 Resting potential,	
2.2.3.2 Action potential	
2.2.3.3 Refractory period.	
2.2.4 Endocrine regulation:	
2.2.4.1 Hormones as chemical messengers,	
2.2.4.2 Feedback mechanisms.	
2.3 Reproduction	3hr
2.3.1 Asexual Reproduction:	
2.3.1.1 Binary fission in Paramoecium,	
2.3.1.2. Gemmule in Sponges,	
2.3.1.3. Budding in Hydra,	
2.3.1.4. Regeneration in planaria,	
2.3.2 Sexual mode of reproduction	
2.3.2.1 Gametogenesis,	
2.3.2.2 structures of Mammalian Ovum	
2.3.2.3 Structure of Mammalian Spermatozoa	
2.4 Fertilization:	3hr
2.4.1 External and internal fertilization	
2.4.2 Oviparity,	
2.4.3. Viviparity	
2.4.4 Ovo-viviparity	

- 1. Campbell Biology, 11th Ed. (2017) Lisa Urry et al. Pearson Publication. ISBN. 978-0134093413
- 2. Biology (1994) by John W. Kimball, 6th Ed. ISBN. 978-0697142573
- 3. Invertebrate Zoology: A functional and evolutionary approach. 7th Ed. (2006) Robert D Barns. ISBN: 978-8131501047.
- 4. Modern Textbook of Zoology Vertebrates. (2020) 4th Ed. R L Kotpal. Rastogi Publication. ISBN: 978-9350780954
- 5. Modern Textbook of Zoology Invertebrates (2020) 12th Ed. R L Kotpal. Rastogi Publication. ISBN: 978-8193887554.
- 6. Embryology (2017) Mohan P Arora. Himalaya Publishing House. ISBN: 978-9352730964.

Major Practical-1

Name of the Course: MJP1: Practical based on MJ1

Course Objectives (CO):

- CO1. To upgrade the skill in handling of basic laboratory instruments.
- CO2. To enhance learners' skills in calibration of instruments and calculation techniques.
- CO3. To upgrade the skill of learners in minimization of Error minimization in the laboratory.
- CO4. To upgrade the skill good laboratory practices.

Course Outcomes (OC):

Upon completion of the course, the learners should be able to:

- OC1. Safely practice, basic laboratory procedures and protocols inside a laboratory
- OC2. Acquire the skills of basic calibration and handling of instrumentation in laboratory.
- OC3. Appreciate the basics of life process in animals and their coordination in animal body.
- OC4. Acquire skills for preparation of various solutions required in experimental research.

Major Practical-1

Name of the Course: MJP1: Practical based on MJ1

- 1. Study of *Paramoecium* culture to observe food vacuole, contractile vacuole and ciliary movement.
- 2. Study of nutritional apparatus: Amoeba, L.S. of Hydra, Digestive system of Cockroach, Fish, Bird, and Mammals (ruminant and non-ruminant).
- 3. Study of effect of pH and temperature on amylase/ trypsin activity.
- 4. Study of heart of Cockroach, Fish, Frog, *Calotes*, Crocodile and Mammal.
- 5. Excretory apparatus in Amoeba, Planaria, Earthworm, Cockroach and Fish, Mammal.
- 6. Study of Reproductive system in Ameoba, Hydra, Planaria, Cockroach, Mammals (T.S Testes and T.S ovary).
- 7. Study of respiratory apparatus in Amoeba, Cockroach, Spider, Fish and Frog, Mammal.
- 8. Introduction to basic laboratory safety practices, precautions and safety rules and symbols.
- 9. Use of Fire extinguisher,
- 10. Precaution and first aid for acid burn,
- 11. Precaution and first aid of chemical inhalation and the accident
- 12. Study of compound microscope, care and functions of its components,
- 13. Handling of common laboratory equipment (instrument and glassware): burner, autoclave, burette, and pipette (analytical and serological.
- 14. Handling of weighing Balance and preparation of solution of different concentration (Percentage, ppm, molarity, normality).
- 15. Packaging and autoclaving of test tubes, pipettes, Petri plates, and conical flask.
- 16. Measurement of pH of Milk, aerated drinks, Lemon juice, etc. using pH paper and pH meter.
- 17. Demonstration of aseptic transfer of liquids between burners.
- Visit to clinical lab/ pathology lab, OR Central Instrumentation facility OR R & D center, and submission of report OR Participation in an Instrumentation workshop.

(Additional activity which the center may consider: Fractionation of tissue extract / cellular extract by centrifugation.)

- 1. A course in electronic measurements and instrumentation. (2015) A K Sawhney Dhanpat Rai and Co. Pvt Ltd. ISBN: 978-8177001006
- 2. Wilson And Walker's Principles And Techniques Of Biochemistry And Molecular Biology. 8th Ed. ISBN: 978-1316614761.
- 3. An Introduction to Practical Biochemistry. (2017) David Plummer. 3rd Ed. McGraw HillEducation. ISBN: 978-0070994874.
- 4. Bioinstrumentation. (2019) Bhawana Pandey and MH Fulekar. Dreamtech Press ISBN: 978-9389520286.
- 5. Guidelines for good laboratory practices-Indian council of medical research, New Delhi (2008).
- Invertebrate Zoology: A functional and evolutionary approach. 7th Ed. (2006) Robert D Barns. ISBN: 978-8131501047.
- 8. Modern Textbook of Zoology Vertebrates. (2020) 4th Ed. R L Kotpal. Rastogi Publication. ISBN: 978-9350780954
- 9. Modern Textbook of Zoology Invertebrates (2020) 12th Ed. R L Kotpal. Rastogi Publication. ISBN: 978-8193887554.
- 10. Embryology (2017) Mohan P Arora. Himalaya Publishing House. ISBN: 978-9352730964.
- 11. Comparative anatomy of vertebrates (2008) R. K. Saxena, Sumitra Saxena. ISBN: 978-1905740994.

Vocational Skill Course

Name of the Course: VSC1a: Ornamental fish Breeding and maintenance

Course Objectives (CO):

- CO1. To introduce learners to the fundamental concepts of ornamental fish species identification and classification.
- CO2. To provide knowledge of breeding methodologies and the factors influencing successful reproduction in ornamental fish.
- CO3. To impart skills in designing and managing suitable habitats for various ornamental fish species.

Course Outcomes (OC):

Upon completion of the course, the learners should be able to:

- OC1. Understand the diverse species of ornamental fish and their specific care requirements.
- OC2. Apply various breeding techniques to successfully propagate ornamental fish.
- OC3. Demonstrate proficiency in maintaining optimal aquatic environments for ornamental fish.

Module-1: Ornamental fish Breeding and maintenance

- 1. Identification of ornamental fishes (freshwater and marine).
- 2. Breeding set up for live bearers (Guppy, swordtail, molly)
- 3. Breeding set up for egg bearers (Egg scatters goldfish, zebra fish, Egg depositors -Discus, Egg barriers- Killi fish, Mouth breeders-Arowana, Nest builders- Gourami, Siamese fighter)
- 4. Setting of rearing and breeding tank.
- 5. Estimation of water parameters-pH, DO, CO₂ and Salinity
- 6. Experiment: Study of separation of fries from parents
 - 1. Selecting the Right Time
 - 2. Using a Breeding Trap
 - 3. Separate Tank or Nursery Tank
 - 4. Using a Siphon
 - 5. Providing Hiding Places in the Nursery Tank
 - 6. Monitoring and Feeding
 - 7. Gradual Introduction to Larger Tank
- 7. Record behaviours (swimming patterns, schooling behaviour, changes in coloration, and interactions with other fish) in ornamental Fish.
- 8. Study of diseases and its prevention during fish breeding.
- 9. Assignment on breeding of an ornamental fish species (e.g. Siamese fighter, guppy, etc.).
- 10. Visit to a fish breeding centre / facility / aquarium shop.
- 11. Feasibility report for setting up an ornamental fish breeding facility.
- 12. Case study Hatchery and nursery management of ornamental fishes.
- 13. Additional practical as per the center's requirement / facility available.

- 1. Emmens, C. W. (2013). Keeping and breeding aquarium fishes. Academic Press.
- 2. Dholakia, A. D. (2009). Ornamental fish culture and Aquarium management. Daya Publishing House.
- 3. Sinha, A., & Pandey, P. K. (2023). Breeding and Culture of Freshwater Ornamental Fish. CRC Press.
- 4. Dey, V.K., 1993. Ornamental fishes. Marine Products Export Development Authority, Kochi. pp.7-10.
- 5. Dey, V.K., 2008. Global Trade in Ornamental Fish: Trends, Prospects and Issues. Abstract, International seminar on Ornamental fish breeding, farming and trade, Cochin, India. pp.2.
- 6. Petrovicky, I., 1993. Tropical Aquarium Fishes. Chancellor press, London. p.258.
- 7. Beaven C.R., Hand Book of Fresh Water Fishes of India. Narendra Pub. House.
- 8. C.B.C. Srivastava. Fish Biology. Narendra Pub. House

Vocational Skill Course

Name of the Course: VSC1b: Pet Rearing and Care

Course Objectives (CO):

- CO1. To familiarize learners with the characteristics and distinguishing features of exotic and indigenous dog and cat breeds commonly found in India and to provide learners with tools for understanding pet behaviour through the study of body language charts.
- CO2. To teach learners practical grooming techniques for dogs and cats and to provide learners with essential first aid tips for common pet emergencies.
- CO3. To enable learners to formulate balanced and nutrient-rich dry food suitable for the dietary needs of dogs and cats.
- CO4. To emphasize the importance of preventative healthcare in maintaining the health of pets and to foster responsible pet ownership practices.

Course Outcomes (OC):

- OC1. Learners will acquire skills to identify and differentiate between various exotic and indigenous dog, cat breeds and learners will be able to interpret and analyse the body language of dogs and cats through the use of body language charts, enabling them to understand the behaviour of pets.
- OC2. Learners will comprehend the stages of the oestrus cycle in female cats and dogs and will develop practical skills in grooming and providing first aid.
- OC3. Learners will demonstrate understanding of common parasites affecting dogs and cats.
- OC4. Learners will be equipped with the knowledge and skills to administer confidently and effectively immediate first aid to pets in various emergency situations.

Module: Pet Rearing and Care

- 1. Identification of exotic breeds of dogs in India- German shepherd, Beagle, Bull dog, Great dane, Indian spitz, Pug, Labrador, Golden retriever, Shih Tzu, Siberian Husky.
- 2. Identification of Indian breeds of dogs- Indian Pariah dog, Rajapalayam, Gaddi, Rampur hound, Mudhol hound, Chippiparai, Kanni dog, Himalayan sheepdog (Bhutia), Kaikadi, Jonangi.
- 3. Identification of common breeds of cats- Persian cats, Bombay cats, maine coons, Turkish van, Siamese cat, Ragdoll.
- 4. Identification of behaviour of a pet animal from its body language- Dog and Cats (Body language charts).
- 5. Study of the stages of the oestrus cycle in female cats and dogs through behavioural changes, vocalization, and physical signs.
- 6. Study of grooming techniques- brushing, bathing, nail trimming, and ear cleaning, teeth brushing, hair trimming.
- 7. Pet First Aid tips- wound care, seizures, choking and poison.
- 8. Study of Body Condition Scoring (BCS) techniques for Weight assessment and overall Well-being in Dogs and Cats.
- 9. Estimation of moisture content in dry pet food.
- 10. Formulation of Nutrient-Rich Dry Food for Dogs and Cats.
- 11. Study of common parasites in pets: Understanding, Treating, and Preventing in Dogs and Cats Fleas, Ticks, Mites (Ear mites and Sarcoptic mites), Tapeworm and Giardia.
- 12. Study of deworming, vaccination schedules, and other preventive healthcare measures for cats and dogs.
- 13. Study of Zoonotic and reverse zoonotic diseases.
- 14. Study and preparation of reports on rights and responsibilities of pet owners in India.
- 15. Assignment on rearing and care of lesser-known pet animals.
- 16. Visit to an animal rescue centre/ animal care centre and prepare a report based on it.
- 17. Visit to animal training centre/ veterinary hospital/ pet grooming centre and prepare a report based on it.
- 18. Additional practical as per the center's requirement / facility available.

- 1. Yeates, J. (Ed.). (2019). Companion animal care and welfare: The UFAW companion animal handbook. John Wiley & Sons. ISBN:9781118688793
- Alderton, D., Edwards, A., Edwards, A., Larkin, P., Stockman, M. The Complete Book of Pets & Petcare: The Essential Family Reference Guide to Pet Breeds and Petcare T Hong Kong: Anness Publishing. 2018. ISBN:9781844779338.
- 3. Companion Animals: Their Biology, Care, Health, and Management. Campbell, Karen L., and Campbell, John R.. United Kingdom, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2009. ISBN:9780135047675
- 4. The Book of Indian Dogs. Baskaran, S. Theodore. Aleph. 2017. ISBN:9789384067571.
- 5. Encyclopedia of Dogs: A Comprehensive Guide to Dog Breeds. United Kingdom, NPP Books, 2014. ISBN:9780755494958

Skill Enhancement Course (SEC)

Name of the Course: SEC1: Aquarium Management

Course Objectives (CO):

- CO 1. Develop entrepreneurial skill in aquarium management.
- CO 2. Enhance professional skill with proper scientific knowledge.
- CO 3. Acquaint learners to practical skills of aquarium management .

Course Outcomes (OC):

Upon completion of the course, the learners should be able to:

- OC 1. Work as aquarium maintenance professional.
- OC 2. Generate source of employment.
- OC 3. Construct and set aquarium for ornamental fishes.
- OC 4. Disease management of ornamental fish.

Module: Aquarium Management

- 1. Types of aquariums: Freshwater (warm water, cold water), nano, marine, reef tank.
- 2. Accessories/equipment used in aquarium: Filters (mechanical, biological, chemical), Aerator, Heater, Thermometer, Lights, protein skimmer.
- Identification of freshwater ornamental fishes: Guppy, Molly (*Poecilia* sps.), Goldfish (*Carassius auratus auratus*), Oscars (*Astronotus ocellatus*), Asian arowana (*Scleropages formosus*), Siamese fighting fish (*Betta splendens*), Zebra fish (*Danio rerio*), Reticulated loach (*Botia lohachata*), Dwarf gourami (*Trichogaster lalius*), Denison barb (*Sahyadria denisonii*), and Rosy Barb (*Puntius conchonius*)
- 4. Identification of marine ornamental fishes: Yellowtail damselfish (*Chrysiptera parasema*), Royal Gramma (*Gramma loreto*), Powder Blue Tang (*Acanthurus leucosternon*), Ocellaris Clown Fish (*Amphiprion ocellaris*), Blue Devil (*Paraplesiops meleagris*), and Butterfly fish (*Chaetodon* sps).
- 5. Types of plants: Vallisneria, Hydrilla, Azolla, Pistia, Sagittaria, Amazon Sword, *Limnophila*, *Limnophila aquatica*, *Ceratophyllum*, *Chara*,
- 6. Live fish feed: Infusoria, Rotifers, Artemia, Cladocerans, Tubifex worms, Chironomid Larvae (Blood worm),
- 7. Preparation of formulated fish feed.
- 8. Symptoms and treatment of fish diseases: Parasitic/Protozoa: Whit spot diseases, costiasis, whirling disease, Trichodiniasis; Bacterial: Bacterial gill rot, Dropsy, Ulcer disease, Furunculosis, Vibriosis, Columnaris, and Fish T.B.; Fungal- Saprolegniasis, Brachiomycosis, Ichthyophonosis.
- 9. Estimation of ammonia and pH of aquarium water.
- 10. Determination of hardness of water.
- 11. Determination of dissolved oxygen of water.
- 12. Determination of salinity.
- 13. Assignment on setting of freshwater and / or marine aquarium.
- 14. Report Submission: Visit to aquarium fish keeping entrepreneur.
- 15. Submission of feasibility report or budget for setting up an aquarium fish farm.

- 1. Amita Saxena (2009). Aquarium Management-Daya Publishing House, New Delhi
- 2. Nandita Singh, Surekha Gupta and Geeta Joshi (2023). Aquarium and its Management-AkiNik Publication, New Delhi
- 3. Dholakia A.D. (2016). Ornamental Fish Culture and Aquarium Management, Daya Publishing House, New Delhi
- 4. Taylor J.E. (2018). The Aquarium: Its Inhabitants, Structure, and Management- Unikum Verlag.
- 5. Mundy Obilor Jim (2015). Aquarium Making, JimArts Publishing, Norway
- 6. Tappan Frank (2016). Aquaria Fish, Createspace Independent Publishing Platform
- 7. Untergasser Dieter (1992). Handbook of fish disease, T.F.H. Publication.
- 8. Arumugam N. (2014). Aquaculture and Fisheries, Saras Publication, New Delhi.
- 9. Alderton David (2003). Freshwater Aquarium, Fox Chapel Publishing.
- 10. Dawes John (2001). Complete Encyclopaedia of the Freshwater Aquarium, Firefly Books.
- 11. Pawar Prabhakar (2013). A Complete Guide to Setting Up and Maintenance of an Aquarium, Lap Lambert Academic Publishing GmbH KG

Sem. – II

Mandatory course Syllabus B.Sc. (Zoology) (Sem.- II)

Paper-1 MJ2: Ecology and Biodiversity

Module 1: Ecology	15hr
1 1 Concepts of Ecology: Study of Environment Hydrosphere	03hr
lithosphere and Biosphere, Community, Population	USIII
Types of Ecology Autecology and synecology	
1.2 Types of ecosystems : Aquatic (Freshwater, estuarine, Marine and	05hr
terrestrial (Forest, Grassland and Desert)	••••
1.2.1 Food chain: Detritus and grazing food chains. Food web. Energy flow	
through the ecosystem, Ecological pyramids: Number, Biomass, and	
Energy.	
1.3 Population dynamics : Density, Natality, Mortality, Fecundity, sex	04hr
ratio, survivorship curves, age pyramid, dispersal and dispersion.	
1.3.1 Exponential and logistic growth,	
1.4 Study of Animal interactions	03hr
1.4.1 Competition: Interspecific and intraspecific (any two example);	
1.4.2 Commensalism (remora fish on shark, Cattle egrets on livestock),	
1.4.3. Mutualism (Termite and <i>Trichonympha</i> , bees and flowers, cleaning	
symbiosis in fish by prawns.	
1.4.4 Parasitism (Ascaris and man, lice and humans),	
1.4.5 Prey predation (Lion and deer).	
Module 2: Biodiversity	15hr
2.1 Introduction to Biodiversity: Definition, Concepts, types, scope and	01hr
Significance.	
2.2 Value of Biodiversity:	06hr
2.2.1 Consumptive value,	
2.2.2 Productive value,	
2.2.3 Social value,	
2.2.4. Ethical value,	
2.2.5 Aesthetic value,	
2.2.6 Option value.	
2.3. Patterns of Biodiversity:	

2.3.1 Latitudinal gradients,	
2.3.2 Species area relationship	
2.4. Threats to Biodiversity	03hr
2.4.1 Habitat loss and Man-Wildlife conflict	
2.4.2 Biodiversity Conservation:	05hr
2.4.2.1 Species Conservation: <i>In-situ</i> and <i>Ex-situ</i> conservation	
2.4.2.2 Habitat Conservation	

- 1. Fundamentals of Ecology, 5th Ed. (2004). Odum, E.P. and Barrett G. W. Publisher: Brooks/Cole.ISBN: 978-0534420666
- 2. Elements of Ecology. 9th International Edition (2014). Smith T. M. and Smith R. L. Benjamin Cummings publication
- 3. Wildlife Biology, An Indian Perspective (2017). Saha G.K. and Mazumdar S. PHI Learning Private Limited. ISBN: 978-8120353138
- 4. Ecology Principle and application (1999) Chapman J. L. and Reiss M. J., Cambridge University press, Low priced edition. ISBN: 0521588022
- 5. Essentials of Ecology, 3rd edition (2011) G. Tyler and Miller Jr. Thompson Books. ISBN: 978-0538735377
- 6. Essentials of ecology and environmental sciences. 5th Ed. (2013) S. V. S. Rana. PHI publisher. ISBN: 978-8120347861
- 7. Biodiversity- (2000) K.C.Agarwal- Agro Botanica Publications
- 8. Zoology, 5th Ed. (1999). S. A. Miller and J. B. Harley, Tata McGraw hill. ISBN: 978-0071158107

Major Practical-2

Name of the Course: MJP2: Practical based on MJ2

Course Objectives (CO):

- CO1. To equip learners in basic practical knowledge of population dynamics.
- CO2. To train learners in basic understanding of animal behaviour and its role in animal development.
- CO3. It will help learners to understand rich biodiversity of India, its significance, and its role in human welfare.

Course Outcomes (OC):

Upon completion of the course, the learners should be able to:

- OC1. Apply the concept the origin of life and the causes behind organic evolution
- OC2. Correlate the animal behaviour and its cognitive aspects.
- OC3. Identify the threats to biodiversity and its possible solution
- OC4. Apply the understanding of the dynamics of population density to discover the impact of population on ecology and biodiversity.

Major Practical-2

Name of the Course: MJP2: Practical based on MJ2

- 1 Identification of mammalian fauna, avian fauna, and herpeto-fauna of India.
- 2 To study the various animal tracking system: Global Positioning System, Remote Sensing and Biotelemetry
- 3 Effect of climate change on biodiversity: Case study
- 4 Population estimation through Capture recapture method.
- 5 Study of r/k selection in *Catla catla*, *Hoplobatrachus tigrinus*, *Panthera leo*, *Canis lupus*, Oliev Ridley and *Gyps indicus*.
- 6 Determination of hardness of water sample.
- 7 Determination of dissolved oxygen.
- 8 Determination of salinity of the water sample by Refractometer / argentometric method.
- 9 Study of population dynamics, food chain food web: (Grassland, Forest, Desert and Aquatic).
- 10 Study of animal interaction: Ectopatasite (Head Louse) and Endoparasite (Tape worm), Exo parasite (Bed Bug), mutualism (Clownfish and anemones/ hermit crab and anemone), commensalism (Sharks and Remora).
- 11 Estimation of water holding capacity of given soil sample.
- 12 Study of animal community structure by quadrate method (Field or Simulation).
- 13 Study of aquatic fauna and their ecological role; fresh water (Cladocera), Intertidal (Sea Star, Sea Anemone, Barnacles), deep sea (Coral, Squids, Sperm Whale) (pictures / diagrams only).

- 14 Using photographs / paintings / coloured drawings identify and study ecological role of characteristic animal species (Desert- Camel, Himalayan- Marmots, Himalayan thar, Grassland- One horned Rhinoceros, Gaur) of terrestrial environment.
- 15 Identification, biology & ecological role of the following using suitable diagram / picture; Pangolin, blind cave fish, Ganges Dolphin.
- 16 Paper chromatography for separation of amino acids
- 17 Separation of lipids by thin layer chromatography.
- 18 Separation of pigments by chalk chromatography.
- 19 Measurement of optical density using colorimeter.

(Additional activity which the center may consider: Study of IUCN red data book status of brand animals (India only))

- Biological Science, 3rd Ed. (2005) D.J. Taylor, N. P. O. Green, G. W. Stout. Cambridge University press, Low priced edition. ISBN: 978-0521684170
- 2. Animal Behaviour: Psychobiology, Ethology and Evolution (1999). David McFarland. Pearson Publication. ISBN: 978-0582327320
- An introduction to animal behaviour, 6th edition (2012) Aubrey Manning and M. S. Dawkins. Cambridge University press, ISBN: 978-0521165143.
- 4. National Geographic Vol. 193 (3) March 1998: Rise of life on Earth p. 54-81
- 5. Scientific American Oct. 1994: Origin of life on Earth p. 53-61.
- 6. Essentials of human genetics. 5th Ed. (2009) –M.L. Kothari, L.A. Mehta and S.S. Roychoudhary, University Press. SBN: 978-8173716478.
- 7. Essentials of Ecology, 3rd edition (2011) G. Tyler and Miller Jr. Thompson Books. ISBN: 978-0538735377
- 8. Biodiversity: An Introduction.(2004) 2nd Ed. Kevin J. Gaston & John I. Spicer . Blackwell Publishing. ISBN: 1-4051-1857-1.
- Essentials of ecology and environmental sciences. 5th Ed. (2013) S. V. S. Rana. PHI publisher. ISBN: 978-8120347861
- 10. Strickberger's Evolution (2007) Monroe W. Strickberger, J. & B. Publication. ISBN: 978-0763700669.
- 11. National Parks of India. (2016) R.S. Bisht. Publication Division, Ministry of I & B Govt. India. eBook.
- 12. Indian National Parks. R. Pathak. ISBN: 978-8184200355.
- 13. Indian Wild life Sanctuaries and National parks (2013). By Prakash Chandra. Cyber Tech Publications. ISBN: 978-9350531914.

Vocational Skill Course

Name of the Course: VSC2a: Apiculture

Course Objectives (CO):

- CO1. To acquaint the learners about entrepreneurship opportunities in Apiculture.
- CO2. To acquaint learners about the rearing and management of apiculture.
- CO3. To acquaint learners to different techniques and products of bee keeping.

Course Outcomes (OC):

- OC1. The learners will be equipped with skill to demonstrate the rearing and management processes of honey bees.
- OC2. The learners will be able to explore the entrepreneurial opportunities in apiculture.

Module: Apiculture

- 1. Study of morphology of Honeybees.
- 2. Study of different species of Indian honey bees (*Apis dorsata*, *A. florea*, *A. cerana indica*, *A. trigona* and *A. mellifera*).
- 3. Study of enemies of honey bees.
- 4. Study of diseases in honey bees.
- 5. Identification of different casts of honey bees.
- 6. Study of nesting behavior of bee species.
- 7. Study of different stages of the life cycle of the honey bee.
- 8. Study of different equipment required for bee keeping.
- 9. Study of different types and parts of the bee box.
- 10. Study of extraction of honey using honey extractor.
- 11. Study of moisture reduction of honey.
- 12. Study of packing materials and labeling.
- 13. Study of different techniques of rearing of honey bees.
- 14. Study of methods of extraction of bee-wax, royal jelly, propolis and bee venom.
- 15. Study of behavior and communication in bees.
- 16. Analysis of moisture content in honey using refractometer or a moisture analyzer.
- 17. Analysis of adulteration of honey.
- 18. Survey and report on commercial products available in the market.
- 19. Visit to Apiary center nearby your institution.
- 20. Submission/Presentation of Feasibility Report.
- 21. Assignment for preparation of bee box.

- 1. Graham, J M (1992) The hive and the honey bee. Dadant and Sons, Hamilton, Illinois.
- 2. Mishra R.C. (1995) Honey bees and their management in India. ICAR Publication, New Delhi. 3. Singh, S. (1971) Beekeeping in India, ICAR publication.
- 3. The Biology of the Honey Bee: Mark L. Winston First Harvard Univ. Press 281 pages. ISBN: 0-674-07409 1987
- 4. The Anatomy of the Honey Bee: R.E. Snodgrass Forgotten Books 214 plus pages. ISBN: 1000193433 1910
- 5. The Hive and The Honey Bee version Editor: Joe Graham Dadant 943 plus pages. ISBN: 978-0-915698-16-5 2015
- 6. Honey Bee Biology & Beekeeping Authors: Dewey M Caron & Lawrence John Connor 2013 Wicwas Press 364 pages ISBN: 978-1-878075-29-1
- 7. Practical hand book of apiculture. A. G. Jaiswal. (2019). ISBN:9780359836161
- 8. Beekeeping: A Compressive Guide to Bees and Beekeeping. D. P. Abrol (2013). Scientific Publishers (India). ISBN:9789386237620
- 9. Apiary. Yogendra Kumar Payasi (2022). OrangeBooks Publication. ISBN:9789392878183

Vocational Skill Course

Name of the Course: VSC2b: Poultry

Course Objectives (CO):

- CO1. To acquaint the learners about entrepreneurship opportunities in poultry science.
- CO2. To acquaint learners to different breeds of poultry.
- CO3. To acquaint learners about the rearing and management of poultry.

Course Outcomes (OC):

Upon completion of the course, the learner should be able to:

- OC1. Understand the operation of poultry.
- OC2. Comprehend the different breeds of poultry.
- OC3. Demonstrate basic skills of rearing and management of poultry.
Module: Poultry

- Study of Chicken Breeds Leghorn, Gavran (Domestic), Kadaknath, Brahma Australorp, Plymouth rock.
- 2. Study of other poultry birds Duck, Goose, Turkey, Quail
- 3. Study of poultry nutrition- Preparation of poultry feed.
- Study of equipment required for poultry farming (Cages and coops, Laying nest, Egg tray, Incubator, Waterer, Drinker, Feeder, Debeaker Ventilation fan, Heater, Fly trap and Egg washer).
- 5. Study of Structure of Hen's egg.
- 6. Mechanism of egg formation in hen (Fertilized and Parthenogenetic / Unfertilized).
- 7. Study of breeding techniques in poultry.
- 8. Estimation of protein content of hen's egg.
- 9. Estimation of fat / lipid content of hen's egg.
- 10. Study of various Types, Prevention and Treatment of Poultry diseases
 Viral, bacterial, fungal and protozoan diseases of poultry birds.
- 11. Study of packaging of poultry products
- 12. Submission / Presentation of Feasibility Report on poultry.
- 13. Preparation of poultry manure from poultry waste. (Project)
- 14. Visit to poultry farm and to make a report. (Field Report)

Reference Books

- Poultry Science: Fifth Edition/ Colin G. Scanes, Karen D. Christensen (2019). ISBN:9781478640370
- 2. Poultry: Production and Management. Egor P. Popov and Jagdish Prasad Jagdish (2010).
- 3. Management of farm poultry with a view to profit. Herbert Howes (2018). Agri Horti Press. ISBN:9789386595089
- 4. The Complete Guide of Poultry Farming: Eggs Production, Raising Chickens. Virender Singh. (2021). ISBN:9798741291801
- 5. Poultry Diseases, Diagnosis and Treatment. H V S Chauhan and Dr. Sushovan Roy. (1996). New Age International. ISBN:9788122410235.
- Handbook of Poultry Science and Technology, Primary Processing. Alma Delia Alarcón-Rojo, Amarinder S. Bawa, Casey M. Owens, et al., (2010). Wiley. ISBN:9780470504444
- 7. Management in Small Poultry Farms. D. P. Mathur, V. K. Gupta (1979). Abhinav Publications. ISBN:9788170170921
- 8. Poultry Diseases. Mark Pattison. (2008). Elsevier/Butterworth-Heinemann. ISBN:9780702028625.
- 9. Hand Book of Poultry Farming and Feed Formulations. Engineers India Research Institute (EIRI) Board. (2007). Engineers India Research Institute. ISBN:9788186732830.
- 10. Business plan for poultry farm in India. Molly Rose (2020). Amazon Digital Services LLC KDP Print US. ISBN:9798633755817

Skill Enhancement Course (SEC)

Name of the Course: SEC2: Fish Value Added Products

Course Objectives (CO):

- CO 1. To acquaint learners to various fish value added products.
- CO 2. To acquaint learner with the methods of seafood processing and entrepreneurial opportunities

Course Outcomes (OC):

Upon completion of the course, the learners should be able to:

- OC 1. Prepare a few fish value added products.
- OC 2. Conduct a feasibility study for starting a new venture on fish value added products.

Module: Fish Value Added Products

- 1. Basic methods of fish preservation techniques: salting, sun-drying, smoking and deep-freezing.
- 2. *Preparation of prawn or prawn pickle / chutney.
- 3. *Preparation of fish soup / sauce.
- 4. *Preparation of fish or prawn or squid or cuttlefish cutlets.
- Identification of Packaging materials Modified atmosphere packaging (MAP) rigid trays with lidding films, expanded polystyrene (EPS) trays, micro perforated EPS trays, Low density polyethylene (LPDE) bags, High density polyethylene (HPDE) containers, Fiberglass cans / trays, Aluminium / steel trays, Paperboard cartons.
- 6. Selecting a fish and fish cleaning methodology:

a. Selecting a fresh fish

Basic cleaning and storing procedure of fish:

- a. Scaling and requisites for scaling a fish.
- b. Cleaning a fish
- c. Gutting techniques
- d. Methods of head removal
- e. Filleting a fish
- f. Refrigerating a fish
- g. Waste disposal
- 7. Storing an ungutted fish
- 8. Study of fish value added marketing strategy:
 - a. **Elements of marketing:** assemblage, storing, sorting, grading, packaging, labelling, storage before transport, transportation, advertisement, selling and buying.
 - b. Packaging of fish products: principle, forms of packaging and skill
 - c. Labelling methodology
 - d. **Marketing Agents:** Producer, auctioneer, fishermen co-operative societies, wholesaler, retailors, exporter, vendors.
 - e. **Marketing channels:** local market, commodity exchange market, commission brokers and agents.

- 9. Project / Survey on packaged fish food products available in the market.
- 10. Survey of challenges to commercial market of fish products.
- 11. Survey of market driving factors of fish products.
- 12. Visit to fish processing centre/cold-storage facilities/ fish landing centres/ fishery institutes and preparation of report with photographs.
- 13. Preparation of Feasibility report on starting a small-scale fish value added processing unit.
- *Preparation of any recipe from available fish or crabs or mollusc can be done from home and its recipe along with nutritional vales can be submitted as additional activity.

Reference Books

- 1. K K Balachandran (2002) Post Harvest Technology of Fish and Fish Products, Daya Publications.
- 2. G M Hall Text Book of Fish Processing Technology. ICAR. (Ed). 1992.
- 3. K Gopakumar Textbook of fish processing technology
- 4. Ninawe and Rathnakumar (2008) Fish Processing Technology and Product Development, Narendra Publishing House.
- 5. Wheaton and Lawson (1985) Processing Aquatic Food Products, John Wiley & Sons.
- 6. Prasanna Chandra (2020). Fundamentals of Financial Management, 7th Edition, McGraw Hill.
- Aitken A (1982). Fish handling & Processing: 2nd edition, Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries & Food, Torry Research Station; Edinburgh.

Web Resources:

- 1 Hassoun et al., (2022) Seafood Processing, Preservation, and Analytical Techniques in the Age of Industry 4.0 https://doi.org/10.3390 /app12031703
- 2 Quality Assurance in seafood processing (2005) CIFT Publication Seafood quality assurance https://krishi.icar.gov.in/jspui/bitstream/ 123456789/24957/1/15_Seafood%20quality%20assurance.pdf
- 3 Value addition: https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/9798/ 1/Unit-12.pdf
- 4 Value Added Fish Products: https://www.researchgate.net/publication/ 259345025_Value_Added_Fish_Products
- 5 Value added fish products: https://krishi.icar.gov.in/jspui/bitstream/ 123456789/25126/1/12_Value%20added%20fish%20products.pdf
- 6 Prospects of Value added Fish Products & it's future in Indian Market: https://www.researchgate.net/publication/280876943_Prospects_of_Value_added_Fish_Products_it%27s_future_in_Indian_Market
- 7 Asogwa VC and Asogwa (2019). Marketing of fish products. Journal of Aquaculture & Marine Biology. 8(2):55–61. https://doi.org/10.15406/jamb.2019.08.00243

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (External and Internal)

FYBSc Zoology Evaluation pattern and Question paper pattern for Semester End Theory Examination of Major Course

Internal Continuous Assessment: 40% (20 Marks)	Semester End Examination: 60% (30 Marks)	D sem	uration ester ex	for End camination		
Continuous Evaluation through: Quizzes, Class Tests, presentation, project, role play, creative writing, assignment etc.	As per paper pattern	01.00 hour				
Format of Theory Question Pa	Format of Theory Question Paper: Semester end examination					
Time 1.0 Hr Att	empt any two out of f	our	Max.	Marks 30		
Attempt any two out of four						
Q. 1. Write short note on the foll a. Module I b. Module I c. Module II	owing			05 05 05		
Q. 2. Write short note on the a. Module II b. Module II c. Module I				05 05 05		
Q. 3. Answer the following a. Module I b. Module II				08 07		
Q. 4. Answer the following a. Module II b. Module I				08 07		

FYBSc Zoology Evaluation pattern and Question paper pattern for Semester End Practical Examination of Major Course

Internal Continuous Assessment: 40% (20 Marks)	Semester End Examination: 60% (30 Marks)	Durat End se exami	ion for emester ination	
Viva/ assignment/ objective question test (15 Marks), Overall performance (5 Marks) = 20 Marks	As per paper pattern	1 h 30 minutes		
Format of Question Paper:				
Time 1 hr 30 min		Max. M	larks 30	
Q.1 One Major experiment			10	
Q.2 One Minor experiment				
Q. 3. Identification (any four)			8	
Q.4. Journal and Viva (practical)			5	

FYBSc Zoology Evaluation pattern and Question paper pattern for Semester End Practical Examination of Vocational Skill Courses and Skill Enhancement Courses

Internal Continuous Assessment: 40% (20 Marks) Semester End Examination: 60% (30 Marks) exami		ion for mester nation		
Viva/ assignment/ objective question test (15 Marks), Overall performance (5 Marks) = 20 Marks	As per paper pattern	1 h 30 minutes		
Format of Question Paper:				
Time 1 hr 30 min Max. M				
Q.1 Major experiment				
Q.2 Minor experiment / ID based questions				
Q.3 Minor experiment / ID based questions				
Q.4. Project / Assignment and Viva (based on project / assignment)				
Q5. Journal			02	

Signatures of Team Members						
Sr. No.	Name of committee member	Name of College	Signature			
1	Dr. Anita Jadhav (Convenor)	ICLES Motilal Jhunjhunwala College, Vashi.	Hadland			
2	Dr. Nandita Singh (Co-convenor)	G. M. Momin College, Bhiwandi.	Nsinc			
3	Dr. Aamod N. Thakkar (Co-convenor)	Veer Wajekar Arts, Science & Commerce College, Phunde.	thes			
4	Dr. Shashibhal M. Pandey (Co-convenor)	C. H. M. College, Ulhasnagar.	S Junday			
5	Dr. Dilip Kakavipure (Member, BoS)	B. N. N. College, Bhiwandi.	-dataire			
6	Dr. Kantilal Nagare (Member, BoS)	B. K. Birla College, Kalyan.	the second secon			
7	Dr. Kiran Pariya (Member, BoS)	B. N. Bandhodkar College, Thane.	2.			
8	Dr. Rishikesh S. Dalvi (Member, BoS)	Maharshi Dayanand College, Parel, Mumbai-400012.	Palai			
9	Dr. Minakshi Gurav (Member, BoS)	D. G. Ruparel College, Mahim, Mumbai-400016.	W. LUND			
10	Dr. Ambadas Rodge (Member, BoS)	Gogate Jogalekar College, Ratnagiri-415612.	Rodap			
11	Dr. Vishal Kadu (Member)	Sathaye College (Autonomous), Vile Parle (E), Mumbai 400057.	Badley.			
12	Dr. Conrad Cabral (Member)	Xavier's College, Mumbai	Elizaf.			
13	Dr. Zeenat Surve (Member)	Maharashtra College, Mumbai.	Ateenat			
14	Dr. Vishal Nangare (Member)	Siddharth College, Mumbai.	Harden			
15	Dr Swapnil Shewale (Member)	Hazarimal Somani College, Chowpatti, Mumbai.	Swart			
16	Mr. Kuldeep Mhatre (Member)	Seva Sadan's R K Talreja College, Ulhasnagar.	Strahal			
17	Dr. Mahesh Mudgal (Member)	ACS College, Jawhar.	BL.			
18	Dr. Rahul Patil (Member)	Veer Wajekar Arts, Science & Commerce College, Phunde	Dunt			
19	Dr. Nanda Jagtap (Member)	Dapoli Urban Bank Senior Science College, Dapoli, 415712	Atump.			
20	Dr. Digvijay Lawate (Member)	ACS College, Lanja.	(Jul th			
21	Dr. Budharatna G. Bhaware (Member)	G. M. Vedak College of Science, Tala-Raigad.	Boshunse.			
22	Dr. Gayathri N. (Member)	D. G. Ruparel College, Mahim, Mumbai 400016.	NHA			
23	Dr. Smita Subramanian (Member)	Viva College, Virar.	S Store			
24	Mr. Manoj D. Kadam (Member)	RD National College, Bandra	Ulgadam.			
1			46			

Semester GPA/ Programme CGPA Semester/ Programme	% of Marks	Alpha-Sign/ Letter Grade Result	Grading Point
9.00 - 10.00	90.0 - 100	O (Outstanding)	10
8.00 - < 9.00	80.0 - < 90.0	A+ (Excellent)	9
7.00 - < 8.00	70.0 - < 80.0	A (Very Good)	8
6.00 - < 7.00	60.0 - < 70.0	B+ (Good)	7
5.50 - < 6.00	55.0 - < 60.0	B (Above Average)	6
5.00 - < 5.50	50.0 - < 55.0	C (Average)	5
4.00 - < 5.00	40.0 - < 50.0	P (Pass)	4
Below 4.00	Below 40.0	F (Fail)	0
Ab (Absent)	-	Ab (Absent)	0

Letter Grades and Grade Points:

This syllabus is applicable to IDOL learners as well, w.e.f. 2025-26.

Justification for B.Sc. (Zoology)

1.	Necessity for starting the course:	The B.Sc. (Zoology) course is necessary because it serves as a fundamental, multidisciplinary, and practical programme that prepares students for pursing higher education, allows them to explore numerous career options, and actively participate in tackling scientific and societal challenges.
2.	Whether the UGC has recommended the course:	Yes
3.	Whether all the courses have commenced from the academic year 2023-24.	The course has already commenced in the university and in the academic year 2024-25 it is restructured under NEP 2020
4.	The courses started by the University are self-financed, whether adequate number of eligible permanent faculties are available?:	This course is aided / self-financed based on the sanction given by University of Mumbai to affiliated colleges time to time.
5.	To give details regarding the duration of the Course and is it possible to compress the course?:	The duration of the program is three years (6 semesters). It is not possible to compress the course.
6.	The intake capacity of each course and no. of admissions given in the current academic year:	120 per division
7.	Opportunities of Employability / Employment available after undertaking these courses:	Graduation in Zoology provides students with a greater awareness of the intricate relationships within the animal kingdom and the environment, as well as the ability to think critically and practically, allowing them to enhance their career prospects and open up novel opportunities.

Sign of the BOS Coordinator Dr. Vaishali Somani BOS in Zoology Sign of the Offg. Associate Dean Dr. Madhav R. Rajwade Faculty of Science & Technology Sign of the Offg. Dean Prof. Shivram S. Garje Faculty of Science & Technology

S.Y.B.Sc Zoology

Draft Syllabus (2018-2019) for Public Criticisms and Suggestion

Suggestion to be mailed on the Email-ID given below on or before 7th Dec 2017

1. drgbraje@rediffmail.com

2. readersmail@rediffmail.com

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI



Program: S.Y.B. Sc.

Course: Zoology Proposed Syllabus

(Credit Based Semester and Grading System with effect from the academic year 2018-2019).

Syllabus for S.Y.B.Sc. Course – ZOOLOGY

To be implemented from Academic year 2018-19 SEMESTER – III

COURSE	UNIT	TOPIC	CREDITS	LECTURES
CODE				/WEEK
USZO301	Ι	Fundamentals of Genetics	2	1
	II	Chromosomes and Heredity		1
	III	Nucleic acids		1
USZO302	Ι	Study of Nutrition and Excretion	2	1
	II	Study Respiration and circulation		1
	III	Control and coordination, Locomotion and	-	1
		Reproduction		
USZOE303A	Ι	Ethology	2	1
ELECTIVE 1	II	Parasitology		1
	III	Economic Zoology		1
USZOE303B	1	Aquarium maintenance	2	1
ELECTIVE 2	II	Agricultural pests and their control		1
	III	Amazing animals		1
USZOP3		Practical based on all three courses	03	9

SEMESTER IV

COURSE	UNIT	TOPIC	CREDITS	LECTURES
CODE				/WEEK
USZO401	Ι	Origin and evolution of Life	2	1
	II	Population genetics and evolution,		1
	III	Scientific Attitude methodology, writing and		1
		ethics		
USZO402	Ι	Cell Biology,	2	1
	II	Endo membrane system		1
	III	Biomolecules		1
USZOE403A	Ι	Comparative Embryology,	2	1
ELECTIVE 1	II	Aspects of Human Reproduction,		1
	III	Pollution and its effect on organisms		1
USZOE403B	Ι	Dairy industry	2	
ELECTIVE 2	II	Sericulture		
	III	Aquaculture		
USZOP4		Practical based on all three courses	03	9

Syllabus for S.Y.B.Sc Course – ZOOLOGY

- 1. Syllabus Semester III & IV (Theory and Practical)
- 2. References and Additional Reading
- 3. Scheme of Examination and Paper Pattern (Theory and Practical)
- 4. Model Question bank

S.Y.B.Sc. ZOOLOGY UNIT WISE DISTRIBUTION							
Semester III					Semester IV		
Course 5	Course 6	Course 7	Course 7	Course 8	Course 9	Course 10	Course 10

		Α	В			Α	В
Unit 1 Fundamentals of Genetics	Unit 1 Study of Nutrition & Excretion	Unit 1 Ethology	Unit 1 Aquarium maintenance	Unit 1 Origin & evolution of life	Unit 1 Cell Biology	Unit 1 Comparative Embryology	Unit 1 Dairy industry
Unit 2 Chromosomes & Heredity	Unit 2 Study of Respiration & circulation	Unit 2 Parasitology	Unit 2 Agricultural pests & control	Unit 2 Population Genetics & Evolution	Unit 2 Endomembrane System	Unit 2 Aspects of Human Reproduction	Unit 2 sericulture
Unit 3 Nucleic Acids	Unit 3 Control and Coordination Locomotion & Reproduction	Unit 3 Economic zoology	Unit 3 Amazing animals	Unit 3 Scientific Attitude, Methodology, Writing & Ethics	Unit 3 Biomolecules	Unit 3 Pollution & Effects on Animals	Unit 3 Aquaculture
Practical (USZO P3)	Practical (USZO P3)	Practical (USZO P3)	Practical (USZO P3)	Practical (USZO P4)	Practical (USZO P4)	Practical (USZO P4)	Practical (USZO P4)

S.Y.B.Sc. SYLLABUS DRAFT SEMESTER III

Sr.	USZO301 COURSE-5	No. of lect	Learning

No		allotted	pleasure
	Fundamentals of Genetics, Chromosomes and Heredity, Nucleic acids		
	Unit 1: Fundamentals of Genetics	15L	25hrs
	 Objectives: To introduce basic terms of genetics. To study Mendelian principles of inheritance and other forms and pattern of inheritance Desired outcomes: 		
	 Learner shall comprehend and apply the principles of inheritance to study heredity. Learner will understand the concept of multiple alleles, linkage and crossing over. 		
1.1	 Introduction to Genetics Definition, Scope and Importance of genetics. Classical and Modern concept of Gene (Cistron, Muton, Recon). Brief explanation of the following terms: Allele, Wild type and Mutant alleles, Locus, Dominant and Recessive traits, Homozygous and Heterozygous, Genotype and Phenotype, Genome. 	02L	02hrs
1.2	 Mendelian Genetics Mendelian Genetics: Monohybrid cross, Dihybrid cross, Test cross, Back cross, Mendel's laws of Inheritance, Mendelian traits in man. Exceptions to Mendelian inheritance: Incomplete dominance, Co- dominance, Lethal alleles, Epistasis - Recessive, Double recessive, Dominant and Double dominant. Chromosome theory of inheritance. Pedigree Analysis-Autosomal dominant and Autosomal recessive, X- linked dominant, and X-linked recessive. 	08L	12hrs
1.3	 Multiple Alleles and Multiple Genes Concept of Multiple alleles, Coat colour in rabbit, ABO and Rh blood group systems Polygenic inheritance with reference to skin colour and eye colour in man. Concept of Pleiotropy. 	03L	06hrs
1.4	 Linkage and Crossing Over Linkage and crossing over, Types of crossing over, Cytological basis of crossing over. 	02L	05hrs
	Unit: 2: Chromosomes and Heredity	15L	26hrs
	 Objectives: To familiarize the learners with the structure, types and classification of chromosomes. To introduce the concept of sex determination and its types, sex influenced and sex limited genes. 		
	 Learner will comprehend the structure of chromosomes and its types. Learner shall understand the mechanisms of sex determination. Learner would be able to correlate the disorders linked to a particular 		

	sex chromosome.		
2.1	Chromosomes	04L	08hrs
	Types of chromosomes–Autosomes and Sex chromosomes		
	Chromosome structure - Heterochromatin, Euchromatin		
	Classification based on the position of centromere		
	• Endomitosis, Giant chromosomes- Polyteneand Lamp brush		
	chromosomes and Significance of Balbiani rings		
2.2	Sex- determination	07L	10hrs
	Chromosomal Mechanisms: XX-XO, XX-XY, ZZ-ZW		
	• Sex determination in Honey bees- Haplodiploidy		
	• Sex determination in <i>Drosophila</i> -Genic balance theory. Intersex.		
	Gynandromorphs		
	Parthenogenesis		
	 Hormonal influence on sex determination-Freemartin and Sex reversal. 		
	 Role of environmental factors- Bonelia and Crocodile 		
	 Barr bodies and L von hypothesis 		
23	Sex linked sex influenced and sex limited inheritance	<u>041</u>	08hrs
2.5	• X-I inked: Colour-blindness Haemonbilia	UTL	00113
	 V linked: Hypertrichosis 		
	 I-miked. Hypertitionosis Say influenced games 		
	• Sex-Initiation genes		
	• Sex limited genes	151	20h-ua
	Unit: 3 Nucleic acids	15L	SURTS
	Objectives:		
	• To introduce the learner to the classical experiments proving DNA as		
	the genetic material.		
	• To make the learner understand the structure of nucleic acids and the		
	concept of central dogma of molecular biology.		
	• To familiarize the learner with the concept of gene expression and		
	regulation.		
	Desired outcomes:		
	• Learner will understand the importance of nucleic acids as genetic		
	material.		
	• The learner shall comprehend and appreciate the regulation of gene		
	expressions.		
3.1	Genetic material	07L	14hrs
	• Griffith's transformation experiments, Avery-Macleod and McCarty,		
	Hershey Chase experiment of Bacteriophage infection		
	Chemical composition and structure of nucleic acids		
	Double helix nature of DNA, Solenoid model of DNA		
	• Types of DNA – A, B, Z & H forms		
	• DNA in Prokaryotes -chromosomal and plasmid		
	• Extra nuclear DNA -mitochondria and chloroplast		
	• RNA as a genetic material in viruses		
	• Types of RNA: Structure and function		
3.2	Flow of genetic information in a Eukarvotic cell	051	08hrs
0.2	DNA Replication		50115
	Transcription of mRNA		
	Transcription of mixty Translation		
	 Translation Constitution 		

3.3	Gene Expressions and regulation	03L	08hrs
	• One gene-one enzyme hypothesis /one polypeptide hypothesis		
	Concept of Operon		
	Lac Operon		
	SEMESTER III		
	Practical USZOP3 (Course V)		
1	Extraction and detection of DNA		
2	Extraction and detection of RNA.		
3	Mounting of Barr bodies.		
4	Study of polytene chromosome.		
5	Study of mitosis- temporary squash preparation of Onion root tip		
6	Detection of blood groups and Rh factor.		
7	Problems in Genetics		
	a. Monohybrid/ Dihybrid cross b. X- linked inheritance c. Multiple alleles		
8	Chromosome morphology: Metaphase spreadsheet (photograph to be provided)		
9	Pedigree analysis		
10	Problems on molecular biology		

Sr. No	USZO302 COURSE-6	No. of lect allotted	Learning pleasure
	Study of Nutrition and Excretion, Respiration and circulation, Control and coordination, Locomotion and Reproduction		
	Unit: 1 Study of Nutrition and Excretion	15L	23hrs
	 Objectives: To introduce the concepts of physiology of nutrition, excretion and osmoregulation. To expose the learners to various nutritional apparatus, excretory¬ and osmoregulatory structures in different classes of organisms. 		
	 Desired outcomes: Learner would understand the increasing complexity of ¬ nutritional, excretory and osmoregulatory physiology in evolutionary hierarchy. Learner would be able to correlate the habit and habitat with ¬ nutritional, excretory and osmoregulatory structures. Comparative study of Nutritional Apparatus (structure and function) 		
1.1	Amoeba, Hydra, Cockroach, Amphioxus, Pigeon, Ruminants. 5L 06hrs Physiology of digestion in man	05L	06hrs
1.2	 Physiology of digestion in man 	02L	04hrs
1.3	 Comparative study of Excretory and Osmoregulatory structures and function. a) Amoeba -contractile vacuoles b) Planaria -Flame cells c) Cockroach-Malphigian tubules and green gland 	05L	08hrs
1.4	Categorization of animals based on principle nitrogenous excretory products	01L	01hrs
1.5	Structure of kidney, Uriniferous tubule and physiology of urine formation in man	02L	04 hr
	Unit: 2: Study of Respiration and Circulation	15L	27hrs
	 Objectives: To introduce the concepts of physiology of respiration and circulation To expose the learner to various respiratory and circulatory structures in different classes of organisms 		
	 Desired outcomes: Learner would understand the increasing complexity of respiratory¬ and circulatory physiology in evolutionary hierarchy. Learner would be able to correlate the habit and habitat with¬ respiratory and circulatory structures. Comparative study of Respiratory organs (structure and function). 		
2.1	Earthworm, Spider, Rohu/Anabus/Clarius, Frog and Pigeon. 3L 06hrs Accessory respiratory structures: Anabas /Clarius	03L	06hrs
2.2	• Structure of lungs and physiology of respiration in man	02L	03hrs
2.3	• Comparative study of circulation: Open and closed - single and double	02L	04hrs

2.4	• Types of circulating fluids- Water, coelomic fluid, haemolymph, ¬ lymph and blood	02L	03hrs
2.5	• Comparative study of Hearts (Structure and function)¬ Earthworm, Cockroach, Shark, Frog, Crocodile and Pigeon	04L	07hrs
2.6	• Structure and mechanism of working of heart in man	02	04hrs
	Unit: 3 Control and coordination, Locomotion and Reproduction	15L	25hrs
	 Objectives: To introduce the concepts of physiology of control and coordination¬ and locomotion and reproduction To expose the learner to various locomotory and reproductive¬ structures in different classes of organisms 		
	 Desired outcomes: Learner would understand the process of control and coordination¬ by nervous and endocrine regulation. Learner would be fascinated by various locomotory structures¬ found in the animal kingdom. Learner would be acquainted with various reproductive strategies¬ present in animals. 		
3.1	 Control and coordination Irritability-Paramoecium, Nerve net in Hydra, Nerve ring and nerve cord in earthworm Types of neurons on the basis of structure and function Conduction of nerve impulse: Resting potential, action potential and refractory period Synaptic transmission 	05L	08hrs
3.2	 Movement and Locomotion Locomotory organs- structure and functions; a. Pseudopodia in Amoeba (sol gel theory), Cilia in Paramecium b. Wings and legs in Cockroach c. Tube feet in Starfish d. Fins of fish 	04L	08hrs
3.3	Structure of Striated muscle fibre in human and Sliding filament theory	02L	02hrs
	Reproduction a. Asexual Reproduction- Fission, fragmentation, gemmule formation, budding b. Sexual reproduction i. Gametogenesis ii. Structure of male and female gametes in human iii. Types of fertilization iv. Oviparity, viviparity, ovo-viviparity	04L	07hrs
	SEMESTER III		
	Practical USZOP3 (Course VI)		
1	Urine analysis—Normal and abnormal constituents		

2	Detection of ammonia in water excreted by fish	
3	Detection of uric acid from excreta of Birds	
4	Study of striated and non-striated muscle fibre	
5	Study of nutritional Apparatus (Amoeba, Hydra, Earthworm, Pigeon, Ruminant stomach)	
6	 Study of respiratory structures: a. Gills of Bony fish and Cartilaginous fish. b. Lungs of Frog c. Lungs of Mammal. d. Accessory respiratory structure in Anabas (Labyrinthine organ) e. Air sacs of Pigeon. 	
7	Study of locomotory organs (Amoeba, Unio, Cockroach, Starfish, Fish, and Birds)	
8	Study of hearts (Cockroach, Shark, Frog, Calotes, Crocodile, Mammal)	
9	Study of permanent slides on topic of Reproduction a. Sponge gemmules b. Hydra budding c. T.S. of mammalian testis d. T.S. of mammalian ovary	

	USZOE1303 COURSE-7A		
	Ethology, Parasitology, Economic Zoology	15L	26hrs
	Unit: 1 Ethology		
	Objective:		
	To equip learners with a sound knowledge of how animals interact with one another and their environment.		
	To enable the learners to understand different behavioural patterns.		
	Desired Outcome:		
	Learners would gain an insight into different types of animal behaviour and their role in biological adaptations.		
	Learners would be sensitized to the feelings instrumental in social behavior.		
1.1	Introduction to Ethology	4 L	06hrs
	Definition, History and Scope of Ethology		
	Animal behaviour - Innate and Learned behaviour		
	Types of learning-Habituation, Imprinting and types of		
	imprinting -filial and sexual, Classical conditioning		
	Instrumental learning and insight learning.		

1.2	Aspects of animal behaviour	7L	12hrs
	Communication in Bees and Ants		
	Mimicry and colouration		
	Role of hormones and pheromones in sexual behaviour		
	 Displacement activities, Ritualization 		
	 Migration in fish, schooling behaviour 		
	➢ Habitat selection, territorial behaviour, food selection and		
	foraging behaviour in African ungulates		
1.3	Social behaviour	4 L	08hrs
	Social behaviour in primates-Hanuman langur		
	Elements of Socio-biology: Selfishness, cooperation,		
	altruism, kinship and inclusive fitness		
	Unit: 2 Parasitology	15L	27hrs
	Objective:		
	\blacktriangleright To acquaint learners with the concepts of parasitism, their		
	relationship with environment.		
	To make learners aware about the modes of transmission of		
	parasites.		
	Desired Outcome:		
	Learners would understand the general epidemiological		
	aspects of parasites that affect humans and apply simple		
	preventive measures for the same.		
	Learners would comprehend the life cycle of specific		
	parasites, the symptoms of the disease and its treatment.		0.01
2.1	Introduction to Parasitology and types of parasites	3L	06hrs
	Definitions: parasitism, nost, parasite, vector-biological and		
	Types of nervosites. Estoneresites Endoneresite and their		
	subtypes		
	 Parasitic adaptations in Ectoparasites and Endoparasites 		
	 Types of hosts: intermediate and definitive reservoir 		
2.2	Host-parasite relationship-Host specificity	2L	06hrs
	 Definition structural specificity physiological specificity 		VUII S
	and ecological specificity		
2.3	Life cycle, pathogenicity, control measures and treatment	4L	06hrs
	Entamoeba histolytica, Fasciola hepatica, Taenia solium.		
	Wuchereria bancrofti		
2.4	Morphology, life cycle, pathogenicity, control measures and	2L	06hrs
	treatment		
	Head louse(<u>Pediculushumanus capitis</u>), Mite		
	(Sarcoptesscabei), Bed bug (<u>Cimexlectularis)</u>		
2.5	Parasitological significance	4 L	03hrs
-	Zoonosis- Bird flu, Anthrax, Rabies and Toxoplasmosis		
	Unit 3 Economic Zoology	15L	24hrs
	I o disseminate information on economic aspects of zoology like anioultume normicultume drives.		
	ike apiculture, vermiculture, dairy science.		
	To encourage young learners for selfemployment.		
	Destred Outcome:		1

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	Learners wouldgain knowledge on animals useful to		
	mankind and the means to make the most of it.		
	\blacktriangleright Learners would learn the modern techniques in animal		
	husbandry.		
	Learners would be pursuing entrepreneurship as careers		
3.1	APICULTURE	6L	08hrs
3.1.1	Methods of bee keeping and management		
	An introduction to different species of honey bees used in apiculture.		
	Selection of flora and bees for apiculture.		
	Advantages and disadvantages of traditional and modern		
	methods of apiculture		
	 Pests and Bee enemies- Wax moth wasn black ants bee- 		
	eaters king crow and disease control		
	eachs, hing erew and allocate condition		
212	Faanomia importance		
5.1.2	Economic importance		
	 Honey- Production, Chemical composition and economic importance 		
	Dees way. Economia importance		
	Bees wax- Economic importance.		
2.2	Kole of honey bees in pollination.	41	001
3.2	VERMICULTURE	4L	Uðnrs
3.2.1	Rearing methods, management and economic importance		
	An introduction to different species of earthworms used in		
	vermiculture.		
	Methods of vermiculture.		
	Maintenance and harvesting		
	Economic importance: advantages of vermiculture, demands		
	for worms; market for vermin-compost and		
- 2.2	entrepreneurship.	F T	0.01
3.3	DAIRY SCIENCE	5L	08hrs
3.3.1	Dairy development in India	IL	
	Role of dairy development in rural economy, employment		
	opportunities		
3.3.2	Dairy Processing		
	Filtration, cooling, chilling, clarification, pasteurization,		
222	Mills and mills products		
3.3.3	wink and milk products		
	Composition of milk		
	➤ I ypes of milk:		
	A. Buffalo milk and		
	B. Cow milk (a1 and a2)		
	B. Cow milk (a1 and a2) Whole milk and toned milk		

	SEMESTER III		
	Practical USZOE1P3 (Course VIIA))	
1	Extraction of Casein from Milk and its qualitative estimation		
2	Preparation of paneer from given milk sample		
3	Measurement of density of milk using different samples by Lacto	meter	
4	Study of Honey Bee :		
	a) Life Cycle of Honey Bee and Bee Hive		
	b) Mouthparts of Honey Bee		
	c) Legs of Honey Bee		
	d) Sting Apparatus of Honey Bee		
5	Study of ethological aspects:		
	a) Warning Colouration		
	b) Instincts		
	c) Imprinting		
	d) Communication in animals: Chemical signals and sound signal	als	
	e) Displacement activities in animals: Courtship and mating beha	avior in ani	imals and
	ritualization		
6	Study of Protozoan parasites:		
	a. Trypanosoma gambiense		
	b. Giardia intestinanalis		
7	Study of Helminth parasites:		
	a) Ancylostomaduodenale		
	b) Dracunculusmedenensis		
8	Parasitic adaptations: Scolex and mature proglottid of Tapeworm		
9	Study of Ectoparasites:		
	a. Leech		
	D. TICK		
10	C. Mile Droiget Suggested topics on according toology (og Anigulture	ariaultura	/ 100
10	culture / vermicompost Technique / Construction of artific	ial bashiya	a /Animal
	husbandry/ aquaculture etc.)		5 / Milliai
	nusbundiy, uquubundi etc)		
	USZOE2303 COURSE-7B		
	Aquarium maintenance, Agricultural pests and their	15L	26hrs
	control,Amazing animals		
	To develop the skill of aquarium maintenance and budget allocation for softing up an aquarium fish farm.		
	\sim To study the biology of aquarium fishes food fooding and		
	<i>ransportation of fishes</i>		
	transportation of fishes.		
	Desired Outcome:		
	Learner will develop the skill of aquarium maintenance		
	and become familiar with the budgeting aspects for setting		
	aquarium fish farm.		
	Learner will derive knowledge about the biology of		
	aquarium fishes as also food, feeding and transportation of		
	fishes.		
1			

	Unit 1 Aquarium maintenance		
1.1	Introduction and scope	2L	04hrs
1.2	Exotic and Endemic species	2L	06hrs
1.3	Biology of Aquarium Fishes-	2 L	08hrs
1.3.1	 Guppy Molly Gold fish 		
1.3.2	 Common characters and sexual dimorphism Marine fishes - Anemone fish Butterfly fish 	2L	6L
1.3.3	 Common characters and sexual dimorphism Marine fishes – Anemone fish Butterfly fish 	2L	4L
1.4	 Food and feeding- ➤ Live fish feed ➤ Formulated fish feed 	2L	4L
1.5	Fish transportation – i)Transport ii) handling iii) packing	3 L	5L
1.6	General Aquarium maintenance- budget for setting up an aquarium Fish Farm.	2L	4L
	Unit: 2 Agricultural pests and their control	15L	27hrs
	 Objective: ➤ To study different types of pests. ➤ To comprehend various aspects of agricultural pests and their economic implications. ➤ To learn about the differing pest control practices and plant protection appliances. Desired Outcome: 		
	 Learner will gain information on the different types of pests and comprehend various aspects of agricultural pests and its economic implications. Learner shall derive knowledge of pest control practices and appliances used for plant protection against pests. 		
2.1	Introduction and concept of Pest	2L	06hrs
2.1.1	Types of pests	3L	06hrs
	 Agricultural Household Stored grains Structural Veterinary 		

	> Forestry		
2.2	 Major insect pests of agricultural importance (Life cycle, nature of damage and control measures). a) Jowar stem borer b) Brinjal fruit borer c) Aphids d) Mango stem borer e) Pulse beetle f) Rice weevil. 	3L	06hrs
2.3	Non insect pests: Rats and Bandicoots, Crabs, Snails, Slugs, Birds and Squirrels.	2L	06hrs
2.4	Pest control practices: i) Cultural control ii) Physical control iii) Mechanical control iv) Chemical control v) Biological control, vi) concept of IPM.	3L	03hrs
2.5	Plant protection appliances: Rotary duster, knapsack sprayer and cynogas pump, hazards of pesticides and antidotes.	2L	03hrs
	Unit 3 Amazing animals	15L	24hrs
	Unit 3 Amazing animals Objective: ➤ ➤ To comprehend the concept of life timeline, and the natural history of some amazing animals. ➤ To kindle interest and yearning to study amazing animals.	15L	24hrs
	Unit 3 Amazing animals Objective: > To comprehend the concept of life timeline, and the natural history of some amazing animals. > To kindle interest and yearning to study amazing animals. > Desired Outcome: > Learner shall understand the concept of life time-line. > Learner will gain knowledge of and develop various skills while studying amazing animals.	15L	24hrs

3.2	The world's most amazing animals	5L	10hrs
	a) Octopus		
	b) Spider		
	c) Mudskipper		
	d) Flying fish		
	e) Pebble toad		
	f) Strawberry poison frog		
	g) Komodo dragon		
	h) Lesser flamingo		
	i) Great white pelican		
	j) Spatule -tailed hummingbird		
	k) Cheetah		
3.3	Five most incredible animals discovered within the last decade	3L	5hrs
	a) The purple (Joker) Crab,		
	b) The African dwarf sawshark (Stabbing Shark),		
	c) The Psychedelic (Crime Fighting) Gecko,		
	d) The Matilda Viper		
	e) The Michael Jackson Monkey		
3.4	Marvels of Animals	3L	08hrs
	a) Mantis shrimp: Fastest punch		
	b) Homing in Pacific Salmon		
	c) Sperm whale: Mechanism of deep sea diving.		
	Practical USZOE2P3 (Course VIIB))	
1	Aquarium maintenance – equipments required to set up – Types of	filter, type	of gravel.
-	air pump, type of bulb, net, verities of aquarium plants, verities of	f fishes.	or gruver,
2	Types of pests – Agricultural-Aphids, Household-cockroaches, ant	s.structural-	termites.
	stored grains-grain borer, Veterinary- fleas, Forestry- caterpillar.	,	,
3	Non insect pests- a) Invertebrates -nematodes, mites, snails, slugs.	b) Vertebra	ates- rats,
	birds		
4	Types of pest control –a) Physical b) Biological c) Electronic d) I	nsecticides,	
	Rodenticides and Special Treatments		
5	Amazing animals- a) Spider b) Pebble toad c) Komodo dragon d)	Flamingo	
6	Most incredible animals in last decades – a) Joker crab b) Michel	Jackson mor	nkey
	c)Matilda viper		
7	Most endangered animals of India – a) One horned rhino b) Asiati	c Lion c) Be	engal
	tiger d) Snow leopard		
8	A project of aquarium setting in lab.		
9	A field visit to study the natural flora and fauna.		

Note -The practicals may be conducted by using specimens authorised by the wildlife and such other regulating authorities though it is strongly recommended that the same should be taught by using photographs/audio-visual aids/ simulations / models, etc. as recommended by the UGC and asenvisaged in the regulations of the relevant monitoring bodies. No new specimens, however, shall beprocured for the purpose of conducting practicals mentioned here-in-above. #There shall be at least one excursion/field trip.

S.Y.B.Sc. SYLLABUS DRAFT

SEMESTER IV

Sr. No	USZO401 COURSE-8	No. of lect allotted	Learning pleasure
	Origin and Evolution of Life, Population and Evolutionary Genetics, Scientific Attitude, Methodology, Scientific Writing and Ethics in Scientific Research.		
	Unit 1: Origin and Evolution of Life	15L	30hrs
	 Objectives: To impart scientific knowledge about how life originated and evolved on our planet. 		
	 Desired outcomes: Learner will gain insight about origin of life. Learner will ponder and critically view the different theories of evolution. 		
1.1	 Introduction Origin of Universe Chemical evolution - Miller-Urey experiment, Haldane and Oparin theory Origin of Life Origin of Eukaryotic cell 	05L	10hrs
1.2	 Evidences in favour of Organic evolution Evidences from: Geographical distribution, Palaeontology, Anatomy, Embryology, Physiology and Genetics 	04L	08hrs
1.3	 Theories of organic evolution Theory of Lamarck Theory of Darwin and Neo Darwinism Mutation Theory Modern Synthetic theory Weismann's Germplasm theory Neutral theory of Molecular evolution 	06L	12hrs
	Unit: 2: Population Genetics and Evolution	15L	28hrs
	 Objectives: To develop knowledge and understanding of genetic variability within a population and how the change in the gene pool leads to evolution of species 		
	 Desired outcomes: Learner would understand the forces that cause evolutionary changes in natural populations Learner would comprehend the mechanisms of speciation Learner will be able to distinguish between microevolution, macroevolution and megaevolution 		
2.1	 Introduction to Population genetics Definition Brief explanation of the following terms: Population, Gene pool, Allele frequency, Genotype frequency, Phenotype frequency, Microevolution 	01L	03hrs

2.2	Population genetics	06L	10hrs
	 Hardy- Weinberg Law Factors that disrupt Hardy Weinberg equilibrium: Mutation, Migration (Gene flow), Non-random mating (Inbreeding, inbreeding depression, Assortative mating-Positive and Negative, Dis- assortativemating),Genetic drift (Sampling error, Fixation, Bottleneck effect and Founder effect) Natural Selection Patterns of Natural Selection Stabilizing selection Directional selection (Examples: Peppered moth, Antibiotic resistance in bacteria, Pesticide resistance) Disruptive selection 		
2.3	 Evolutionary genetics Genetic variation: Genetic basis of Variation-Mutations and Recombination (crossing over during meiosis, independent assortment of chromosomes during meiosis and random union of gametes during fertilization) Nature of genetic variations: Genetic polymorphism, Balanced polymorphism, Mechanisms that preserve balanced Polymorphism- Heterozygote advantage and frequency dependent selection, Neutral variations Geographic variation (Cline) Species Concept: Biological species concept and evolutionary species concept Speciation and Isolating mechanisms:Definition and Modes of speciation (Allopatric, Sympatric, Parapatric and Peripatric) Geographical isolation Reproductive isolation and its isolating mechanisms (Prezygotic and Postzygotic) Macroevolution and Megaevolution: Concept and Patterns of macroevolution (Stasis, Preadantation / Evantation Mass extinctions 	08L	15hrs
	Adaptive radiation and Coevolution), Megaevolution Unit: 3 Scientific Attitude Methodology, Scientific Writing and Ethics	15L	32hrs
	In Scientific Research		
	 To inculcate scientific temperament in the learner 		
	Desired outcomes:		
	 The learner shall develop qualities such as critical thinking and analysis The learner will imbibe the skills of scientific communication and he/she will understand the ethical aspects of research 		
3.1	 Process of science: A dynamic approach to investigation- The Scientific method ,Deductive reasoning and inductive reasoning, Critical thinking, Role of chance in scientific discovery Scientific Research: Definition, Difference between method and methodology, Characteristics, Types Steps in the Scientific Method:Identification of research problem, Formulation of research hypothesis, Testing the hypothesis using 	04L	10hrs

 Application of knowledge: Basic research, Applied research, Translational research, Patent Scientific writing: Scientific writing: Structure and components of a research paper: (Preparation of manuscript for publication of research paper- Title, Authors and their affiliations, Abstract, Keywords and Abbreviations, Introduction, Material and Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusions, Acknowledgement, Bibliography; Figures, Tables and their legends Writing a review paper Structure and components of research report: Report writing, Types of report Structure and components of graphs, Statistical analysis of data. Internet and its application in Research-Literature survey, Online submission of manuscript for publication Ethics in animal research: The ethical and sensitive care and use of animals in research, teaching and testing, Approval from Institutional animal ethics Committee Ethics in clinical research: Approval from Clinical Research Ethics Committee Informed consent Approval from concerned/ appropriate authorities: National Biodiversity Authority. State Biodiversity Board Forest 		 experiments or surveys, Preparing research/study design including methodology and execution (Appropriate controls, sample size, technically sound, free from bias, repeat experiments for consistency), Documentation of data, Data analysis and interpretation, Results and Conclusions Dissemination of data:Reporting results to scientific community (Publication in peer- reviewed journals, thesis, dissertation, reports, oral presentation, poster presentation) 		
 3.2 Scientific writing: Structure and components of a research paper:(Preparation of manuscript for publication of research paper- Title, Authors and their affiliations, Abstract, Keywords and Abbreviations, Introduction, Material and Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusions, Acknowledgement, Bibliography; Figures, Tables and their legends 3.3 Writing a review paper Structure and components of research report: Report writing, Types of report Computer application:Plotting of graphs, Statistical analysis of data. Internet and its application in Research-Literature survey, Online submission of manuscript for publication Ethics in animal research: The ethical and sensitive care and use of animals in research, teaching and testing, Approval from Institutional animal ethics Committee Ethics in clinical research: Approval from Clinical Research Ethics Committee Informed consent Approval from concerned/ appropriate authorities: National Biodiversity Authority State Biodiversity Board Forest 		 Application of knowledge: Basic research, Applied research, Translational research, Patent 		
 Structure and components of a research paper:(Preparation of manuscript for publication of research paper- Title, Authors and their affiliations, Abstract, Keywords and Abbreviations, Introduction, Material and Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusions, Acknowledgement, Bibliography; Figures, Tables and their legends 3.3 Writing a review paper O3L O5hn Structure and components of research report: Report writing, Types of report Computer application:Plotting of graphs, Statistical analysis of data. Internet and its application in Research-Literature survey, Online submission of manuscript for publication Ethics Ethics in animal research: The ethical and sensitive care and use of animals in research, teaching and testing, Approval from Institutional animal ethics Committee Ethics in clinical research: Approval from Clinical Research Ethics Committee Informed consent Approval from concerned/ appropriate authorities: National Biodiversity. Authority. State Biodiversity. Board Errest 	3.2	Scientific writing:	04L	10hrs
3.3 Writing a review paper 03L 03L 05hr • Structure and components of research report: Report writing, Types of report • Computer application:Plotting of graphs, Statistical analysis of data. Internet and its application in Research-Literature survey, Online submission of manuscript for publication 03L 05hr 3.4 Ethics 03L 03L 05hr • Ethics in animal research: The ethical and sensitive care and use of animals in research, teaching and testing, Approval from Institutional animal ethics Committee 03L 05hr • Ethics in clinical research: Approval from Clinical Research Ethics Committee Informed consent • Approval from concerned/ appropriate authorities: National Biodiversity, Authority, State, Biodiversity, Board, Forest • State		• Structure and components of a research paper:(Preparation of manuscript for publication of research paper- Title, Authors and their affiliations, Abstract, Keywords and Abbreviations, Introduction, Material and Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusions, Acknowledgement, Bibliography; Figures, Tables and their legends		
 Structure and components of research report: Report writing, Types of report Computer application:Plotting of graphs, Statistical analysis of data. Internet and its application in Research-Literature survey, Online submission of manuscript for publication 3.4 Ethics O3L O5h Ethics in animal research: The ethical and sensitive care and use of animals in research, teaching and testing, Approval from Institutional animal ethics Committee Ethics in clinical research: Approval from Clinical Research Ethics Committee Informed consent Approval from concerned/ appropriate authorities: National Biodiversity Authority State Biodiversity Board Forest 	3.3	Writing a review paper	03L	05hrs
 3.4 Ethics Ethics in animal research: The ethical and sensitive care and use of animals in research, teaching and testing, Approval from Institutional animal ethics Committee Ethics in clinical research: Approval from Clinical Research Ethics Committee Informed consent Approval from concerned/ appropriate authorities: National Biodiversity Authority State Biodiversity Board Forest 		 Structure and components of research report: Report writing, Types of report Computer application:Plotting of graphs, Statistical analysis of data. Internet and its application in Research-Literature survey, Online submission of manuscript for publication 		
 Ethics in animal research: The ethical and sensitive care and use of animals in research, teaching and testing, Approval from Institutional animal ethics Committee Ethics in clinical research: Approval from Clinical Research Ethics Committee Informed consent Approval from concerned/ appropriate authorities: National Biodiversity Authority State Biodiversity Board Forest 	3.4	Ethics	03L	05hrs
 Department Conflict of interest 		 Ethics in animal research: The ethical and sensitive care and use of animals in research, teaching and testing, Approval from Institutional animal ethics Committee Ethics in clinical research: Approval from Clinical Research Ethics Committee Informed consent Approval from concerned/ appropriate authorities: National Biodiversity Authority, State Biodiversity Board, Forest Department Conflict of interest 		
3.5Plagiarism01L02h	3.5	Plagiarism	01L	02hrs

	SEMESTER IV		
Sr. No	USZO401 COURSE-8	No. of lect allotted	Learning pleasure
	Practical USZOP4 (Course VIII)		
1	 Study of population density by Line transect method & Quadrant method and calculate different diversity indices. A. Index of Dominance B. Index of frequency C. Rarity Index D. Shannon Index E. Index of species diversity 		
2	Study of Prokaryotic cells (bacteria) by Crystal violet staining technique		
3	Study of Eukaryotic cells (WBCs) from blood smear by Leishman's stain		
4	Identification and study of fossils a. Arthropods: Trilobite b. Mollusca: Ammonite c. Aves: Archaeopteryx		
5	a) Allopatric speciation (Cyprinodont species)b) Sympatric speciation (Hawthorn fly and Apple maggot fly)c) Parapatric speciation (Snail)		
6	Bibliography/ Abstract writing		
7	Preparation of Power Point Presentation		

Sr.No.	USZO402 Course IX	No.of lects	Learning
		allotted	pleasure
	Unit 1: Cell Biology	15L	24hrs
	 Objectives: ➤ To study the structural and functional organization of cell with an emphasis on nucleus, plasma membrane and cytoskeleton. 		
	 Desired outcomes: Learner would acquire insight of transport mechanisms for the maintenance and composition of cell 		
1.1	 Introduction to cell biology Definition and scope Cell theory Generalized prokaryotic , eukaryotic cell: size, shape and structure 	02L	04hrs
1.2	 Nucleus Size, shape, number and position Structure and functions of interphase nucleus Ultrastructure of nuclear membrane and pore complex Nucleolus: general organization, chemical composition & functions Nuclear sap/ nuclear matrix¬ Nucleocytoplasmic interactions 	05L	06hrs
1.3	Plasma membranea. Fluid Mosaic Modelb. Junctional complexesc. Membrane receptorsd. Modifications: Microvilli and Desmosomes	04L	08hrs
1.4	Transport across membranea. Diffusion and Osmosisb. Transport: Passive and Activec. Endocytosis and ExocytosisCytoskeletal structures Microtubules: Composition and functions	02L	04hrs
	Microfilaments: Composition and functions	151)Qhuq
	Unit: 2: Endomembrane System	15L	201115
	 Objectives: To acquaint the learner with ultrastructure of cell organelles and their functions 		
	 Desired outcomes: Learner would appreciate the intricacy of endomembrane system. Learner would understand the interlinking of endomembrane system for functioning of cell 		
2.1	 Endoplasmic reticulum: General morphology of endomembrane system Morphology and Types of ER Biogenesis of ER Functions of RER and SER 	01L	03hrs
2.2	Golgi complex: Morphology of Golgi complex, Cytochemistry .Functions of Golgi complex	06L	10hrs

	Protein Glycosylation,		
	Lipid and Polysaccharide Metabolism		
	Protein Sorting and Secretion		
	Golgi anti-apoptotic protein (GAAP)		
2.3	Lysosomes: Origin, occurrence and polymorphism	08L	15hrs
	Functions of lysosomes:		
	Peroxisomes: Origin, morphology & functions		
2.4	Mitochondria: Morphology and chemical composition of		
2.4	mitochondria Bioenergetics		
	Chemical energy & ATP		
	Glycolysis		
	• Krebs cycle		
	Respiratory chain and Oxidative phosphorylation		
		15L	30hrs
	Unit: 3 Biomolecules		••••••
	Objectives:		
	To give learner insight into the structure of biomolecules, \neg and their		
	role in sustenance of life		
	Desired outcomes:		
	The learner will realize the importance of biomolecules and \neg their		
	clinical significance		
3.1	Biomolecules : Concept of Micromolecules and Macromolecules	02L	05hrs
3.1	Biomolecules : Concept of Micromolecules and Macromolecules	02L	05hrs
3.1 3.2	Biomolecules : Concept of Micromolecules and Macromolecules Carbohydrates: Definition Classification, Properties and Isomerism,¬	02L 04L	05hrs 08hrs
3.1 3.2	Biomolecules : Concept of Micromolecules and Macromolecules Carbohydrates: Definition Classification, Properties and Isomerism,¬ Glycosidic bond Structure of¬	02L 04L	05hrs 08hrs
3.1 3.2	Biomolecules : Concept of Micromolecules and Macromolecules Carbohydrates: Definition Classification, Properties and Isomerism,¬ Glycosidic bond Structure of¬ a. Monosaccharides- Glucose and Fructose	02L 04L	05hrs 08hrs
3.1	Biomolecules : Concept of Micromolecules and Macromolecules Carbohydrates: Definition Classification, Properties and Isomerism,¬ Glycosidic bond Structure of¬ a. Monosaccharides- Glucose and Fructose b. Oligo-saccharides - Lactose and Sucrose	02L 04L	05hrs 08hrs
3.1	Biomolecules : Concept of Micromolecules and Macromolecules Carbohydrates: Definition Classification, Properties and Isomerism,¬ Glycosidic bond Structure of¬ a. Monosaccharides- Glucose and Fructose b. Oligo-saccharides - Lactose and Sucrose c. Polysaccharides - Cellulose, Starch, Glycogen and Chitin Biological	02L 04L	05hrs 08hrs
3.1	Biomolecules : Concept of Micromolecules and Macromolecules Carbohydrates: Definition Classification, Properties and Isomerism,¬ Glycosidic bond Structure of¬ a. Monosaccharides- Glucose and Fructose b. Oligo-saccharides - Lactose and Sucrose c. Polysaccharides - Cellulose, Starch, Glycogen and Chitin Biological role and their Clinical significance	02L 04L	05hrs 08hrs
3.1 3.2 3.3	 Biomolecules : Concept of Micromolecules and Macromolecules Carbohydrates: Definition Classification, Properties and Isomerism,¬ Glycosidic bond Structure of¬ a. Monosaccharides- Glucose and Fructose b. Oligo-saccharides - Lactose and Sucrose c. Polysaccharides - Cellulose, Starch, Glycogen and Chitin Biological role and their Clinical significance Amino Acids and Proteins: Basic structure of amino acid 	02L 04L	05hrs 08hrs 08hrs
3.1 3.2 3.3	 Biomolecules : Concept of Micromolecules and Macromolecules Carbohydrates: Definition Classification, Properties and Isomerism, Glycosidic bond Structure of a. Monosaccharides- Glucose and Fructose b. Oligo-saccharides - Lactose and Sucrose c. Polysaccharides - Cellulose, Starch, Glycogen and Chitin Biological role and their Clinical significance Amino Acids and Proteins: Basic structure of amino acid, classification of amino acids. Essential and Non-essential amino 	02L 04L 05L	05hrs 08hrs 08hrs
3.1 3.2 3.3	 Biomolecules : Concept of Micromolecules and Macromolecules Carbohydrates: Definition Classification, Properties and Isomerism, Glycosidic bond Structure of a. Monosaccharides- Glucose and Fructose b. Oligo-saccharides - Lactose and Sucrose c. Polysaccharides - Cellulose, Starch, Glycogen and Chitin Biological role and their Clinical significance Amino Acids and Proteins: Basic structure of amino acid, classification of amino acids, Essential and Non-essential amino acids. Peptide bond. Protein conformation: Primary. Secondary 	02L 04L 05L	05hrs 08hrs 08hrs
3.1 3.2 3.3	 Biomolecules : Concept of Micromolecules and Macromolecules Carbohydrates: Definition Classification, Properties and Isomerism, Glycosidic bond Structure of a. Monosaccharides- Glucose and Fructose b. Oligo-saccharides - Glucose and Sucrose c. Polysaccharides - Cellulose, Starch, Glycogen and Chitin Biological role and their Clinical significance Amino Acids and Proteins: Basic structure of amino acid, classification of amino acids, Essential and Non-essential amino acids, Peptide bond, Protein conformation: Primary, Secondary, Tertiary, Ouaternary 	02L 04L 05L	05hrs 08hrs 08hrs
3.1 3.2 3.3	 Biomolecules : Concept of Micromolecules and Macromolecules Carbohydrates: Definition Classification, Properties and Isomerism, Glycosidic bond Structure of a. Monosaccharides - Glucose and Fructose b. Oligo-saccharides - Lactose and Sucrose c. Polysaccharides - Cellulose, Starch, Glycogen and Chitin Biological role and their Clinical significance Amino Acids and Proteins: Basic structure of amino acid, classification of amino acids, Essential and Non-essential amino acids, Peptide bond, Protein conformation: Primary, Secondary, Tertiary, Quaternary Types of proteins – Structural (Collagen) and functional proteins 	02L 04L 05L	05hrs 08hrs 08hrs
3.1 3.2 3.3	 Biomolecules : Concept of Micromolecules and Macromolecules Carbohydrates: Definition Classification, Properties and Isomerism, Glycosidic bond Structure of a. Monosaccharides- Glucose and Fructose b. Oligo-saccharides - Lactose and Sucrose c. Polysaccharides - Cellulose, Starch, Glycogen and Chitin Biological role and their Clinical significance Amino Acids and Proteins: Basic structure of amino acid, classification of amino acids, Essential and Non-essential amino acids, Peptide bond, Protein conformation: Primary, Secondary, Tertiary, Quaternary Types of proteins – Structural (Collagen) and functional proteins (Hemoglobin) 	02L 04L 05L	05hrs 08hrs 08hrs
3.1 3.2 3.3	 Biomolecules : Concept of Micromolecules and Macromolecules Carbohydrates: Definition Classification, Properties and Isomerism, Glycosidic bond Structure of a. Monosaccharides- Glucose and Fructose b. Oligo-saccharides - Lactose and Sucrose c. Polysaccharides - Cellulose, Starch, Glycogen and Chitin Biological role and their Clinical significance Amino Acids and Proteins: Basic structure of amino acid, classification of amino acids, Essential and Non-essential amino acids, Peptide bond, Protein conformation: Primary, Secondary, Tertiary, Quaternary Types of proteins – Structural (Collagen) and functional proteins (Hemoglobin) role and their Clinical significance 	02L 04L 05L	05hrs 08hrs 08hrs
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	 Biomolecules : Concept of Micromolecules and Macromolecules Carbohydrates: Definition Classification, Properties and Isomerism, Glycosidic bond Structure of a. Monosaccharides- Glucose and Fructose b. Oligo-saccharides - Lactose and Sucrose c. Polysaccharides - Cellulose, Starch, Glycogen and Chitin Biological role and their Clinical significance Amino Acids and Proteins: Basic structure of amino acid, classification of amino acids, Essential and Non-essential amino acids, Peptide bond, Protein conformation: Primary, Secondary, Tertiary, Quaternary Types of proteins – Structural (Collagen) and functional proteins (Hemoglobin) role and their Clinical significance Lipids: Definition, classification of lipids with examples, Ester linkage 	02L 04L 05L 04L	05hrs 08hrs 08hrs 08hrs 08hrs
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	 Biomolecules : Concept of Micromolecules and Macromolecules Carbohydrates: Definition Classification, Properties and Isomerism, Glycosidic bond Structure of a. Monosaccharides- Glucose and Fructose b. Oligo-saccharides - Lactose and Sucrose c. Polysaccharides - Cellulose, Starch, Glycogen and Chitin Biological role and their Clinical significance Amino Acids and Proteins: Basic structure of amino acid, classification of amino acids, Essential and Non-essential amino acids, Peptide bond, Protein conformation: Primary, Secondary, Tertiary, Quaternary Types of proteins – Structural (Collagen) and functional proteins (Hemoglobin) role and their Clinical significance Lipids: Definition, classification of lipids with examples, Ester linkage Physical and Chemical properties of lipids, 	02L 04L 05L 04L	05hrs 08hrs 08hrs 08hrs 08hrs
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	 Biomolecules : Concept of Micromolecules and Macromolecules Carbohydrates: Definition Classification, Properties and Isomerism, ¬ Glycosidic bond Structure of ¬ a. Monosaccharides- Glucose and Fructose b. Oligo-saccharides - Lactose and Sucrose c. Polysaccharides - Cellulose, Starch, Glycogen and Chitin Biological role and their Clinical significance Amino Acids and Proteins: Basic structure of amino acid, classification of amino acids, Essential and Non-essential amino acids, Peptide bond, Protein conformation: Primary, Secondary, Tertiary, Quaternary Types of proteins − Structural (Collagen) and functional proteins (Hemoglobin) role and their Clinical significance Lipids: Definition, classification of lipids with examples, Ester linkage Physical and Chemical properties of lipids, Saturated and Unsaturated fatty acids , Essential fatty acids 	02L 04L 05L 04L	05hrs 08hrs 08hrs 08hrs 08hrs
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	 Biomolecules : Concept of Micromolecules and Macromolecules Carbohydrates: Definition Classification, Properties and Isomerism, Glycosidic bond Structure of a. Monosaccharides- Glucose and Fructose b. Oligo-saccharides - Lactose and Sucrose c. Polysaccharides - Cellulose, Starch, Glycogen and Chitin Biological role and their Clinical significance Amino Acids and Proteins: Basic structure of amino acid, classification of amino acids, Essential and Non-essential amino acids, Peptide bond, Protein conformation: Primary, Secondary, Tertiary, Quaternary Types of proteins − Structural (Collagen) and functional proteins (Hemoglobin) role and their Clinical significance Lipids: Definition, classification of lipids with examples, Ester linkage Physical and Chemical properties of lipids, Saturated and Unsaturated fatty acids , Essential fatty acids Triacylglycerols, Phospholipids (Lecithin and Cephalin) and Steroids 	02L 04L 05L	05hrs 08hrs 08hrs 08hrs 08hrs
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	 Biomolecules : Concept of Micromolecules and Macromolecules Carbohydrates: Definition Classification, Properties and Isomerism, ¬ Glycosidic bond Structure of ¬ a. Monosaccharides - Glucose and Fructose b. Oligo-saccharides - Lactose and Sucrose c. Polysaccharides - Cellulose, Starch, Glycogen and Chitin Biological role and their Clinical significance Amino Acids and Proteins: Basic structure of amino acid, classification of amino acids, Essential and Non-essential amino acids, Peptide bond, Protein conformation: Primary, Secondary, Tertiary, Quaternary Types of proteins – Structural (Collagen) and functional proteins (Hemoglobin) role and their Clinical significance Lipids: Definition, classification of lipids with examples, Ester linkage Physical and Chemical properties of lipids, Saturated and Unsaturated fatty acids , Essential fatty acids Triacylglycerols, Phospholipids (Lecithin and Cephalin) and Steroids (Cholesterol). 	02L 04L 05L 04L	05hrs 08hrs 08hrs 08hrs 08hrs
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	 Biomolecules : Concept of Micromolecules and Macromolecules Carbohydrates: Definition Classification, Properties and Isomerism, ¬ Glycosidic bond Structure of ¬ a. Monosaccharides - Glucose and Fructose b. Oligo-saccharides - Lactose and Sucrose c. Polysaccharides - Cellulose, Starch, Glycogen and Chitin Biological role and their Clinical significance Amino Acids and Proteins: Basic structure of amino acid, classification of amino acids, Essential and Non-essential amino acids, Peptide bond, Protein conformation: Primary, Secondary, Tertiary, Quaternary Types of proteins – Structural (Collagen) and functional proteins (Hemoglobin) role and their Clinical significance Lipids: Definition, classification of lipids with examples, Ester linkage Physical and Chemical properties of lipids, Saturated and Unsaturated fatty acids , Essential fatty acids Triacylglycerols, Phospholipids (Lecithin and Cephalin) and Steroids (Cholesterol). Biological role and their Clinical significance 	02L 04L 05L	05hrs 08hrs 08hrs 08hrs 08hrs
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5	 Biomolecules : Concept of Micromolecules and Macromolecules Carbohydrates: Definition Classification, Properties and Isomerism, ¬ Glycosidic bond Structure of ¬ a. Monosaccharides- Glucose and Fructose b. Oligo-saccharides - Lactose and Sucrose c. Polysaccharides - Cellulose, Starch, Glycogen and Chitin Biological role and their Clinical significance Amino Acids and Proteins: Basic structure of amino acid, classification of amino acids, Essential and Non-essential amino acids, Peptide bond, Protein conformation: Primary, Secondary, Tertiary, Quaternary Types of proteins − Structural (Collagen) and functional proteins (Hemoglobin) role and their Clinical significance Lipids: Definition, classification of lipids with examples, Ester linkage Physical and Chemical properties of lipids, Saturated and Unsaturated fatty acids , Essential fatty acids Triacylglycerols, Phospholipids (Lecithin and Cephalin) and Steroids (Cholesterol). Biological role and their Clinical significance Vitamins: Water soluble vitamins(e.g. Vit C, Vit B12) 	02L 04L 05L 04L 04L	05hrs 08hrs 08hrs 08hrs 08hrs 05hrs
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5	 Biomolecules : Concept of Micromolecules and Macromolecules Carbohydrates: Definition Classification, Properties and Isomerism,¬ Glycosidic bond Structure of¬ a. Monosaccharides - Glucose and Fructose b. Oligo-saccharides - Lactose and Sucrose c. Polysaccharides - Cellulose, Starch, Glycogen and Chitin Biological role and their Clinical significance Amino Acids and Proteins: Basic structure of amino acid, classification of amino acids, Essential and Non-essential amino acids, Peptide bond, Protein conformation: Primary, Secondary, Tertiary, Quaternary Types of proteins – Structural (Collagen) and functional proteins (Hemoglobin) role and their Clinical significance Lipids: Definition, classification of lipids with examples, Ester linkage Physical and Chemical properties of lipids, Saturated and Unsaturated fatty acids , Essential fatty acids Triacylglycerols, Phospholipids (Lecithin and Cephalin) and Steroids (Cholesterol). Biological role and their Clinical significance Vitamins: Water soluble vitamins(e.g. Vit C, Vit B12) Lipid soluble vitamins (e.g. Vit A, Vit D) 	02L 04L 05L 04L 04L	05hrs 08hrs 08hrs 08hrs 08hrs 08hrs 08hrs 08hrs

	SEMESTER IV		
	Practical USZOP4 (Course VIII)		
1	Study of permeability of cell through plasma membrane (Osmosis in blood cells)		
2	Measurement of cell diameter by occulometer (by using permanent slide)		
3	Qualitative tests for carbohydrates (Molisch's test, Benedicts test, Barfoed's test, Anthrone test)		
4	Qualitative tests for protein (Ninhydrin test, Biuret test, Millon's test, Xanthoproteic test)		
5	Qualitative test for lipids (Solubility test, Sudan III test)		
6	Study of rancidity of lipids by titrimetric method		
7	Ultra structure of cell organelles (Electron micrographs) a. Nucleus b. Endoplasmic reticulum (Smooth and Rough) c. Mitochondria. d. Golgi apparatus e. Lysosomes		
8.	Study of clinical disorders due to carbohydrates, proteins and lipid imbalance (Photograph to be provided / significance to given and disorder to be identified) a. Hyperglycemia, Hypoglycemia. b. Thalassemia, Kwashiorkar c. Obesity, Atherosclerosis		
	USZOE1403 COURSE-10A		
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	Comparative Embryology, Aspects of Human		
	Reproduction, Pollution and its effect on organisms		
	UNIT 1: Comparative Embryology	15L	25hrs
	Objective:		
	To acquaint the learner with key concepts of embryology.		
	Desired Outcomes:		
	Learner will be able to understand and compare the different		
	pre- embryonic stages		
	Learner will be able to appreciate the functional aspects of		
	extra embryonic membranes andclassify the different types of		
	placentae.		
1.1	Types of Eggs- Based on amount and distribution of yolk	2L	4hrs
1.2	Structure and Types of Sperms	2L	4hr
1.3	Types of Cleavages Holoblastic and Meroblastic	2L	4hrs
1.4	> Types	1L	4hrs
1.5	> Gastrulation	2L	4hrs
1.6	Coelom -Formation and types	4L	6hrs

	UNIT 2: Aspects of Human Reproduction	15L	30 hrs
	Objectives:		
	> To acquaint the learners with different aspects of human		
	reproduction.		
	> To make them aware of the causes of infertility, techniques		
	to overcome infertility and the concept of birthcontrol		
	Desired Outcome:		
	Learners will able to understand human reproductive		
	physiology		
	> Learners will become familiar with advances in ART and		
	related ethical issues.		
2.1	Human Reproductive system and Hormonal regulation	2L	4hrs
	Anatomy of human male and female reproductive system		
	Hormonalregulation of Reproduction and Impact of age on		
	reproduction-Menopause and Andropause		
2.2	Contraception & birth control	2L	4hrs
	Difference between contraception and birth control		
	 Natural Methods: Abstinence, Rhythm method, 		
	Temperature method, cervical mucus or Billings method,		
	Coitus interruptus, Lactation amenorrhea		
	Artificial methods: Barrier methods, Hormonal methods,		
	Intrauterine contraceptives, Sterilization, Termination,		
	Abortion		
2.3	Infertility	4L	8hrs
	Female infertility		
	Causes - Failure to ovulate; production of infertile eggs;		
	damage to oviducts (oviduct scarring and PID or Pelvic		
	inflammatory disease, TB of oviduct), Uterus (T. B. of		
	uterus and cervix)		
	Infertility associated disorders (Endometriosis, Polycystic		
	Ovarian syndrome (PCOS), POF (Primary ovarian failure)		
	STDs (Gonorrhea, Chlamydia, Syphilis and Genital Herpes);		
	Antibodies to sperm; Genetic causes-Recurrent abortions;		
	Role of endocrine disruptors		
	Male infertility		
	Causes : Testicular failure, infections of epididymis, seminal		
	vesicles or prostate, hypogonadism, cryptorchidism, congenital		
	abnormalities, Varicocele, Blockage, Azoospermia,		
	disorders and Idiopathic infertility.		

2.5	Treatment of Infertility	7L	8hrs
	Removal /reduction of causative environmental factors		
	Surgical treatment		
	Hormonal treatment- Fertility drugs		
	 Assisted Reproductive Technology 		
	In vitro fertilization, Embryo transfer (ET), Intra-fallopian		
	transfer (IFT), Intrauterine transfer (IUT), Gamete intra-		
	fallopian transfer (GIFT), intra-zygote transfer (ZIFT),		
	Intracytoplasmic sperm injection (ICSI) with ejaculated		
	sperm and sperm retrieved from testicular biopsies –		
	Testicular sperm extraction (TESE), Pronuclear stage		
	transfer (PROST).		
	 Sperm banks, cryopreservation of gametes and embryos 		
	Surrogacy		
	UNIT3: Pollution and its effect on organisms	15L	27hrs
3	7 ^{Objective} :		
	'> To provide a panoramic view of impact of human activities		
	leading to pollution and its implications.		
	Desired Outcome:		
	> The learners will be sensitized about the adverse effects of		
	pollution and measures to control it.		
3.1	Air Pollution	3L	6hrs
	> Types and sources of air pollutants		
	 Effects and control measures 		
3.2	Water Pollution	3L	6hrs
	> Types and sources of water pollutants		
	Effects and control measures		
2.2			4
3.3	Soil Pollution	3L	4hrs
	> Types and sources of soil pollutants		
	Effects and control measures		
3.4	Noise pollution	1L	3hrs
	Different sources of sound pollution		
	 Effects and control measures 		
3.5	Pollution by radioactive substances	1L	2hrs
3.6	Pollution by solid wastes	2L	4hrs
	\succ Types and sources,		
	➢ Effects and control		
3.7	Pollution – Climate Change and Global Warming	2L	2hrs

	Practical USZOE1P4 (Course XA)
1	Estimation of Dissolved oxygen from the given water sample .
2	Estimation of Salinity by refractometer from the given water sample.
3	Estimation of conductivity by conductometer from the given water sample .
4	Determination of blood pressure by spyghmomanometer.
5	Detection of Creatinine in urine.
6	Determination of blood sugar by GOD and POD method
7	Study of bleeding time and clotting time.
8	Study of the following permanent slides, museum specimens and materials.
	a. Mammalian sperm and ovum.
	b. Egg types –Fish eggs, Frog eggs, Hen's egg.
	c. Cleavage, blastula and gastrula (Amphioxus, Frog and Bird).
9	Study of commercially important fishery (Catla, Rohu, Catfish, Mackerel, Pomfret,
	Bombay duck, Prawn/ Shrimp, Crab, Lobster, Edible oyster)
10	Review writing based on programmes telecast by Doordarshan, Discovery channel,
	Gyandarshan, UGC programmes, Animal planet
11	Study of natural ecosystem and field report of the visit

	USZOE2403 COURSE-10B		
	Dairy Industry, sericulture, Aquaculture		
	UNIT 1: Dairy Industry	15L	25hrs
	 Objective: ➤ To comprehend the functioning of various aspects of dairy industry. ➤ To study different indigenous and exotic cattle breeds and buffalo breeds in India. ➤ To develop an understanding of the different systems of breeding and various aspects dealing with housing of dairy animals. 		
	 Desired Outcomes: Learner shall gain knowledge on the functioning of various aspects of dairy industry, indigenous, exotic cattle and buffalo breeds in India. Learner shall study different systems of breeding and gain information regarding various aspects pertaining to housing of dairy animals. 		
1.1	Definition Indian Cattle breeds > Malvi > Hariyana > Deoni > Red sindhi > Khillari	2L	8hrs
1.2	Exotic breeds > Jersy > Holstein	2L	4hr
1.3	Indian buffalo breeds > Nagpuri > Bhadawari > Murrah > Jafrabadi	2L	4hrs
1.4	Systems of inbreeding and crossbreeding	1L	4hrs
1.6	Cleaning and sanitation	2L	бhrs
1.7	Weaning of calf, castration and dehorning	2L	4hrs
1.8	Diseases and control	2L	4hrs
	UNIT 2: Sericulture	15L	30 hrs
	 Objectives: To comprehend the functioning of sericulture industry and its scope in India. To study the varieties of silk-worms and host plants. To critically study the life history and rearing of Bombyxmori, harvesting, processing of cocoon, production 		

	of silk and diseases afflicting silk-worms.		
	 Desired Outcome: ➤ Learner shall understand the basics of the functioning of sericulture industry and its scope in India. ➤ Learner shall gain knowledge on the varieties of silk-worms, host-plants and aspects on silk extraction and the diseases afflicting silk-worms. 		
2.1	Introduction and its scope	2L	4hrs
2.2	Verities of silk worm, host plants	2L	4hrs
2.3	Life history and rearing of <i>Bombyxmori</i>	2L	8hrs
2.4	Harvesting and processing of cocoon	2L	4hrs
2.5	Reeling and extraction of silk	3L	4hrs
2.6	Diseases and control measures	3L	4hrs
	UNIT3: Aquaculture	15L	27hrs
	 Objective: To comprehend various kinds of aquaculture practices and its scope as fishery resource in India. To study various techniques employed in aquaculture practices 		
	 Desired Outcome: Learner shall understand the aquaculture practices and the scope of fishery in India. Learner will gain knowledge of various techniques employed in aquaculture practices. 		
3.1	 Pisiculture a) Definition and scope of fishery resources in India b) Finfish culture > Monoculture > Polyculture c) Role of exotic fishes in polyculture d) Cage culture e) Induced breeding f) Fish seed transport, fish diseases, their symptoms and control 	5L	6hrs
3.2	 Prawn/shrimp culture a) Giant fresh water prawn (<i>Macrobrachiumrosenbergii</i>) b) white shrimp(<i>Penaeusvannamei</i>) c) Sources, seed, culture methods 	5L	6hrs
3.3	Pearl culturea) Pearl producing species and their distributionb) Pearl culture methods	5L	4hrs

	Practical USZOE2P4 (Course XB)
1	Comparison of protein content from cow's milk and buffalo's milk.
2	Comparison of fat content from cow's milk and buffalo's milk.
3	Preparation of falooda
4	Preparation of caramel custard.
5	Restraining devices used in cattle farming- Halters, gags, bull-rings, muzzeles, cradle, crush, ropes
6	Life cycle of Bombyx morri
7	Crustacean fishery – common characters and sexual dimorphism in Lobster ,prawn, shrimp ,crab
8	Visit to dairy farm /aquaculture and submit report of the same.

Note -The practicals may be conducted by using specimens authorised by the wildlife and such other regulating authorities though it is strongly recommended that the same should be taught by using photographs/audio-visual aids/ simulations / models, etc. as recommended by the UGC and asenvisaged in the regulations of the relevant monitoring bodies. No new specimens, however, shall be procured for the purpose of conducting practicals mentioned here-in-above. #There shall be at least one excursion/field trip.

N.B:

I) It is pertinent to note that we have to adhere strictly to the directions as given in the UGC Circular F14-4/2006 (CPP-II).

II)Apart from the institutional Animal Ethics Committee (IAEC) and any other Committee appointed by a Competent Authority/Body from time to time, every college should constitute the following Committees :

- 1) A Committee for the Purpose of Care and Supervision of Experimental Animals (CPCSEA) and
- 2) A Dissection Monitoring Committee (DMC)

Composition of DMC shall be as follows :

- i) Head of the Concerned Department (Convener/Chairperson)
- ii) Two Senior Faculty Members of the concerned Department
- iii) One Faculty of related department from the same College

One or two members of related department from neighboring colleges.

USE OF ANIMALS FOR ANY EXPERIMENT/DISSECTIONS/MOUNTING IS BANNED. SIMULATIONS, AUTHORISED PERMANENT SPECIMENS/SLIDES, CHARTS, MODELS AND OTHER INNOVATIVE METHODS ARE ENCOURAGED.

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION (THEORY)

- (a) External assessment of one hundred (100) marks per course per semester should be conducted as per the following skeleton question paper pattern.
- (c) One practical examination of fifty (50) marks per course each should be conducted at the end of every semester.

SKELETON- EXAMINATION PATTERN FOR THE ABOVE SYLLABUS

All Questions are compulsory Figures to the right indicate full marks

Time: 3 hours

Total marks: 100

Q1	Objective*	20 marks
Q.2.	UNIT 1	20 marks
	Answer any four out of eight (5 marks each)	
Q.3.	UNIT 2	20 marks
	a. Answer any one of the two (10 marks)	
	b. Answer any two out of the four (5 marks each)	
Q.4.	UNIT 3	20 marks
	Answer any two out of four (10 marks each)	
Q.5.	a. Unit 1 - (One note of five marks OR objective type questions)	20 marks
	b. Unit 2 - (One note of five marks OR objective type questions)	
	c. Unit 3- (One note of five marks OR objective type questions)	

Note:

1) *For Question No. 01 it is recommended to have objective questions on all units, such as -

- (a) Match the column
- (c) Give one word for

- (b) MCQ
- (d) True and False

(e) Define the term

(f) Answer in one sentence etc

2) Under Question No. 05 there should be one note of five marks with internal or of five objective questions each of 01 mark. This pattern is applicable to all three sub-questions.

Semester –III REFERENCE BOOKS AND ADDITIONAL READING

COURSE-V (USZO301)

- 1. Principles of Genetics. Gardner, E.J., Simmons, M.J and Snustad, D.P. John Wiley and Sons
- 2. Concepts of Genetics. Klug, W.S., Cummings M.R., Spencer, C.A. Benjamin Cummings
- 3. Genetics- A Molecular Approach. Russell, P. J Benjamin Cummings
- 4. Genetics: Analysis of Genes and Genomes. Daniel L., Hartl, Elizabeth W. Jones Jones& Bartlett Publishers
- **5.** Introduction to Genetic Analysis. Griffiths, A.J.F., Wessler. S.R., Lewontin, R.C. and Carroll, S.B. W. H. Freeman and Co
- 6. Cell Biology Genetics, Molecular Biology Evolution and Ecology Verma P.S. and Agrawal P.K.,
 - 9thedition, S. Chand Publication, New Delhi
- 7. Principles of Genetics Eight edition- Eldon john Gardner, Michael J. Simmons, D. Peter Snustad
- 8. Genetics- Weaver, Hedrick, third edition, McGraw Hill Education
- 9. Genetics A Mendelian approach Peter J.Russel, Pearson Benjamin Cummings
- **10.** Genetics A conceptual approach, Benjamin A. Pierce, Southwestern University, W.H. Freeman and company, New York
- 11. Genetics, Third Edition, Monroe W. Strickberger
- **12.** Genetics from gene to genome, third edition, LeelandH.Hartwell, Leeroy Hood, Michael 7. L. Goldberg, Ann E. Reynolds, Lee M. Silver, McGraw Hill Education

COURSE-VI (USZO302)

- 1. Vertebrate Zoology Volume I- Jordan and Verma, S. Chand and Co.
- 2. Invertebrate Zoology Volume II- Jordan and Verma, S. Chand and Co.
- 3. Invertebrate Zoology- Majupuria T. C., Nagin S.and Co.
- 4. Chordate Zoology- Dhami P. S. and Dhami J. K. , R. Chand and Co.
- 5. Invertebrate Zoology- Dhami P. S. and Dhami J. K., R. Chand and Co.
- 6. Introduction to Vertebrates- Moore Cambridge University- Low Priced Edition.
- 7. Zoology- Miller S. A. and Harley J. B., Tata McGraw Hill.
- 8. Modern Textbook of Zoology, Invertebrates, Kotpal R. L
- 9. Biological Science, Taylor D.J., Stout G.W., Green N.P.O, Soper R., Cambridg University Press.

COURSE-VII (USZOE1303A)

- 1. Animal Behaviour- David Mc Farland
- 2. Animal Behaviour- Mohan Arora
- 3. Animal Behaviour- Reena Mathur
 - 4. An introduction to Animal Behaviour- Dawkins
- 5. Animal Behaviour-Agarwal
- 6. Animal Behaviour- Tinbergen
- 7. Biology of Insects- 1992 SaxenaS. C. Oxford and IBH Publishing CoNew Delhi. Bombay. Calcutta
- 8. A Text Book of Entomology- 1974Mathur V. K. and Upadhayay KGoel Printing press, Barani.
- 9. Bee and Bee Keeping- Roger A. Morse, Conell University PressLondon
- 10. Vermiculture Technology Clive A. Edwards, Norman Q. Arancon and Rhonda Sherman
- 11. Parasitology- ChatterjeeK.D., Chatterjee Medical Publishers.

- 12. Medical Parasitology- Arora
- 13. Textbook of Medical Parasitology-.C.K JayaramPaniker, Jaypee Brothers.
- 14. A text book of Parasitology- KochharS.K. Dominant Pub. & Dis, New Delhi.
- 15. Essentials of Parasitology- Gerald and Schmidt: Universal Bookstall, New Delhi.
- 16. Parasitology- Sharma P.N.andRatnuL.N., Chand S &Co.Pvt.Ltd.
- 17. Introduction to Parasitology- Chandler and Read John Wiley & Sons
- 18. Economic Zoology- Biostatistics and Animal behaviour S. Mathur, Rastogi Publicatons.
- 19. Economic Zoology- Shukla G.S. & Upadhyay V.B., Rastogi Publications.
- 20. A handbook on Economic Zoology, S.Chand& Co.

COURSE-VII (USZOE2303B)

- 1. A General textbook of entomology -- A D Imms. Asia Publication.
- 2. Agricultural insect pests and their control. V.B. Awasthi. Scientific Publication.
- 3. A manual of practical entomology. M MTrigunayat. Scientific Publication.
- 4. Applied Entomology AlakaPrakash and Fennemore. New Age Publishers.
- 5. Applied Entomology Awasthi. Scientific Publication.
- **6.** A Text book of insect morphology, physiology and endocrinology Tembhare D. B.– Chand Publication
- 7. Entomology and Pest Management –Larry P. Pedigo. Pearson Education.
- **8.** Forensic Entomology-The utility of Arthropods in legal investigations. –Jason H. Byrd and James L. Castner. CRC Press.
- 9. General and applied Entomology David and Ananthakrishnan. Tata McGraw Hill
- **10.** Insect endocrinology and physiology Tembhare D B S Chand publication.
- **11.** Insect Jewelry by Roger D. Akre., Laurel D. Hansen, and Richards S. Zack: in Summer (1991). (Online available as research article).
- 12. Insect Year Book of Agriculture- American Agriculture Department Publication.
- **13.** .
- 14. Economic Zoology- Shukla G.S. & Upadhyay V.B., Rastogi Publications.
- 15. A handbook on Economic Zoology, S. Chand & Co.
- **16.** Candler, W., & Kumar, N. (1998). India: The dairy revolution: The impact of dairy development in India and the World Bank's contribution. World Bank Publications.
- **17.** Park, Y. W., & Haenlein, G. F. (Eds.). (2013). Milk and dairy products in human nutrition: production, composition and health. John Wiley & Sons.
- **18.** Venkatasubramanian, V., Singh, A. K., & Rao, S. V. N. (2003). Dairy development in India: An appraisal of challenges and achievements. Concept Publishing Company.
- **19.** Shrivastava, J. S. M. (2008). Dairy Development In The New Millennium (The Second White Revolution). Deep and Deep Publications.
- 20. http://listverse.com/2012/12/03/10-amazing-animal-abilities/
- 21. www.toptenz.net/top-10-amazing-animals-discovered-within-the-last-decade.php
- 22. dailynewsdig.com/top-10-amazing-animal-hybrids.
- 23. https://www.pinterest.com/pin/16044142395584735/
- 24. www.naturalhistorymag.com/
- 25. https://naturalhistory.si.edu/.

MODEL QUESTION BANK SEMESTER III USZO301(COURSE V)

Question bank is suggestive. The paper setters are free to modify the questions or

include new questions to the best of their perception

Unit:1 (10 Marks)

- 1. Define genetics and explain its scope and importance.
- 2. Explain Mendel's laws of inheritance
- **3.** Describe in detail the monohybrid cross and state the Mendelian principle of inheritance derived from it. Add a note on Co-dominance
- 4. Describe in detail dihybrid cross and state the Mendelian principles of inheritance derived from it
- 5. Discuss in brief inheritance of Mendelian phenotypic traits in humans.
- 6. Describe incomplete dominance with a suitable example
- 7. Describe Co-dominance with a suitable example
- 8. What is epistasis? Give a detailed account of double dominant epistasis
- 9. What is epistasis? Give a detailed account of recessive epistasis
- 10. What is epistasis? Give a detailed account of dominant epistasis
- **11.** What is epistasis? Give a detailed account of double recessive epistasis
- 12. Explain the pattern of inheritance of recessive and dominant lethal alleles
- 13. Explain the inheritance of multiple alleles with the help of a suitable example
- 14. Describe polygenic inheritance with reference to skin colour and eye colour in man
- 15. Compare pleiotropy and polygenic inheritance
- **16.** Explain the phenomenon of linkage with respect to Morgan's Experiment. Add a note on the differences between complete and incomplete linkage
- 17. Describe the pattern of inheritance of blood group and Rh factor in man
- 18. Explain the cytological basis and molecular mechanisms of crossing over
- 19. Explain pedigree analysis of X-linked recessive traits

Unit:1 (5 Marks)

- **1.** Describe the classical concept of gene
- 2. Explain the modern concept of gene
- **3.** Differentiate between (Any two):
 - (a) Genotype and phenotype of an organism
 - (b) Dominant and recessive traits
 - (c) Gene and genome
 - (d) Homozygous and heterozygous
 - (e) Monohybrid and Dihybrid cross
 - (f) Incomplete Dominance and Co-dominance
 - (g) Multiple alleles and Polygenes
 - (h) Test cross and Backcross
- 4. Explain how probability is used to predict the results of genetic crosses
- 5. Write a note on the chromosome theory of inheritance
- **6.** Describe co-dominance with a suitable example
- 7. Give an account of the symbols used in human Pedigree analysis
- 8. Characteristics of autosomal dominant traits
- 9. Characteristics of X-linked recessive traits
- 10. Characteristics of autosomal recessive traits
- 11. Characteristics of X-linked dominant traits
- **12.** Intermediate lethal alleles

- 13. Phenylketonuria
- 14. Albinism
- **15.** Explain the inheritance of skin colour in humans
- **16.** Write a note on pleiotropy.

Unit: 2 (10 Marks).

- 1. Explain the structure of eukaryotic Chromosome
- 2. Classify chromosomes on the basis of position of centromere
- 3.Explain any two mechanisms of chromosomal basis of sex determination
- 4. Explain the inheritance of colour blindness in man
- 5. Explain sex determination in man/ Honey bee/ Birds/ Drosophila

Unit: 2 (05 Marks)

- 1. Describe the terms euchromatin and heterochromatin
- 2. Write a note on polytene chromosomes
- 3. Write a note on Lampbrush chromosomes
- 4. Write a note on salivary gland chromosome of Drosophila
- 5. Write a note on Balbiani rings
- 6. Explain endomitosis
- 7. Write a note on Gyanandromorphs
- 8. Explain the role of environment on sex determination
- 9. Explain the role of hormones in sex determination
- 10. Explain hypertrichosis
- 11. Differentiate between sex linked and sex influenced genes
- 12. Differentiate between human X and Y chromosome
- 13. Differentiate between autosomes and sex chromosomes
- 14. Write a note on Lyons hypothesis
- **15.** What are Barr bodies? Give a scientific reason that Barr bodies are present only in women and not in men
- 16. Give a scientific reason that Y chromosome is a sex determining chromosome in man
- **17.** Explain parthenogenesis
- 18. Give scientific reason that the X linked genes affect males more than females in human beings
- 19. What is centromere? Explain its role during cell division

Unit: 3 (10 marks)

- 1. Describe Griffith transformation experiment
- 2. Explain Avery, Macleod, McCarty's experiment
- 3. Give an account of Hershey Chase experiment of bacteriophage infection
- 4. Write a note on types of DNA
- 5. Explain RNA as a genetic material
- 6. Describe the process of DNA replication
- 7. Write in detail the process of transcription
- 8. Discuss the process of translation
- 9. What is gene expression? Describe the regulation of genes with Lac operon

10.

Unit 3: Write short notes on – (5 Marks)

- 1. Chemical composition of nucleic acid
- 2. A and B DNA
- 3. Plasmid
- **4.** Function of mRNA
- **5.** Function of tRNA
- 6. Genetic code
- 7. One gene one enzyme hypothesis
- 8. Concept of operon
- 9. ZDNA
- **10.** H DNA
- 11. Chromosomal DNA in prokaryotes
- 12. Mitochondrial DNA
- 13. DNA in chloroplast

USZO302 (COURSE VI)

Question bank is suggestive. The paper setters are free to modify the questions or include new questions to the best of their perception

Unit 1: (10 Marks)

- 1. Explain in detail the digestive system of earthworm.
- 2. Explain in detail the digestive system of cockroach.
- 3. Describe the digestive system in bivalve.
- 4. Describe the digestive system of pigeon.
- 5. With the help of a labeled diagram describe the structure and functions of ruminant stomach.
- 6. Explain the physiology of digestion in cockroach.
- 7. Give an account of the enzymes involved in the process of digestion in cockroach.
- 8. With the help of a labeled diagram describe the structure of mammalian kidney.
- 9. Give a detailed account of process of urine formation in man.
- 10. With the help of a labeled diagram describe the structure of septal nephridium of earthworm.

Unit 1: (05 Marks)

- 1. Write a note on nutrition apparatus in amoeba.
- 2. Describe briefly gastro-vascular cavity in hydra.
- 3. Write a note on Wheel organ of Amphioxus.
- 4. Write a note on ruminant stomach.
- 5. Write short note on digestion of proteins with respect to man.
- 6. Write short note on digestion of carbohydrates with respect to man
- 7. Write short note on digestion lipids with respect to man
- 8. Write short note contractile vacuoles as excretory and osmoregulatory structures in protozoa.
- 9. Write a note on flame cells.
- 10. Write a note on nephridia as excretory organs in earthworm.
- 11. Describe briefly excretory and osmoregulatory structures in arthropods.
- 12. Write a note on structure of kidney in fish.
- 13. Write a note on structure of amphibian kidney.
- 14. Write a note on structure of kidney in bird.
- 15. Write a note on structure of mammalian kidney.
- 16. Write a note on Ammonotelic organisms.
- 17. Write a note on Ureotelic organisms.

- 18. Write a note on Uricotelic organisms.
- 19. Write a note on ultrafiltration.

Unit 2: (10 Marks)

- 1. Describe briefly air sacs in pigeon.
- 2. Describe briefly the process of internal respiration with respect to man
- 3. Describe briefly the process of external respiration with respect to man
- 4. Give a brief account of types of circulating fluids present in animals.
- 5. Describe briefly mechanism of working of heart.
- 6. Describe briefly two chambered heart in shark.
- 7. Describe briefly structure of heart of frog.
- 8. Describe briefly heart of crocodile.
- 9. Give a brief account of heart of man.

Unit 2: (5 Marks)

- 1. Write short note on cutaneous respiration.
- 2. Write a note on Spiracle in cockroach.
- 3. Write a note on book lungs in spider.
- 4. Explain the structure of gills of bony fish
- 5. Explain the structure of gills of cartilaginous fish.
- 6. Describe briefly lungs as respiratory organs in frog.
- 7. Describe briefly lungs as respiratory organs in man.
- 8. Explain briefly accessory respiratory structure in Anabas.
- 9. Write short note on open circulation.
- 10. Write short note on closed circulation.
- 11. Write a note on heart of cockroach
- 12. Write a note on heart of earthworm.

Unit 3:(10 Marks)

- 1. Describe different types of neurons on the basis of structure and function.
- 2. Explain conduction of nerve impulse.
- 3. Briefly describe synaptic transmission.
- 4. Describe briefly hormones as chemical messenger.
- 5. Explain briefly feedback mechanism of hormone regulation.
- 6. Explain sol-gel theory of amoeboid movement.
- 7. Describe ciliary movement in *Paramecium*.
- 8. Give an account on types of wings in insects.
- 9. Explain types of fins in Pisces.
- 10. Describe sliding filament theory.
- 11. Describe briefly asexual reproduction in animals.
- 12. Describe the structure and function of tube feet.
- 13. Describe spermatogenesis.
- 14. Describe oogenesis.
- 15. Describe briefly the structure of mammalian gametes.
- 16. Give an account on types of fertilization.

Unit 3: (5 Marks)

- 1. Write a note on irritability in Paramecium.
- 2. Write a note on resting potential of nerve membrane.
- 3. Write a note on action potential of nerve membrane.
- 4. Describe different types of neurons on the basis of structure.
- 5. Describe briefly different types of neurons on the basis of functions.
- 6. Describe the structure of synapse.
- 7. Write a note on striated muscle fibre.
- 8. Describe the structure of cilia.

- 9. Give an account on types of legs in insects.
- 10. Write a note on ovo-vivipariry.
- 11. Write a note on viviparity.
- 12. Write a note on oviparity.
- 13. Describe the structure of mammalian egg.
- 14. Describe the structure of mammalian sperm.
- 15. Describe the formation of gemmule in sponges.
- 16. Write a note on budding as asexual reproduction in mammals

USZOE1303 (COURSE VIIA)

Question bank is suggestive. The paper setters are free to modify the questions or include new questions to the best of their perception

Unit 1: (5 Marks)

- 1. How do honey bees communicate for foraging?
- 2. What is classical conditioning? Explain with an example.
- 3. What is imprinting? Explain different types of imprinting.
- 4. What do you mean by learning? Describe any two types of learning.
- 5. Describe the various ways in which ants communicate.
- 6. What is the significance of mimicry and warning coloration?
- 7. What is mimicry? Explain different types of mimicry with examples.8. What is displacement activity? In what situations do displacement activities occur? Explain with examples.
- 9. Write notes on:
 - i. Migration in Fish
 - ii. Territorial behavior
 - iii. Schooling behavior in fish
 - iv. Altruism and kinship
- 10. Which are the different types of social groups seen in non human primates?
- 11. Comment on any two aspects of non human primate social behavior.

Unit 2: (10 Marks)

- 1. Give an account of the life history and pathogencity of the parasite causing amoebic dysentery.
- 2. Describe in detail part of life cycle of *P.vivax* in mosquito.
- 3. Give an account of asexual cycle of *P.vivax* in man.
- 4. Describe the life history of Taeniasolium.
- 5. Give an account of parasitic adaptive features of Taeniasolium.
- 6. Give an account of the life history of Fasciola hepatica.
- 7. Give an account of the life history of filarial worm and discuss its pathogenic effects.
- 8. Describe the life history of bedbug and suggest some control measures.
- 9. Give an account of the life history of Sarcoptesscabiei.
- 10. Give an account of the life history of head louse *Pediculus*.
- 11. What is bird flu? How is it spread and what are its symptoms?
- 12. How would you control the transmission of anthrax among humans?
- 13. How is anthrax transmitted to man?

Unit 2: (5 Marks)

- 1. Describe the structure of *E. histolytica*.
- 2. Where is *E. histolytica* found and what disease does it cause?
- 3. Write a short note on pathogenecity of *E. histolytica*.
- 4. Briefly describe the life cycle of *E. histolytica*.
- 5. What are the symptoms of malaria? Write its control measures.

- 6. Give an account of symptoms and pathogenecity of *Plasmodium vivax*.
- 7. Illustrate the complete life history of *T. solium* with the help of diagram only.
- 8. What is the effect of *Fasciola* on the hosts?
 - 9. What are the primary and secondary hosts of *Wuchereriabancrofti*? Which stage of *Wuchereria* is infective for man?
- 10. What is host specificity?
- 11. What are the signs and symptoms of bird flu?
- 12. How is rabies transmitted?
- 13. What are the preventive measures to be taken to prevent infection of rabies virus?
- 14. What is toxoplasmosis and what are its causes?
- 15. Write notes on:
 - i. Parasitic adaptations in endoparasites
 - ii. Cysticercus or bladder worm.
 - iii. Pathogenecity of Wuchereria
 - iv. Control measures of bedbug.
 - v. Types of hosts

Unit 3: (10 Marks)

- 1. What does the modern method of apiculture include? Explain in brief.
- 2. How is an artificial bee hive constructed?
- 3. How do you select the flora and bee species for apiculture?
- 4. What are the benefits of vermiculture?
- 5. Describe any two methods of vermiculture.
- 6. How is raw milk processed?
- 7. What are the common adulterants of milk in India

Unit 3: (5 Marks)

- 1. State the economic importance of honey and beeswax.
- 2. What are the disadvantages of the indigenous method of apiculture?
- 3. How does the wax moth cause damage to the honey comb?
- 4. Name any two bee enemies and explain how they harm the bees.
- 5. Give an account of the commonly found species of honey bee in India.
- 6. What are the advantages of the modern method of apiculture?
- 7. Which type of flora is beneficial for apiculture?
- 8. Which type of bee is suitable for apiculture?
- 9. What is the chemical composition of honey?
- 10. What is the suitable material for culturing earthworms?
- 11. What are the advantages of processing dairy products?
- 12. What is skimmed milk and toned milk? How are they prepared?
- 13. How is recombined milk prepared?

USZOE2303 (COURSE VIIB)

Unit 1 10 mark each

- 1. Give a brief account on exotic species used in aquarium.
- 2. Give a brief account on endemic species used in aquarium.
- 3. Give sexual dimorphism in fresh water fishes along with examples.
- 4. Give sexual dimorphism in marine water fishes along with examples.
- 5. Give a brief account on food and feeding used in aquarium.
- 6. Give a brief account on fish transportation in aquarium.

Unit 2 (10 mark each)

- 1. Explain agricultural pests along with suitable example.
- 2. Explain household pests along with suitable example.
- 3. Explain stored grains pests along with suitable example.
- 4. Explain structural pests along with suitable example.
- 5. Explain veterinary pests along with suitable example.
- 6. Explain forestry pests along with suitable example.

Unit 3. (10 mark questions):

- 1. Give a brief account on Blue mormon butterfly and Striped Tiger butterfly
- 2. Describe the behavior of Octopus and spider as most dedicated mothers in the world.
- 3. Describe marvelous characters of fan throated lizard and flying frog.
- 4. Describe marvelous characters of Mantis shrimp.
- 5. Give a brief account on Malabar giant squirrel
- 6. Describe marvelous characters of the Purple (Joker) crab and lesser flamingo.
- 7. Describe marvelous characters of the Stabbing Shark and Crime Fighting gecko.
- 8. Describe marvelous characters of the Gharial and the Matilda Viper
- 9. Describe marvelous characters of the MichealJackjon Monkey and micro chameleon.

Unit 1: 5 Mark questions:

Write short note on :-

- 1. Budget for setting up an aquarium
- 2. Fish packing
- 3. Formulated fish feed
- 4. Gold fish
- 5. Molly
- 6. Guppy.

Unit 2: (5 Mark questions):

Write short note on :-

- 1. Jowar stem borer
- 2. Brinjal fruit borer
- 3. Aphids
- 4. Mango stem borer
- 5. Pulse beetle
- 6. Rice weevil.
- 7. Non insect pests
- 8. Cultural control
- 9. Physical control
- 10. Mechanical control
- 11. Chemical control
- 12. Biological control,
- 13. concept of IPM.

Unit 3: (5 Mark questions):

Write short note on the amazing characters in following amazing animals.

- 1. Blue mormon butterfly
- 2. Striped Tiger butterfly
- 3. Mudskipper,
- 4. Komodo dragon,
- 5. Pebble toad,
- 6. Lesser flamingo,
- 7. Great white pelican,
- 8. Drongo
- 9. Malabar giant squirel
- 10. Cheetah,
- 11. Octopus

Unit 3: (5 Marks)

1. Write notes on:

- i. Defensive behavior in Octopus
- ii. Territorial behavior in tiger

PRACTICAL USZOP3 (Course V) Skeleton-Practical Examination Question Paper Pattern

Time: 2 hrs		Marks: 50
Major Question		15 marks
Q1. Extraction and detection of DNA	OD	
Q1. Extraction and detection of RNA	OR	
Minor Question		07 marks
Q2. Mounting of Barr bodies		
	OR	
Q2. Study of mitosis-Temporary squash p	preparation of Onion root tip	
	OR	
Q2. Detection of blood groups and Rh fa	ctor	
Q3. Problems on Genetics and Molecular (Transcription /Genetic code) (01 pro	r biology bblem each)	10 marks
Q4. IdentificationA. Chromosome morphologyB. Pedigree analysis		08 marks
Q5. Viva and Journal		10 marks

PRACTICAL USZOP3 (Course VI) Skeleton-Practical Examination Question Paper Pattern

Time: 2 hrs	Marks: 50
Major Question	15 marks
Q1. Urine analysis—Normal and abnormal constituents	
Minor Question	10 marks
Q2. Detection of ammonia in water excreted by fish	
Q2. Detection of uric acid from excreta of Birds	
Q3. Identification	15 marks
a. Nutritional apparatus	
b. Respiratory structures	
c. Locomotory organs	
d. Study of hearts	
e. Permanent slides on reproduction	
Q4. Viva	05 marks
Q5. Journal	05 marks

PRACTICAL

USZOE1P3 (Course VIIA) Skeleton -Practical Examination Question Paper Pattern

Marks: 50

Time: 2 hrs

Major Question 12 marks Q1. Extraction of Casein from Milk and its qualitative estimation OR Q1. Preparation of paneer from the given milk sample. OR Q1. Measurement of density of milk using different samples by lactometer **Minor Question** 08 marks Q2. Life Cycle of Honey Bee and Bee Hive OR Q2. Mouthparts of Honey Bee OR Q2. Legs of Honey Bee OR Q2. Sting Apparatus of Honey Bee Q3. Identify and describe as per instructions15 marks a. Ethology b. Protozoan parasites c. Helminth parasites d. Ectoparasites e. Parasitic adaptations Q4. Project submission and Viva based on project 10 marks 05 marks Q5. Journal

PRACTICAL

USZOE2P3 (Course VIIB)

Skeleton-Practical Examination Question Paper Pattern	
Time: 2 hrs	Marks: 50
 Major Question Q1. Identification (5 Mark each) a) Aquarium equipment. b) Type of pest (Any insect) c) Non insect pest 	15 marks
 Q.2 Identification (3 Mark each) a) Type of pest control b) Type of pest control c) Amazing animal d) Incredible animal e) Endangered animal 	15 marks
Q.3 Submission of photographs of any 5 amazing animals.	05 marks
Q4. Project submission and Viva based on project	10 marks
Q5. Journal	05 marks

Semester IV Reference and additional reading

COURSE-VIII (USZO401)

- 1. Theory of Evolution- Smith, Cambridge Press, and Low price Ed
- 2. Evolution Strickberger, CBS publication
- 3. Evolution- P.S.Verma and Agarwal
- 4. Introduction to Evolution by Moody
- 5. Biology. E. P. Solomon, L. R. Berg, D. W. Martin, Thompson Brooks/Cole
- **6.** Biology -The Unity and Diversity of Life. C. Starr, R. Taggart, C. Evers, L.Starr, Brooks/Cole Cengage learning International Edition
- **7.** Research Methodology, Methods and Techniques- by C.R. Kothari, Wiley Eastern Ltd. Mumbai
- 8. Practical research planning and design 2^{nd} edition- Paul D Leedy, MacmilanPublication

9. COURSE-IX (USZO402)

- 10. 1. Cell Biology. Singh and Tomar, Rastogi Publication.
- **11.** 2. Cell and Molecular Biology E.D.P De Robertis and E.M.R Robertis ,CBS Publishers and Distributors.
- 12. 3. The cell A molecular Approach Goeffrey M.Coper ASM Press Washington D.C.
- 13. 4. A textbook of cytology Suruchi Tyagi Dominant Publishers and Distributors New Delhi.
- 14. 5. Cell and molecular biology Gupta P.K , Rastogi Publication, India.
- 15. 6. Cell Biology Pawar C.B. Himalaya publication
- **16.** 7. Molecular Biology of the cell (6^{th} ed) by the Insertus
- **17.** 8. Campbell Biology $(9^{th} Ed.)$
- **18.** 9. Principles of Biochemistry, 2005, 2nd and 3rd edn. Lehninger A.L. Nelson D.L. and Cox M.M,
- 19. 10. Biochemistry, Dushyant Kumar Shrma, 2010, Narosa Publishing house PVT.Ltd.
- 20. 11. Fundamentals of Biochemistry, Dr AC Deb, 1983, New Central Book Agency Ltd.

- **21.** 12. A Textbook of Biochemistry, 9th edition, Dr. Rama Rao A.V.S.S and Dr A Suryalakshmi.
- 22. 13. Biochemistry-G Zubay, Addison Wesley, 1983
- 23. 14. Biochemistry, L Stryer, 3rd/4th/5th ed, 1989, Freeman and Co. NY
- **24.** 15. Harper's Biochemistry,1996, 26th edition, Murray R.K. Granner D.K. Mayes P.A. Rodwell V.M. Hall international USA

25. 16. Outline of Biochemistry, 1976, E.E. Conn and P.K. Stumpf. John Wiley and Sons USA COURSE-X(USZOE1403A)

- 1. Developmental Biology- 5th Edition, Scot F.Gilbert, Sinauer Associates Inc.
- 2. Developmental Biology- SubramoniamT., Narosa Publishers.
- 3. Developmental Biology-BerrilN.J., Tata Mc Graw -Hill Publication.
- 4. Essential Reproduction-Martin H. Johnson, Wiley-Blackwell Publication.
- 5. Chick Embryology- Bradley M. Pattern.
- 6. Embryology-Mohan P. Arora.
- 7. Chordate Embryology-Dalela, Verma and Tyagi
- 8. Human Anatomy and Physiology. E. L. Marieb, Pearson Education Low Price Edition
- 9. Biological Science. Taylor, Green and Stout. Cambridge Publication
- 10. Biology. E. P. Solomon, L. R. Berg, D. W. Martin, Thompson Brooks/Cole
- 11. Human Biology-Daniel D Chiras Jones and Bartlett
- 12. The Physiology of Reproduction Vol I & II E.K .Nobil and JU. D.Neil, Raven Press, New York.
- 12. Air Pollution, Kudesia V.P. Pragati Prakasan, Meerut
- 13. Fundamentals of Air PollutionDaniel A.Vallero, Academic press 5th Edition
- 14.Principles and Practices of Air Pollution Control and Analysis J.R. Mudakanil K International Pub. House Pvt. Ltd.
- 15.Text Book of Air Pollution and its Control, S.C.Bhatia Atlantic
- 16.Water Pollution,KudesiaV.P.,Pragati Prakasan,Meerut
- 17. A text book of Environmental Chemistry and Pollution Control,S.S.Dogra,Swastic Pub,New Delhi
- 18.Practical Methods for water and Air Pollution Monitoring, S.K.Bhargava, New Age International
- 19. Hand Book of Water and waste water Analysis, Kanwaljit Kaur, Atlantic
- 20. Aquatic Pollution by Edward A.Laws
- 21. Environmental Science and Technology, Stanely E. Manahan
- 22. Environmental Chemistry, A.K.De, New Age International
- 23. A Text Book of Environmental Studies, Gurdeep R. Chatwal, Harish Sharma, Madhu Arora, Himalaya

COURSE-X (USZOE2403B)

References of Elective 2

1. Principles of Dairy Chemistry R. Jenness, S. Patton John Wiley and Sons Inc.

- 2. Fundamentals of dairy chemistry B.H. Webb, A.H. Johnson, J.A. Alford Avi Pub. Co.
- 3. Food Chemistry Owen R. Fennema CRC Press
- 4. Food Chemistry John M. De Man Springer
- 5. Technology of Dairy Products Early, Ralph. Academic & Professional, 1998

6.Quality of milk production and processing technology D.K. Thompkinson and latha sabikhi New India Publishing agency, New delhi

7. Outlines of Dairy Technology Sukumar De Oxford UniversityPress, New delhi

8. Food Microbiology William C. Frazier, dennis C. Westoff Tata Mcgrew Hill publishing Company Ltd. New Delhi

- 9. Applied Dairy Microbiology Elmer H. Marth, James L. Steele CRC Press
- 12. Dairy plant engineering and management Tufail Ahmed Kitab Mahal
- 13. Heat and mass transfer R.K Rajput S.Chand
- 14. Fluid mechanics A.K Upadhyay S.K Kataria
- 15.LatestAquaculture, Principles and Practices by Pillay T.V.R. Fishing New Books (1988).

16.Course Manual in Fishing Technology by LathaShenoy, CIFE, Versova, Mumbai.

17. Prawn and Prawn Fisheries by Kurian and Sebestian

Freshv	water aquaculture R.k. rathy	Scientific p	ublication
2	A text book of fish biology and fisheries	Khanna & singh	Narendra Publication
3	Handbook of fisheries and aquaculture	Yadav	ICAR
4	Fish processing technology	Gopakumar	ICAR
5	Ornamental fish farming	Saroj. K, swain	ICAR
6	Sport fisheries of india	K.l. sehgal	ICAR
7	Coldwater fisheries of india	V.g. jhingran	ICAR
8	Fish nutrition in aquaculture	Sena s. Desilva	ICAR
9	Practical course manual fishery and gear technology	Latha shenoy, y	CIFE, Mumbai
10	Breeding and seed production of finfish and shellfish	Thomas, rath	Daya pub.
11	Fundamental of fish taxonomy	Jayaram, KC	Narendra
12	Limnology	Welch	Narendra
13	Model question bank on ICAR J.R.F	Ratanankumar, K	Narendra
14	Manual of freshwater biota	Jayshree Datta Munshi	Narendra
15	Ornamental fish culture and aquarium management	Dholakia	Astral
16	Postharvest technology of fish and fish products	Balachandran	Astral
17	Handbook of freshwater fishes of India	Beaven R	Techno
18	Conservation and management of aquatic ecosystems	Unni, K Sankaran	Daya
19	Modern fishing gear technology	Hameed, M Shahul	Daya
20	Introduction to fish physiology	Smith, L.S	Narendra
21	Textbook of fish biology and fisheries	Khanna/Singh	Narendra
22	Textbook of fish diseases	Amalacher, E	Narendra

- 1. INDIAN SILK MONTHLY JOURNAL
- 2. SERI BUSINESS MANUAL A USER'S GUIDE (Eng)
- 3. Handbook of Sericulture Technologies 4th Edition (Tamil)
- 4. Handbook of Sericulture Technologies 5th Edition (English)
- 5. Handbook of Sericulture Technologies 4th Edition (Kannada)
- 6. Vanya Silk Directory (English)
- 7. COMPENDIUM OF STATISTICS OF SILK INDUSTRY 1999 in English
- 8. SERICULTURE & SILK INDUSTRY STATISTICS 2003 (with CDR version)
- 9. SERICULTURE & SILK INDUSTRY STATISTICS 2007 (with CD version)
- 10. SERICULTURE & SILK INDUSTRY STATISTICS 2012 (with CD version)
- 11. VANYA WILD SILKS OF INDIA in English
 - * VOL.I AN INTRODUCTION TO VANYA SILKS
 - * VOL.II PROFILES OF FARM ACTIVITIES
 - * VOL.III MANAGEMENT MATRIX
 - * VOL.IV- PROFILES OF NON-FARM ACTIVITIES
- 12. CAC TEXT BOOKS IN English
 - * Silkworm Rearing Technology
 - * Mulberry Cultivation & Physiology
 - * Mulberry Crop Protection
 - * Sericulture Extn. Management & Economics
 - * Silkworm Crop Protection
 - * Silkworm Breeding & Genetics
- 13. HANDBOOK OF PRACTICAL SERICULTURE (ENGLISH & HINDI)
- 14. HANDBOOK OF MUGA CULTURE IN ENGLISH
- 15. ERICULTURE IN INDIA IN ENGLISH
- 16. TIPS TO SUCCESSFUL SILKWORM COCOON CROPS :
- 17. GUIDELINES FOR BIVOLTINE REARING:
- 18. CSR & TI (MYSORE) BULLETINS ON IMPROVED PRACTICES OF SERICULTURE in Hindi & Telugu
- 19. Reports of Indian Delegations: Sericulture in Japan & South Korea Vol. I & II in English
- 20. Proceedings of the International Congress on Tropical Sericulture 1988 in English
- 21. Satellite Remote Sensing Applications for Sericulture Development in English
- 22. Biodiversity of Muga Silkworm & its Utilization
- 23. F.A.O. MANUAL ON SERICULTURE

For Additional and Latest Information on the topics, various Web Sites can be visited.

MODEL QUESTION BANK SEMESTER IV

USZO401(COURSE VIII)

Question bank is suggestive. The paper setters are free to modify the questions or include new questions to the best of their perception

Unit 1: (10 Marks)

- 1. Write explanatory notes on:1. Lamarckism. 2. Darwinism and Neo Darwinism.3. Mutation Theory 4. Modern Synthetic theory.5. Weismann's germplasm theory
- 2. Neutral theory of molecular evolution. (Some of them can be asked as short notes as well)
- **3.** Discuss evidences in favour of organic evolution by giving examples of geographical distribution
- 4. Discuss evidences in favour of organic evolution by giving examples of genetics, and molecular biology
- 5. Discuss evidences in favour of organic evolution by giving examples of physiology and biochemistry
- 6. Discuss brief account of Origin of eukaryotic cell

Unit 1: (5 Marks)

- 1. Describe chemical evolution with Miller-Urey experiment
- 2. Describe chemical evolution with Haldane and Oparin theory
- **3.** Write short notes on: 1. Mutation Theory 2. Modern Synthetic theory

Unit 2: (10 Marks)

- 1. Define the term 'population genetics'. Describe in brief the various evolutionary forces that tend to disturb genetic equilibrium and introduce changes in the gene pool of a population
- 2. State Hardy Weinberg's law of equilibrium and discuss its salient features
- 3. Give an account of the different factors involved in speciation
- 4. Describe the different types of speciation
- 5. Explain the role of geographic isolation in the development of new species
- 6. Explain the role of reproductive isolation in the development of new species
- 7. Discuss the pre-zygotic barriers responsible for reproductive isolation
- 8. Discuss the post-zygotic barriers which lead to reproductive isolation
- 9. Describe the sources of genetic variation in natural populations
- 10. Explain the nature and extent of genetic variation within populations
- **11.** Describe the mechanisms that preserve balanced polymorphisms
- **12.** Describe the salient features of microevolution

- 13. Compare and contrast microevolution and macroevolution
- 14. Explain the salient features of macroevolution
- **15.** Give an account of the different patterns of macroevolution
- 16. Elaborate on the role of adaptive radiation and extinction in macroevolution
- **17.** What do you understand by the term natural selection? Describe the different types of natural selection with suitable examples
- 18. What is megaevolution? Explain the mechanism of megaevolution using a suitable example

Unit 2:(5 Marks)

- 1. Explain the term 'gene pool'. How does evolution operate via the gene pools of populations?
- 2. Differentiate between:
 - a. Allopatric and Sympatric speciation
 - **b.** Biological and evolutionary species
 - c. Microevolution and macroevolution
 - d. Stabilizing selection and disruptive selection
 - e. Convergent and divergent evolution
- 3. Explain stabilizing selection with the help of a suitable example
- 4. How does the example of sickle cell allele illustrate heterozygote advantage?
- **5.** How does frequency-dependent selection affect genetic variation within a population over time?
- 6. Write short notes on:
 - a. Role of mutations in evolution
 - **b.** Role of migration in evolution
 - c. Non-random mating
 - d. Role of natural selection in evolution
 - e. Genetic drift
 - f. Bottleneck effect
 - g. Founder effect
 - **h.** Directional evolution in peppered moth
 - i. Evolution of Antibiotic resistance in bacteria
 - j. Geographic variation
 - **k.** Genetic polymorphism
 - **I.** Parapatric speciation
 - **m.** Adaptive radiation
- **7.** What is the biological species concept? What are its limitations? How does it differ from the evolutionary species concept?
- 8. Explain the concept of co evolution using suitable examples

Unit 3: (10 Marks)

- 1. Describe briefly, the steps towards preparing a research design
- 2. Describe literature survey, collection of data and its analysis
- 3. What is a patent and how is it obtained?
- 4. Write an account on application of statistics in research

Unit 3: (5 Marks)

- 1. Define research. State the difference between research method and research methodology
- 2. Write a note on computer application in research
- 3. Describe briefly identification of research problem and formulation of research hypothesis
- 4. What is abstract writing?
- **5.** What is plagiarism?
- **6.** What is bibliography?
- 7. Write a short note on ethics in animal research
- 8. Write a short note on ethics in clinical research

USZO402 (COURSE IX)

Question bank is suggestive. The paper setters are free to modify the questions or include new questions to the best of their perception

Unit 1: (10 marks)

- 1. Explain prokaryotic cell.
- 2. Explain Eukaryotic cell.
- 3. Give an account of cell theory.
- 4. Describe the ultrastructure of nuclear membrane.
- 5. State the chemical composition and functions of nucleolus.
- 6. Describe nucleocytoplasmic reactions.
- 7. Explain rRNA processing.
- 8. Describe fluid mosaic model of plasma membrane.
- 9. Give an account of active and passive transport
- 10. Describe various modifications of plasma membrane
- 11. Explain pinacocytosis, phagocytosis and secretion
- 12. Give an account of cell permeability
- 13. Differentiate prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell

Unit 1: (5 Marks)

- 1. Virus
- 2. Nuclear matrix
- 3. Number ad position of nucleus
- 4. Molecular organization of chromatin

- 5. Unit membrane concept
- 6. Nucleolus
- 7. Membrane receptors
- 8. Sandwich model
- 9. Cell coat
- 10. Cell recognition

Unit 2: (10 Marks)

- 1. Write a note on structural organization & importance of endomembrane system.
- 2. Describe ultrastructure of Endoplasmic Reticulum
- 3. Describe the types and functions of ER.
- 4. Give an account of ultrastructure and functions of Golgi complex.
- 5. Write an essay on functions of Golgi complex.
- 6. Give an account of polymorphism in lysosomes.
- 7. Write an essay on peroxisomes.
- 8. Describe the structure and chemical composition of mitochondria.
- 9. Write a note on mitochondria as powerhouse of the cell.
- 10. Describe the major functions of mitochondria.

Unit 2: (5 Marks)

- 1. Importance of endomembrane system
- 2. Write a short note on biogenesis of endomembrane system
- 3. Functions of Rough Endoplasmic Reticulum
- 4. Functions of Smooth Endoplasmic Reticulum
- 5. Structure of Golgi complex
- 6. Chemical composition of Golgi complex
- 7. Lipid & polysaccharide metabolism in Golgi complex
- 8. Secretion and protein sorting by Golgi complex
- 9. Write a brief note on GAAP
- 10. Write a brief note on protein glycosylation by Golgi complex
- 11. Origin and functions of lysosomes
- 12. Write a short note on peroxisomes
- 13. Structure of mitochondria
- 14. Chemical composition of mitochondria
- 15. Write a short note on ATP
- 16. Write a short note oglycolysis
- 17. Write a short note on Kreb's cycle
- 18. Write a short note on oxidative phosphorylation

Unit 3: (10 Marks)

- 1. Discuss the chemical behavior of carbon and a note on variety of functional groups of biomolecules.
- 2. Explain the concept of micromolecules and macromolecules.
- 3. Describe the structure of water. Add a note on physic-chemical properties of water.
- 4. Define carbohydrate. Add a note on its classification.
- 5. What are carbohydrates? Explain the classification of carbohydrate with suitable examples.
- 6. Explain with suitable example monosaccharide and disaccharide.
- 7. Discuss the properties of carbohydrates.
- 8. What are disaccharides? Draw the structures of maltose and sucrose.

9. What are polysaccharides? How are they classified? Write the structures of glycogen and heparin/ chitin and heparin.

- 10. Discuss about chemical structure of the monosaccharides/ disaccharides.
- 11. What are amino acids? Discuss classification of amino acids based on R group.
- 12. Give an account of primary and secondary structure of proteins.
- 13. Write an account on tertiary and quarternary structure of proteins.
- 14. Describe the structure of saturated and unsaturated fatty acids.
- 15. Define essential fatty acids. Add a note on it.
- 16. Define lipids. Write a note on mono, di and triglycerides/ phospholipids.
- 17. What are fatty acids? Add a note on types of fatty acids.
- 18. Describe the structure and functions of water soluble vitamins.
- 19. Describe the structure and functions of lipid soluble vitamins.

Unit 3: (5 Marks)

- 1. Write a short note on monomers and polymers.
- 2. Write note on properties of carbohydrates.
- 3. Give an account of polysaccharides.
- 4. With suitable example explain glycosidic bond.
- 5. Explain the linkage in lactose and sucrose.
- 6. Give the biological importance of carbohydrates.
- 7. What are essential and nonessential amino acids?
- 8. Give an account of properties of amino acids.
- 9. Define and explain peptide bond with suitable example.
- 10Explain the different types of proteins with suitable examples.
- 11. Explain the biological role of proteins.
- 12. Peptide bond
- 13. Types of fatty acids.
- 14. Biological role of lipids
- 15. Properties of fatty acid
- 16. Sterol and waxes
- 17. Describe properties of fatty acid/lipids.
- 18. Discuss the clinical significance of protein / carbohydrate /lipids.
- 19. Write short note on clinical significance of lipids.
- 20. Write a note on isomerism in carbohydrates and amino acids?
- 21. Describe the structure and functions of vitamin A/ vitamin B/ vitamin C/ vitamin D.

USZOE1403(COURSE XA)

Question bank is suggestive. The paper setters are free to modify the questions or include new questions to the best of their perception

Unit-1: (10 Marks)

- 1) Classify the different types of eggs..
- 2) Briefly explain types and structure of sperms (any two animals).
- 3) Define cleavage Explain types of cleavages.
- 4) Give brief account on various types of blastulae.
- 5) What is gastrulation ? Explain gastrulation in frog.
- 6) Give an account of process of coelom formation and its types.

- 7) Give an account of extra embryonic membranes.
- 8) Describe briefly the types of eggs on the basis of amount and distribution of yolk.
- 9) Describe the early development of mammalian egg uptogastrulation.
- 10) Give a brief note on different types of sperms.
- 11) Write a note on blastula and explain its types.
- 12) Explain the comparative process of embryo formation.

Unit-1: (5-Marks)

- Draw neat labeled diagram and explain any one of the following: (Microlecithal, ,Alecithal, Homolecithal, Heterolecithal, Isolecithal, Telolecithal, Centrolecithal, Discoidal).
- 2) Explain structure of sperms of frog/ reptiles/ birds/ mammals.
- 3) Short note on Holoblastic cleavage. Or Meroblastic cleavage.
- 4) Short note on equal or unequal cleavage.
- 5) Short note on Discoblastula or Coeloblastula.
- 6) Short note on centroblastula or amphiblastula or stereoblaastula,
- 7) Explain the process of coelom formation in process of gastrulation.
- 8) Short notes on : Amnion /Chorion/Allantois/Yolk sac.
- 9) Explain the function of Amnion /Chorion/Allantois/Yolk sac/.
- 10) Short note on Deciduous or non-deciduous placenta
- 11) Write the functions of placenta.

Unit 2: (10 Marks)

- 1. Describe male reproductive system and its hormonal regulation.
- 2. Describe female reproductive system and its hormonal regulation.
- 3. Define reproduction. Explain the hormonal regulation of reproduction.
- 4. What is contraception? Explain different methods of contraception.
- 5. How is contraception different from birth control?
- 6. Define infertility and explain the causes of female infertility.
- 7. What are the causes of male infertility?
- 8. Explain the hormonal treatment for infertility using drugs.
- 9. Describe the methods of treatment of infertility.
- 10. Give a brief account of infertility related disorders.
- 11. What are sperm banks? Add a note on cryopreservation of sperms.
- 12. What is testicular biopsy? Explain Testicular sperm extraction (TESE), Pronuclear stage transfer (PROST).
- 13. What are the steps involved in Embryo transfer (ET) and / Intra-fallopian transfer (IFT)?
- 14. What is ART technique? Add a note on IVF (steps, success and ethical considerations).

Unit 2: (5 Marks)

- 1. Write a note on impact of age on reproductive stage
 - a. Menopause
 - b. Andropause
- 2. What is amenorrhea?
- 3. What are IUD's? How do they work as barriers for fertilization?
- 4. How does sterilization act as a method of contraception?
- 5. Write a note on birth control.
- 6. What is the difference between natural and artificial methods of contraception?
- 7. How is T.B. a cause of female infertility?
- 8. What are the genetic causes of infertility?
- 9. Write a note on STD's as infertility related disorders?
- 10. Explain briefly:
 - a. Impotency
 - b. Surrogacy
 - c. Endometriosis
 - d. Idiopathic infertility
- 11. What are the roles of endocrine disruptions in infertility?
- 12. Explain the role of the following in infertility:
 - a. Gonorrhea
 - b. Syphilis
 - c. Genital Herpes
 - d. Chlamydia
- 13. Write a note on treatment of infertility by removal of causative environmental factors.
- 14. Write a note on Ethical considerations of ART.

Unit 3: (10 Marks)

- 1. What are the causes, effects and control measures for air pollution?
- 2. What are the causes, effects and control measures for water pollution?
- 3. What are the causes, effects and control measures for soil pollution?
- 4. What are the causes, effects and control measures for noise pollution?
- 5. Define air pollution and give an account of hazardous air pollutants.
- 6. Explain the causes of nutrient pollution and its control measures.
- 7. What is ocean littering? Explain in details the causes and control measures for ocean littering?
- 8. Describe the alteration of metabolism of micro-organisms due to soil pollution.
- 9. Explain noise pollution along with its measurement and permissible limits.
- 10. Give a brief account of methods to control gaseous / particulate matters.
- 11. What is pollution? Add notes on:
 - a. Effect of air pollution on vegetation.
 - b. Effect of noise pollution on animals.

12. How can the people be made aware of pollution and its effects?

Unit 3: (5 Marks)

- 1. Explain the effects of air pollution on human beings.
- 2. What are different types of pollutants that cause air pollution?
- 3. Write short notes on:
 - a. Ozone depletion
 - b. Green house gases
 - c. Global warming
 - d. Acid rain
 - e. Sonic boom
 - f. Acoustic zoning
- 4. Explain the effect of thermal pollution on biodiversity.
- 5. Write a note on solar radiation.
- 6. Write a note on ionizing radiation
- 7. How are heavy metals responsible for nutrient pollution? Cite some examples of effects of heavy metal pollution on human health.
- 8. How is oil spills a cause of water pollution / ocean littering?
- 9. How do pesticides and fertilizers contaminate water?
- 10. How can oil be retracted back from sea / ocean?
- 11. What are the effects of soil pollution on food chain?
- 12. How are POP's and ordinary salts responsible for nutrient pollution?
- 13. What are the auditory / non auditory effects of noise pollution.
- 14. Why is the necessity to save drinking water?

USZOE2403(COURSE XB)

Unit 1(10 Marks each)

- 1. Give in brief different indigenous breeds of cattle with a suitable example.
- 2. Give in brief different exotic breeds of cattle with a suitable example.
- 3. Give in brief different breeds of buffalo with a suitable example.
- 4. Give in brief different housing types in dairy farm.
- 5. Explain different types of diseases in cattle farming and add a note on control.

Unit 1(05 Marks each)

Write short note on

- 1. Malvi
- 2. Hariyana
- 3. Deoni
- 4. Red sindhi
- 5. Khillari
- 6. Jersy

- 7. Holstein
- 8. Nagpuri
- 9. Bhadawari
- 10. Murrah
- 11. Jafrabadi
- 12. Weaning of calf
- 13. Castration
- 14. Dehorning
- 15. Cleaning and sanitation.

Unit 2 (10 Marks each)

- 1. Give in brief life history of silkworm.
- 2. Give in brief reeling and extraction of silk.
- 3. Give in brief diseases and control measures in sericulture.
- 4. Give in brief harvesting and processing of cocoon.

Unit 2 (05 Marks each)

- 1. Varieties of silkworm
- 2. Rearing of silkworm
- 3. Silk extraction
- 4. Host plants.

Unit 3 (10 Marks each)

- 1. Give an account on pisiculture ,add anote on finfish culture
- 2. Explain monoculture with respect to aquaculture
- 3. Explain polyculture with respect to polyculture
- 4. Give an account on fresh water prawn culture
- 5. Give an account on pearl culture.

Unit 3 (05 Marks each)

Write short notes on :-

- 1. Composition of pearl
- 2. White shrimp culture
- 3. Cage culture
- 4. Induced breeding with respect to aquaculture
- 5. Fish diseases
- 6. Symptoms of diseases
- 7. Control of diseases.
PRACTICAL

USZOP4 (Course VIII)

Skeleton - Practical Examination Question Paper Pattern

Time: 2 hrs		Marks: 50
Major Question		
Q1. Study Population de	nsity by Line transect or Quadrant method	
and calculate biodiversit	ty indices (any 2)	12 marks
Minor Question		08 marks
Q2. Prepare a smear to s	how prokaryotic cell.	
	OR	
Q2. Prepare a smear to s	how eukaryotic cell.	
Q3. Identify and describ	e as per instructions	08 marks
a. Fossils	b. Speciation	
Q4. From the given artic	le prepare the bibliography/ abstract	06 marks
Q5. Power point present	ation	06 marks
Q6. Viva and Journal		10 marks

PRACTICAL USZOP4 (Course IX) **Skeleton - Practical Examination Question Paper Pattern**

Time: 2 hrs

Major Question

Q1. Study of permeability of cell through plasma membrane (Osmosis in blood cells).

OR

Q1. Measurement of cell diameter by occulometer (by using permanent slide)

Minor Question

Q2. Qualitative tests for carbohydrates (Molisch's test, Benedicts test, Barfoed's test, Anthrone test)

OR Q2. Qualitative tests for proteins (Ninhydrin test, Biuret test, Millon's test, Xanthoproteic test)

OR

Q2. Qualitative test for lipids (Solubility test, Sudan III test)

OR

Q2. Study of rancidity of lipids by titrimetric method

Q3. Identify and describe as per instructions

1. Ultra structure of cell organelles (a, b & c) 2. Clinical disorders (d & e)

Q4. Viva Q5. Journal 05 marks 05 marks

Marks: 50

15 marks

10 marks

15 marks

PRACTICAL USZOE1P4 (Course XA) Skeleton -Practical Examination Question Paper Pattern

Time: 2 hrs Major Question	Marks: 50 12 marks
Q1. Estimation of Dissolved oxygen from the given water sample OR	
Q1. Detection of Creatinine in urine	
OR Q1. Determination of blood sugar by GOD and POD method	
Minor Question	08 marks
Q2. Estimation of Salinity by refractometer from the given water sample OR	
Q2. Estimation of conductivity by conductometer from the given water sample OR	
Q2. Determination of blood pressure by using sphygmomanometer OR	
Q2. Study of bleeding time and clotting time	
Q3. Identify and describe as per instructions	15 marks
 Permanent slides (a &b) Fishery (c, d & e) 	
Q4. Field Report and viva based on it.	10 marks
Q5. Journal	05 marks

PRACTICAL USZOE2P4 (Course XB) Skeleton -Practical Examination Question Paper Pattern

Time: 2 hrs Major Question	Marks: 50 12 marks
Major Question	15 marks
Q1.Comparison of protein content from cow's milk and buffalo's milk. OR	
Q.1 Comparison of fat content from cow's milk and buffalo's milk	
Minor Question	08 marks
Q.2 Preparation of falooda.	
OR	
Q.2 Preparation of caramel custard.	
Q.3 Identification (3 marks each)	12 marks
a) Restraining device	
b) Restraining device	
c) Any stage of life cycle of <i>Bombyx morri</i>	
d) Crustacean fishery	
Q4. Report submission and Viva based on project	10 marks
Q5. Journal	05 marks

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI No. UG/17 of 2018-19

CIRCULAR:-

Attention of the Principals of the affiliated Colleges and Directors of the recognized Institutions in Science & Technology Faculty is invited to this office Circular No. UG/153 of 2017-18, dated 3rd August, 2017 relating to syllabus of the Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.) degree course.

They are hereby informed that the recommendations made by the Board of Studies in Zoology at its meeting held on 9th April, 2018 have been accepted by the Academic Council at its meeting held on 5th May, 2018 vide item No. 4.32 and that in accordance therewith, the revised syllabus as per the (CBCS) for the T.Y.B.Sc. in Zoology (Sem -V & VI), has been brought into force with effect from the academic year 2018-19, accordingly. (The same is available on the University's website www.mu.ac.in).

> ull ande (Dr. Dinesh Kamble)

I/c REGISTRAR

MUMBAI - 400 032 14th June, 2018 To

The Principals of the affiliated Colleges & Directors of the recognized Institutions in Science & Technology Faculty. (Circular No. UG/334 of 2017-18 dated 9th January, 2018.)

A.C/4.32/05/05/2018

No. UG/17 -A of 2018

MUMBAI-400 032 14 June, 2018

Copy forwarded with Compliments for information to:-

- 1) The I/c Dean, Faculty of Science & Technology,
- 2) The Chairman, Board of Studies in Zoology,
- 3) The Director, Board of Examinations and Evaluation,
- 4) The Director, Board of Students Development,
- 5) The Co-Ordinator, University Computerization Centre,

ulland

(Dr. Dinesh Kamble) I/c REGISTRAR



Syllabus Framing Committee Members' List 2018-2019

Vinavak Dalvie (Convenor) Capt. Dr. A. A. Dalvi (Co-Convenor) Dr. Mrinalini Kagwade (Co-Convenor) Dr. Vinod Ragade (Co-Convenor) Dr. Sharad Mahajan (Co-Convenor) Dr. Kishori Sinnarkar (Co-Convenor) Dr. G. S. Margaj (Co-Convenor) Dr. Leena Meshram (Co-Convenor) Dr. Shaila Mane (Co-Convenor) Dr. Vishakha Shingala (Co-Convenor) Dr. Snehal Donde Dr. Shantaj Deshbhratar Dr. Satish Sarfare Dr. Gulabrao Raje Dr. Rupinder Kaur Mrs. Parimita Sharma Mr. Deepak Poojary Dr. Pawankumar Mudbe Dr. D. V. Pawar Mr. Ashish Sharma Mr. Abhimanyu Londhe Ms. Rajeshree Prasad Mr. Kaustubh Bargode Ms. Mahalaxmi Pillai Mr. Sankalp Bandekar Mr. Saurabh Kadam

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PREFACE

Revision of Syllabus, an integral part of educational institutions and one of the important functions of Board of Studies of any University, is an opportunity to revisit what is being taught and what ought to be taught to learners in the landscape of changing times.

A great initiative in the form of, prior to and during the process of curriculum design, involving various stakeholders has been a hallmark of the syllabus committee for Zoology in general and the committee for T. Y. B. Sc. Zoology, SEM V and SEM VI in particular. It is after a lot of hard work in a true team spirit that this syllabus has been prepared and presented for coming into force from the Academic Year 2018-2019.

Human beings are an intricate and unique entity of the 'Kingdom Animalia.' It is no wonder that students of yore and the present day are drawn to the subject of Zoology in all aspects of life and living, like iron to magnet. This poses a challenge while designing a curriculum since the young minds attracted to the subject, thought passionate about the subject may possess differential abilities to grasp the subject and may do so at their own pace.

The curriculum has thus to be designed not only to engage interest, to stimulate and inspire the learner but also to kindle the spirit of inquiry. The syllabus presented herewith for implementation with effect from the academic year 2018-19, in the subject of Zoology also is an instrument to inculcate in the learner the culture of critical thinking.

The scope of the curriculum therefore has to be wider incorporating elements of traditional as well as contemporary and even futuristic dimensions of the particular area of study. This aspect of curriculum design has been exemplarily met with by this syllabus in Zoology for SEM V and SEM VI at T. Y. B. Sc.

Another important consideration for the syllabus committee is to incorporate in the architectural design of the curriculum, the scope for teachers to use classical as well as contemporary technological tools of pedagogy with an aim to connect and cater to all types of learners including slow learners as well as the advanced ones. This syllabus with clearly stated objectives and outcomes, unit-wise, is one of the best examples of being an instrument of mixed pedagogy available to the teachers.

In spite of constraints in the form of having to teach curricula without including any dissection in the course of study, the syllabus committee has designed the syllabus keeping the classical flavour of the subject intact.

A unique feature of this syllabus is its unique blend of standardization and customization creating a vibrant ecosystem of teaching-learning for the teacher to function as a facilitator and mentor and for the student to take a few steps towards being a motivated student and an autonomous learner.

I place on record, appreciation for all members of the syllabus committee as well as the dynamic and visionary leader in the form of convenor of the syllabus committee, and congratulate them all, on behalf of faculty members and students of Zoology, for having designed this progressive syllabus for T. Y. B. Sc. (SEM V and SEM VI) in Zoology, to be implemented from the academic year 2018-19.

Dr. (Mrs.) V. I. Katchi Convenor, Interim BOS in Zoology.

PREAMBLE

Zoology has emerged as a progressive subject in the last decade with innovations in curricular designing and unique initiatives which attracted students, both from urban as well as rural colleges, in large numbers towards this subject. Experiments such as Need Based Flexi Syllabus, Open Unit to include latest topics any time before revision of syllabus, Pyramid Committee for continuity from Semester I to Semester VI, Workshop with Indian Merchants' Chamber for industry - academia interface, Workshop with the meritorious past students and current students for their inputs, uploading Draft Syllabus on the University website for Public Criticism, one month prior to BoS, etc., fetched rich dividends. The fundamental challenge however, was to design curricula without dissections, the backbone of the subject. We Zoologists though are firmly against cruelty to animals and practice conservation, had to take it with a pinch of salt that the dead table fish from the market and pests were also banned for dissection.

In keeping with the traditions this time the learners' space has been incorporated in the syllabus for the advanced learners and Research Based Pedagogical Tools (RBPT) are recommended for a unit after three days workshop organised by IISER and British Council Library, attended by good number of Zoology teachers from the rural area. Application of RBPT is optional. RBPT will be explained again in the post amendment workshop. After conducting workshops for teachers and students, both in urban and rural areas, it was felt that the research project may be incorporated for additional credits only for the students who wish to pursue higher specialised studies and who may opt for a career in research oriented fields. Apart from a project in the Applied Component such students may present a research project under the guidance of a teacher from their college or any other college or from the industry or may do so on their own which shall be evaluated by the examiners at the time of the practical examinations and that the performance shall be considered separately as additional optional credits, based on the free choice of student and if permitted by the authorities then the same could be transferred to the other / higher programs if desired. It's a modest attempt of bringing choice based credit system with an option of transfer in the main stream academics of the University on the lines of the pioneering effort successfully launched in the subject of NCC, when introduced as an elective in academics.

Care has also been taken to include a unit on muscles which was much neglected so far in anatomy. Possibility cannot be ruled out that it may give further impetus to Zoology students to enter the career of Gym and Fitness. This niche of students shall have upper hand over other personnel in the fitness industry in passing international exams since they already have knowledge of physiology to a desired extent.

I am happy to present this syllabus for consideration of the authorities and I sincerely thank all the members who represented teachers, students, rank holders, people from the industry and interdisciplinary background, scientists from India and abroad, and a journalist from Sawantwadi who is an activist in biodiversity conservation. The draft was on University website for 2 months which gave ample opportunity to the society in general and teachers in particular to criticise. I thank all those who contributed suggestions. Lastly, on behalf of all the Zoologists, I thank the staff of Academic Authorities Unit who has blended so well with teachers that the product is innovations experimented successfully.

Vinayak Dalvie
Convenor,
T. Y. B. Sc. Syllabus Committee in Zoology

PEDAGOGY

The syllabus framed by taking views of all the stakeholders, both from urban and rural areas into consideration and providing scope to the advanced learners without posing challenges before the average and above average students, certainly needs dynamic pedagogy with range of variations to deliver the objectives with desired outcome.

Course codes USZO501 and USZO601 attempt to make the learners understand the principles of taxonomy, levels of organisations, modern classification up to class and the evolutionary significance of various levels of organization like symmetry, coelom, segmentation, etc. It is desirable to take students in the field, rather than the classroom, and practice experiential learning making taxonomy live and interesting. It won't be an exaggeration if one feels that even protozoans could be observed from natural sample in the field by carrying a microscope. Ideally students should draw diagram of an organism / animal as they perceive through observation rather than copying a diagram from a book into the journal. Various schools of classification make it debatable. Care has been taken to adopt the latest approach and through appropriate pedagogical tools students should be able to attribute characters of a specimen up to specific class.

Course USZO502 introduces various aspects of human blood, clinical disorders and their diagnosis. The significance of the diagnostic tools must be stressed upon as they are relevant to human health. Teachers are expected to elucidate the scope of haematology and immunology as career options in the field of pathology. IISER, Pune in collaboration with British Council is advocating Research Based Pedagogical Tools through workshops sponsored by MHRD government of India. It is suggested that Unit II - Applied Haematology, of this course can also be taught, alternatively, using RBPT. The subtopics are in context to the real life and have a scope of research-based learning through actual laboratory work under the observation of their teachers. The knowledge base of blood and its components that the learners already have can be further enhanced through various activities that learners can undertake in order to relate the theory with the practicals and understand the clinical significance of various diagnostic tests. Course USZO602 includes enzymology, homeostasis and animal tissue culture. Documentaries based on nature and wild life can be effectively used to create interest in the learners about adaptive responses of animals to environment for their survival. Industrial visits, invited talks from industry persons will help in generating awareness about industrial significance of enzymes. Theory supplemented with hands-on practical on sterilization and culture techniques will help the learner to appreciate the importance of animal tissue culture. Visits to departments of microbiology and biotechnology in the institution may be encouraged to interact with teachers & students so as to create more interest. Student led seminars are a self-learning interactive method that may be encouraged.

The topics covered under course USZO503 includes Mammalian Histology, Basic Toxicology, General Pathology and Biostatistics. Microtomy, reintroduced, could be effectively used not only as a histo-pathological tool for clinical pathology but also to emphasize its applications in research. The toxicology studies can be made interesting by emphasizing its importance in pharmaceuticals and additionally the insights into regulatory aspect can be given to understand the practical difficulties and the norms associated with toxicity testing. Study visit to the pathological laboratory planned for unit II could also cover these aspects. Application of biostatistics in interpretation and validation of experimental data should be highlighted. The learners could be introduced to statistical software which have their applications in biostatistics. Course USZO603 includes Molecular Biology, Genetic Engineering, Human Genetics and Bioinformatics. Molecular biology and genetic engineering could be taught using ICT and videos available online. It is recommended to have an

industrial interface. Teachers are expected to explain the scope of gene manipulation techniques in medical science as well as industry. Through ICT, various concepts of bioinformatics such as protein sequencing, construction of evolutionary trees etc. can be taught. Use of available software in public domain to study human diseases could be focused on. The practical utilization of bioinformatics in preparing probes using database could be stressed.

A synergistic pedagogical approach between the theory and practical course of USZO504 could help in better understanding of the various subtopics such as integumentary system, osteology and the developmental stages of chick embryo. There is a scope for using ICT related teaching tools that would help in understanding the structural and the functional aspects of epidermal and dermal derivatives, various fore limb and hind limb muscles and their arrangement etc. Syllabus of the USZO604 deals with the various environmental issues and their management. Guest lectures could be arranged of the experts from such fields who can provide additional insights to these aspects. Informative documentaries based on wildlife conservation as well as human-animal conflict could make the topics relevant and interesting. Apart from formal teaching group discussion and experience sharing could be practiced for bioprospecting and zoopharmacognosy. Case studies could be supplemented with to understand the patterns of distribution of different animal species throughout the globe.

The learners' space provided in the syllabus is an effort to shift the pedagogy from being teacher-centric to learner-centric. It will be supportive to enthusiastic learners in gaining extra knowledge through various suggested activities to make their concepts impeccable and gain additional subject knowledge. Research project (USZOR01 and USZOR02), which is optional having additional credits could be mentored by the teachers encouraging more and more students to opt with a view to inculcate research culture.

- Co-Convenors

Syllabus for T. Y. B. Sc. Course: ZOOLOGY Credit Based Semester and Grading System - with a Choice for Additional Credits (To be implemented from the Academic Year 2018-2019)

SEMESTER - V					
			THEORY		
COURSE NO.	COURSE CODE	UNIT	TOPICS	CREDITS	LECTURES/ WEEK
		I	Principles of Taxonomy		1
11	USZO501		Kingdom: Animalia I	25	1
			Kingdom: Animalia II	2.0	1
		IV	Type study: Sepia		1
		I	Basic Haematology		1
12	11970502	II	Applied Haematology	25	1
12	0020302		Basic Immunology	2.0	1
		IV	Applied Immunology		1
			Mammalian Histology	-	1
13	11870503		Toxicology	25	1
15	0320303		General Pathology	2.5	1
		IV	Biostatistics		1
	USZO504	I	Integumentary system	2.5	1
		- 11	Human Ostoology		1
1/			Muscles of long bones of		<u> </u>
14		111	Human limbs		1
				IV	Developmental biology of Chick
				10	16
PRACTICAL					
USZOP05 Practicals based on all four courses			06	16	
Total Number of Credits and Workload			16	32	
Descent Destant					
Research Project					
USZOR01 Additional Credits (Choice Based / Optional)		1	No Workload for Teachers		

Syllabus for T. Y. B. Sc. Course: ZOOLOGY Credit Based Semester and Grading System - with a Choice for Additional Credits (To be implemented from the Academic Year 2018-2019)

SEMESTER - VI						
			THEORY			
COURSE NO.	COURSE CODE	UNIT	TOPICS	CREDITS	LECTURES/ WEEK	
15 U	USZO601	I	Phylum Chordata: Group Protochordata and Group Euchordata	2.5	1	
			Group Euchordata II		1	
			Group Euchordata III		1	
		IV	Type study: Shark		1	
		I	Enzymology		1	
16	11870602		Homeostasis	2.5	1	
10	0320602		Endocrinology		1	
		IV	Animal Tissue Culture		1	
		I	Molecular Biology		1	
17	USZO603		Genetic Engineering	25	1	
17			Human Genetics	2.5	1	
		IV	Bioinformatics		1	
	USZO604	I	Environment management	2.5	1	
10			Wildlife management		1	
18			Bioprospecting and Zoopharmacognosy		1	
		IV	Zoogeography		1	
		10	16			
PRACTICAL						
USZOP06	06 Practicals based on all four courses			06	16	
Total Number of Credits and Workload			16	32		
Research Project						
USZOR02 Additional Credits (Choice Based / Optional)			1	No Workload for Teachers		

T. Y. B. Sc. Zoology: Semester V (Theory) Course Code: USZO501: Taxonomy - Invertebrates and Type Study Course 11

Unit I: Principles of Taxonomy

(15L)

Objective:

To introduce the principles of taxonomy and modern system of classification in animal kingdom with evolution point of view.

Desired outcome:

• Learners will apprehend the basis of classification and modern classification up to class of the lower invertebrate animals.

1.1: Levels of Organization:

- 1.1.1: Unicellularity, colonization of cells, multicellularity
- 1.1.2: Levels of Organization: Acellular, Cellular, Tissue level, Organ level and 'Organ-system' level

1.2: Symmetry

- 1.2.1: Basic concept and definition
- 1.2.2: Types:
 - a. Asymmetry: e.g. Amoeba
 - b. Radial symmetry: e.g. Starfish
 - c. Bi-lateral symmetry: e.g. Invertebrate Planaria

Vertebrate - Man

1.2.3: Evolutionary significance of symmetry

1.3: Coelom

- 1.3.1: Basic concept and definition
- 1.3.2: Formation of coelom
- 1.3.3: Types:
 - a. Acoelomate: Platyhelminthes e.g. Liverfluke
 - b. Pseudocoelomate: Nematoda e.g. Roundworm
 - c. Coelomate: e.g. Frog
- 1.3.4: Evolutionary significance of coelom

1.4: Metamerism

- 1.4.1: Basic concept and definition
- 1.4.2: Types:
 - a. Pseudometamerism: e.g. Tapeworm

b. True metamerism:

- i. Homonomous Annelida e.g. Nereis
- ii. Heteronomous Cephalization Insecta e.g. Dragonfly
 - Cephalothorax Crustacean e.g. Lobster

1.4.3: Evolutionary significance of metamerism

1.5: Taxonomy

- 1.5.1: Basic concept, definition and objectives
- 1.5.2: Linnaean Hierarchy, Binomial Nomenclature
- 1.5.3: Six Kingdom classification:

General characters of each Kingdom with examples:

- Kingdom Archaebacteria
- Kingdom Eubacteria
- Kingdom Protista
- Kingdom Fungi
- · Kingdom Plantae
- Kingdom Animalia

1.6: Kingdom Protista: Animal like Protists: Protozoa

1.6.1: General characters of Protozoa

- 1.6.2: Classification of Protozoa with distinguishing features and suitable examples:
 - Phylum Sarcomastigophora
 - · Class Sarcodina e.g. Amoeba
 - · Class Mastigophora e.g. Trypanosoma
 - Phylum Ciliophora
 - · Class Ciliata e.g. Opalina
 - Class Phyllopharyngea e.g. Dysteria
 - Phylum Sporozoa
 - · Class Aconoidasida e.g. Plasmodium
 - · Class Conoidasida e.g. Toxoplasma

Unit II: Kingdom Animalia I

(15L)

Objective:

To comprehend the general characters and classification of Kingdom Animalia from Porifera to Nematoda and specific characters of organisms belonging to these phyla.

Desired outcome:

• The learners will be familiarized with classification up to phylum Nematoda along with their examples.

2.1: Phylum Porifera

- a. General characters
- b. Classification up to class with distinguishing features and suitable examples:
 - · Class Calcarea e.g. *Leucosolenia (Branched sponge)*

- · Class Hexactinellida e.g. *Hyalonema* (Glass-rope sponge)
- Class Demospongia e.g. Euspongia (Bath sponge)

2.2: Phylum Cnidaria

- a. General characters
- b. Classification up to class with distinguishing features and examples
 - Class Hydrozoa e.g. Hydra •
 - Class Scyphozoa e.g. Aurelia (Jelly fish) •
 - Class Anthozoa e.g. *Meandrina* (Maze Coral)

2.3: Phylum Platyhelminthes

- a. General characters
- b. Classification up to class with distinguishing features and examples
 - Class Turbellaria e.g. Dugesia (Planaria)
 - Class Trematoda e.g. *Schistosoma* (Blood-fluke)
- Class Cestoda e.g. *Taenia* (Tapeworm)
 c. Morphology, life cycle and pathogenicity of *Fasciola hepatica*

2.4: Phylum Nematoda

- a. General characters
- b. Classification up to class with distinguishing features and examples
 - Class: Aphasmida (Adenophorea) e.g. *Trichinella* (Trichina worm)
 - Class: Phasmida (Secernentea) e.g. Ascaris (Roundworm) •

Unit III: Kingdom Animalia II

Objective:

To introduce basic concepts of classification up to class in animal kingdom from phylum Annelida to Hemichordata and to familiarize with their characters.

Desired outcome:

Learners will get an idea of higher groups of invertebrate animal life, their classification and their peculiar aspects.

3.1: Phylum Annelida

- 3.1.1: General characters
- 3.1.2: Classification up to class with distinguishing features and examples
 - Class Polychaeta e.g. *Neries* (Clamworm)
 - Class Oligochaeta e.g. *Pheretima* (Earthworm)
 - Class Hirudinea e.g. Hirudinaria (Leech) •

3.2: Phylum Arthropoda

- 3.2.1: General characters
- 3.2.2: Classification up to class with distinguishing features and examples
 - Subphylum Chelicerata
 - Class Arachnida e.g. Hottentotta (Scorpion)
 - Class Merostomata e.g. *Limulus* (Horse-shoe crab)
 - Class Pycnogonida e.g. Nymphon (Sea spider)

(15L)

- Subphylum Crustacea
 - · Class Malacostraca e.g. Scylla (Crab)
 - · Class Maxillipoda e.g. *Balanus* (Barnacle)
- Subphylum Uniramia
 - · Class Chilopoda e.g. Scolopendra (Centipede)
 - · Class Diplopoda e.g. Xenobolus (Millipede) ·

Class Insecta e.g. Attacus (Moth)

3.3: Phylum Mollusca

- 3.3.1: General characters of the Phylum
- 3.3.2: Classification up to class with distinguishing features and examples
 - · Class Aplacophora e.g. Chaetoderma (Glisten worm solenogaster)
 - · Class Polyplycophora e.g. Chiton (Coat-of-mail shell)
 - · Class Monoplacophora e.g. Neopilina
 - · Class Gastropoda e.g. *Nerita* (Nerit)
 - · Class Pelecypoda e.g. Solen (Razor clam)
 - · Class Scaphopoda e.g. *Dentalium* (Tusk shell)
 - · Class Cephalopoda e.g. *Nautilus* (Pearly nautilus)

3.4: Phylum Echinodermata

- 3.4.1 General characters
- 3.4.2 Classification up to class with distinguishing features and examples
 - · Class Asteroidea e.g. Protoreaster (Starfish)
 - · Class Ophiuroidea e.g. Ophiothrix (Brittle star)
 - · Class Echinoidea e.g. Clypeaster (Sand dollar)
 - · Class Holothuroidea e.g. Cucumaria (Sea cucumber)
 - · Class Crinoidea e.g. Antedon (Sea lily)

3.5 Minor phyla

- 3.5.1: General characters along with examples of
 - Phylum Acanthocephala e.g. *Moniliformis*
 - Phylum Onychophora e.g. *Peripatus* (Velvet worm)
 - Phylum Chaetognatha e.g. Sagitta (Arrow worm)
- 3.5.2: *Peripatus*, a connecting link Affinities with Phylum Annelida, Arthropoda and Mollusca.

3.6 Phylum Hemichordata

- 3.6.1: General characters, classification with distinguishing features and examples
 - · Class Enteropneusta e.g. *Balanoglossus* (Acorn worm)
 - · Class Pterobranchia e.g. Rhabdopleura
 - · Class Planctosphaeroidea e.g. Planctosphera

3.7 Basic concepts of phylogeny: Phylogenetic tree of invertebrates

Unit IV: Type study: Sepia

Objective

• To acquaint learners with the details of Sepia as a representative of invertebrate animals.

Desired outcome

- Learners will get an idea of general characteristics and details of invertebrate animal systems.
- 4.1: General characters and classification, Habit and habitat, External characters, mantle cavity, locomotion, economic importance
- 4.2: Digestive system, Respiratory system, Circulatory system, Excretory system, Nervous system and Sense organs, Reproductive system

Course Code: USZO502: Haematology and Immunology Course 12

Unit I: Basic Haematology

(15L)

Objectives:

- To introduce to the learner the composition of blood, haemorrhage and haematopoiesis.
- To acquaint the learner with the physiology of blood clotting and clinical aspects of haematology.

Desired outcome:

- The learner shall comprehend basic haematology.
- The learner will be able to identify various components of haemostatic systems.
- **1.1: Composition of plasma:** Water, respiratory gases, dissolved salts, plasma proteins, nutrients, enzymes, hormones, nitrogenous waste products
- 1.2: Haematopoiesis: Erythropoiesis, leucopoiesis and thrombopoiesis
- **1.3: Erythrocytes:** Structure and functions, abnormalities in structure, total count, variation in number; ESR; types of anaemia
- **1.4: Haemoglobin:** Structure, formation and degradation; variants of haemoglobin (foetal, adult), abnormalities in haemoglobin (sickle cell and thalassemia)
- **1.5: Leucocytes:** Types and functions, total count and variation in number; leukaemia and its types
- **1.6: Thrombocytes:** Structure, factors and mechanism of clotting, failure of clotting mechanism
- 1.7: Blood volume: Total quantity and regulation; haemorrhage

Unit II: Applied Haematology

Objective:

 To introduce to the learner the basics of applied haematology and to impart knowledge of diagnostic techniques used in pathology.

Desired outcome:

- The learner will be familiar with the terminology used and diagnostic tests performed in a pathological laboratory.
- The learner shall be acquainted with diagnostic approaches in haematological disorders.
- The learner will be better equipped for further pathological course or working in a diagnostic laboratory.
- 2.1: Introduction and scope of Applied Haematology: Clinical, microbiological, oncological and forensic haematology

(15L)

2.2: Clinical significance of Diagnostic Techniques

2.2.1: Microscopic examination of blood:

- Blood cancer (lymphoma, myeloma),
- · Infectious diseases (malaria, leishmaniasis),
- · Haemoglobinopathies (sickle cell anaemia, thalassemia)
- 2.2.2: Coagulopathies: Haemophilia and purpura
- 2.2.3: Biochemical examination of blood:
 - · Liver function tests: AST, ALT, LDH, Alkaline phosphatase, Total and direct bilirubin
 - Kidney function test: Serum creatinine, Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)
 - Carbohydrate metabolism tests: Blood sugar, Glucose tolerance test, Glycosylated haemoglobin test
 - Other biochemical tests: Blood hormones TSH, FSH, LH.

Unit III: Basic Immunology

(15L)

Objective:

• To introduce the topic of immunology by emphasizing the basic concepts to build a strong foundation and to give an overview of the immune system that plays an important role in disease resistance.

Desired outcome:

- The learner shall comprehend the types of immunity and the components of immune system.
- The learner will realize the significant role of immune system in giving resistance against diseases.

3.1: Overview of Immunology

- 3.1.1: Concept of immunity
- 3.1.2: Innate immunity Definition, factors affecting innate immunity, Mechanisms of innate immunity First line of defence physical and chemical barriers; Second line of defence phagocytosis, inflammatory responses and fever
- 3.1.3: Adaptive or Acquired immunity, Antibody mediated and cell mediated immunity; Active Acquired immunity Natural and Artificial; Passive Acquired immunity Natural and Artificial

3.2: Cells and Organs of immune system

- 3.2.1: Cells of immune system B cells, T cells and null cells, macrophages, dendritic cells and mast cells
- 3.2.2: Organs of immune system
 - Primary: Thymus and bone marrow
 - Secondary: Lymph nodes and spleen
- 3.3: Antigens: Definition and properties; haptens

3.4: Antibodies: Definition, basic structure, classes of antibodies - IgG, IgA, IgM, IgD and IgE

3.5: Antigen processing and presentation

3.5.1: Endogenous antigens - cytosolic pathways

3.5.2: Exogenous antigens - endocytic pathways

Unit IV: Applied Immunology

(15L)

Objectives:

- To introduce immunopathology to the learner
- To introduce the concept of vaccines and vaccination.
- To familiarise the learner to immunological perspectives of organ transplantation.

Desired outcome:

- The learner shall understand immunopathology and the principles and applications of vaccines.
- The learner will develop basic understanding of immunology of organ transplantation.

4.1: Antigen-Antibody interaction

- 4.1.1: General features of antigen-antibody interaction
- 4.1.2: Precipitation reaction Definition, characteristics and mechanism.
 - Precipitation in gels (slide test)
 - · Radial immunodiffusion (Mancini method)
 - Double immunodiffusion (Ouchterlony method)
- 4.1.3: Immunoelectrophoresis Counter-current and Laurel's Rocket electrophoresis
- 4.1.4: Agglutination reaction definition, characteristics and mechanism.
 - Haemagglutination (slide and micro-tray agglutination)
 - Passive agglutination
 - Coomb's test

4.1.5: Immunoassay - ELISA

4.2: Vaccines and Vaccination

- 4.2.1: Principles of vaccines active and passive immunization, Routes of vaccine administration
- 4.2.2: Classification of vaccines:
 - Live attenuated
 - Whole-Killed or inactivated
 - Sub-unit vaccines: Toxoids, Protein vaccines, Viral-like particles, DNA vaccines

4.2.3: Adjuvants used for human vaccines:

- Virosomes and Liposomes
- · Saponins

- · Water-in-oil emulsions
- 4.2.4: Vaccines against human pathogens:
 - · Polio
 - Hepatitis A and B
 - Tuberculosis (BCG)
- **4.3: Transplantation Immunology:** Introduction to transplantation; Types of grafts; Immunologic basis of graft rejection: MHC compatibility in organ transplantation, Lymphocyte and Antibody mediated graft rejection; Precautionary measures against graft rejection

Course Code: USZO503: Histology, Toxicology, Pathology and Biostatistics Course 13

Unit I: Mammalian Histology

Objectives:

- To familiarize the learner with the cellular architecture of the various organs in the body.
- To make the learner understand the need and importance of different types of tissues in the vital organs and their functions.

Desired outcome:

- Learner would appreciate the well planned organization of tissues and cells in the organ systems.
- **1.1: Vertical section (V.S.) of skin:** Layers and cells of epidermis; papillary and reticular layers of dermis; sweat glands, sebaceous glands and skin receptors

1.2: Digestive System

- 1.2.1: Vertical section (V.S.) of tooth; hard tissue dentine and enamel; soft tissue dentinal pulp and periodontal ligaments
- 1.2.2: Transverse section (T.S.) of tongue mucosal papillae and taste buds
- 1.2.3: Alimentary canal Transverse section (T.S.) of stomach, small intestine, large intestine of mammal.
- 1.2.4: Glands associated with digestive system Transverse section (T.S.) of salivary glands, liver.

Unit II: Toxicology

Objectives:

- To introduce the learner to the principles of toxicology with particular emphasis on toxic responses to chemical exposures, nature and effect of toxicity and toxicity testing.
- It also intends to develop amongst students an introductory understanding of regulatory affairs in toxicology.

Desired outcome:

- The course will prepare learner to develop broad understanding of the different areas of toxicology.
- It will also develop critical thinking and assist students in preparation for employment in pharmaceutical industry and related areas.

2.1: Basic toxicology

- 2.1.1: Introduction to toxicology brief history, different areas of toxicology, principles and scope of toxicology
- 2.1.2: Toxins and Toxicants Phytotoxins (caffeine, nicotine), Mycotoxins (aflatoxins),

(15L)

(15 L)

Zootoxins (cnidarian toxin, bee venom, scorpion venom, snake venom)

- 2.1.3: Characteristics of Exposure Duration of exposure, Frequency of exposure, Site of exposure and Routes of exposure
- 2.1.4: Types of Toxicity Acute toxicity, Sub-acute toxicity, Sub-chronic toxicity and Chronic toxicity
- 2.1.5: Concept of LD₅₀, LC₅₀, ED₅₀
- 2.1.6: Dose Response relationship Individual / Graded dose response, Quantal dose response, shape of dose response curves, Therapeutic index, Margin of safety
- 2.1.7: Dose translation from animals to human Concept of extrapolation of dose, NOAEL (No Observed Adverse Effect Level), Safety factor, ADI (Acceptable Daily Intake)
- 2.1.8: Target organ toxicity:

Hepatotoxicity: susceptibility of the liver, types of liver injury, examples of hepatotoxicants;

Neurotoxicity: vulnerability of nervous system, examples of neurotoxicants; Nephrotoxicity: susceptibility of kidney, examples of nephrotoxicants

2.2: Regulatory toxicology

- 2.2.1: OECD guidelines for testing of chemicals (an overview)
- 2.2.2: CPCSEA guidelines for animal testing centre, ethical issues in animal studies
- 2.2.3: Animal models used in regulatory toxicology studies

2.2.4: Alternative methods in toxicology (in vitro tests)

Unit III: General Pathology

(15L)

Objectives:

- To introduce the learner to basics of general pathology.
- To impart knowledge of retrogressive, necrotic, pathological conditions in the body.
- To explain repair mechanism of the body.

Desired outcome:

- Learner will be familiar with various medical terminology pertaining to pathological condition of the body caused due to diseases.
- 3.1: General Pathology: Introduction and scope
- 3.2: Cell injury: Mechanisms of cell injury: ischemic, hypoxic, free radical mediated and chemical
- **3.3: Retrogressive changes**: Definition, cloudy swelling, degeneration: fatty, mucoid and amyloid (causes and effects)

- **3.4: Disorders of pigmentation**: Endogenous: Brief ideas about normal process of pigmentation, melanosis, jaundice (causes and effects)
- **3.5: Necrosis**: Definition and causes; nuclear and cytoplasmic changes; types: coagulative, liquefactive, caseous, fat and fibroid
- 3.6: Gangrene: Definition and types dry, moist and gas gangrene

Unit IV: Biostatistics

(15L)

Objective:

To make learner familiar with biostatistics as an important tool of analysis and its applications.

Desired outcome:

- The learner will be able to collect, organize and analyse data using parametric and nonparametric tests.
- They will also be able to set up a hypothesis and verify the same using limits of significance.
- **4.1: Probability Distributions:** Normal, Binomial, Poisson distribution, Z-transformation, p-value, Probability Addition and multiplication rules and their applications
- 4.2: Measures of Variation: Variance, standard deviation, standard error
- **4.3: Testing of Hypothesis:** Basic concepts, types of hypothesis: Null hypothesis and Alternate hypothesis, Levels of significance and testing of hypothesis
- **4.4: Parametric and non-parametric test:** Parametric tests: two-tailed Z-test and t-test Non-parametric test: Chi-square test and its applications
- 4.5: Correlation: Correlation coefficient and its significance

Course Code: USZO504: Anatomy and Developmental Biology Course 14

Unit I: Integumentary system and derivatives

(15L)

Objective:

• To introduce the learner to understand different integumentary structures and derivatives in the vertebrates and to acquaint learners with special derivatives of integument.

Desired outcome:

- Learner will be able to understand the importance of various types of epidermal and dermal derivatives along with their functions.
- 1.1: Basic structure of integument: Epidermis and dermis

1.2: Epidermal derivatives of Vertebrates

- 1.2.1: Hair, hoof, horn, claw, teeth, beak and epidermal scales (small scales, large scales, modified scales spine)
- 1.2.2: Glands types (mucous, serous, ceruminous, poison, uropygial and salt gland) and functions
- 1.2.3: Type of feathers
- **1.3: Dermal derivatives of Vertebrates:** Scales in fish; scutes in reptiles and birds; dermal scales in mammals Armadillo, Antler Caribou
- **1.4: Special derivatives of integument:** Wart in toad, rattle in snake, whale bone in baleen whale, kneepads in camel.

Unit II: Human Osteology

(15L)

Objective:

To introduce the learner to different bones of human skeleton and their functional importance.

Desired outcome:

- Learner will be able to understand the structure, types and functions of human skeleton.
- **2.1: Introduction:** Bone structure (Histology), physical properties, chemical composition and general functions of bones. Cartilage: General structure, functions

2.2: Axial skeleton

- 2.2.1: Skull: General characteristics of skull bones Cranial and facial bones
- 2.2.2: Vertebral column: General characteristics of a vertebra, structure of different types of vertebrae (cervical, thoracic, lumbar, sacrum and coccyx)

- 2.2.3: Ribs and sternum: General skeleton of ribs and sternum
- 2.2.4: Hyoid bone: Structure and function.

2.3: Appendicular skeleton

- 2.3.1: Pectoral girdle and bones of forelimbs
- 2.3.2: Pelvic girdle and bones of hind limbs

Unit III: Muscles of long bones of Human limbs

(15L)

Objectives:

- To study long limb muscles involved in body movements.
- To identify various arrangements of the long limb muscles and to relate the arrangement with contraction and motion.
- To study muscle injuries and syndromes.

Desired outcome:

• Learner will be able to understand the types of long limb muscles, its arrangement and their role in body movements.

3.1: Introduction and types of long limb muscles

3.1.1: Flexors, Extensor, Rotator, Abductors, Adductors

3.2: Muscles of forelimbs

- 3.2.1: Muscles that move the arm (Humerus) *Triceps brachii, Biceps brachii, brachialis* and *brachioradialis*
- 3.2.2: Muscles that move the forearm (Radius-ulna) *Flexor carpi radialis, Flexor carpi ulnaris* and *Extensor carpi ulnaris*
- 3.2.3: Muscles that move the wrist, hand and fingers *Flexor digitorium superficialis, Extensor carpi radialis* and *Extensor digitorum*

3.3: Muscles of hindlimbs

- 3.3.1: Muscles that move the thigh (Femur) Sartorius, Adductor group, Quadriceps group (*Rectus femoris, Vastus lateralis, Vastus medialis*), Hamstring group (*Biceps femoris, Semimembranosus, Semitendinosus*)
- 3.3.2: Muscles that move the lower leg (tibia-fibula) *Fibularis longus, Gastrocnemius, Tibialis anterior, Soleus, Extensor digitorum longus* and *Fibularis tertius*
- 3.3.3: Muscles that move the ankle, foot and toes *Tibialis anterior, Extensor digitorum, Longus* and *Fibularis* muscles

Unit IV: Developmental biology of Chick

Objective:

To introduce the learner to the basics of developmental biology with reference to chick as a model and also familiarize with experiments related to it.

Desired outcome:

- *Learner will be able to understand the processes involved in embryonic development and practical applications of studying the chick embryology.*
- **4.1:** Introduction to Developmental Biology: Basic concept and principles of developmental biology morphogenesis, organogenesis, fate maps, cell adhesion, cell affinity and cell differentiation.

4.2: Development of Chick embryo

- 4.2.1: Structure of Hen's egg, physico-chemical nature and forms of yolk granular, platelets and spheres; fertilization, cleavage, blastulation, gastrulation
- 4.2.2: Structure of chick embryo 18hours, 24 hours, 33 hours, 48 hours and 72 hours
- 4.2.3: Extra embryonic membranes
- 4.2.4: Organizer: Introduction, Spemann Mangold experiment, Hensen's node as an organizer

Practical Syllabus for Semester V Course code: USZOP05; Course 11

- 1. Classification of phyla up to class and study of the general characters up to class. Kingdom Protista - Animal-like Protists: Protozoa
 - A. Phylum: Sarcomastigophora
 - · Class Sarcodina e.g. Amoeba
 - · Class Mastigophora e.g. Euglena
 - B. Phylum: Ciliophora
 - · Class Ciliata e.g. Paramoecium
 - · Class Phyllopharyngea e.g. Dysteria
 - C. Phylum: Sporozoa,
 - · Class Aconoidasida e.g. *Eimeria*
 - · Class Conoidasida e.g. Sarcocystis

Kingdom Animalia

- D. Phylum: Porifera
 - Class Calcarea e.g. Scypha (Little vase sponge)
 - · Class Hexactinellida e.g. *Hyalonemma* (Glass-rope sponge)
 - · Class Demospongia e.g. Spongilla (Freshwater sponge)
- E. Phylum Cnidaria
 - · Class Hydrozoa e.g. Vellela (By-the-wind sailor)
 - · Class Scyphozoa e.g. Rhizostoma (Barrel jellyfish)
 - · Class Anthozoa e.g. Corallium (Coral)
- F. Phylum Platyhelminthes
 - · Class Turbellaria e.g. Dugesia (Planaria)
 - · Class Trematoda e.g. Fasciola (Liverfluke)
 - · Class Cestoda e.g. Taenia (Tapeworm)
- G. Phylum Nematoda
 - · Class Aphasmida (Adenophorea) e.g. *Trichinella* (Trichina worm)
 - · Class Phasmida (Secernentea) e.g. Ascaris (Roundworm)
- H. Phylum Annelida
 - · Class Polychaeta e.g. Arenicola (Lugworm)
 - · Class Oligochaeta e.g. *Tubifex* (Sludge worm)
 - · Class Hirudinea e.g. Pontobdella (Marine leech)
- I. Phylum Arthropoda
 - Subphylum Chelicerata
 - · Class Arachnida e.g. *Hotentotta* (Scorpion)
 - · Class Merostomata e.g. Limulus (Horseshoe crab)
 - · Class Pycnogonida e.g. *Nymphon* (Sea spider)

Subphylum Crustacea

- · Class Malacostraca e.g. *Panulirus* (Lobster)
- · Class Maxillipoda e.g. Cyclops (Copepods)

Subphylum Uniramia

- · Class Chilopoda e.g. *Scolopendra* (Centipedes)
- · Class Diplopoda e.g. Xenobolus (Millipedes) ·
- Class Insecta e.g. Attacus (Moth)
- J. Phylum Mollusca
 - · Class Aplacophora e.g. Chaetoderma (Glisten worm solenogaster)
 - · Class Polyplacophora e.g. *Tonicella* (Lined Chiton)
 - · Class Monoplacophora e.g. Neopilina
 - · Class Gastropoda e.g. Turbo (Turban shell)
 - · Class Pelycypoda e.g. *Donax* (Wedge shell)
 - · Class Scaphopoda e.g. *Dentalium* (Tusk shell)
 - · Class Cephalopoda e.g. Octopus
- K. Phylum Echinodermata
 - · Class Asteroidea e.g. Asterias (Starfish)
 - · Class Ophiuroidea e.g. Ophiothrix (Brittle star)
 - · Class Echinoidea e.g. *Echinus* (Sea urchin)
 - · Class Holothuroidea e.g. Cucumaria (Sea cucumber)
 - · Class Crinoidea e.g. Crinoid (Sea lily)
- L. Phylum Hemichordata
 - · Class Enteropneusta e.g. Saccoglossus
 - · Class Pterobranchia e.g. Rhabdopleura
 - · Class Planctosphaeroidea e.g. Planctosphaera
- 2. Minor Phyla
 - Acoelomate
 - M. Phylum Acanthocephala e.g. Echinorhynchus

Coelomate

- N. Phylum Chaetognatha e.g. Sagitta
- O. Phylum Onychophora e.g. Peripatus (Velvet worm)
- 3. Study of *Sepia* with the help of diagram / Photograph / Simulation whichever possible. No animal shall be dissected.
 - a) Digestive system,
 - b) Reproductive system
 - c) Nervous system
 - d) Jaws
 - e) Radula
 - f) Chromatophores
 - g) Spermatophores
 - h) Statocyst

4. Study tour - Visit to fish market / Aquarium / Local Gardens / Local available niche / National Parks / Sanctuaries / and such other places to observe invertebrates with special emphasis on Western Ghats and coast of Maharashtra and submit a report. College may conduct more than one field visit for wide exposure, if feasible. However, at least one field visit should be such that it is affordable to every student.

Course code: USZOP05; Course 12

- 1. Enumeration of Erythrocytes Total Count.
- 2. Enumeration of Leucocytes Total Count.
- 3. Differential count of Leucocytes.
- 4. Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate by suitable method Westergren or Wintrobe method.
- 5. Estimation of haemoglobin by Sahli's acid haematin method.
- 6. Determination of serum LDH by using colorimeter / spectrophotometer.
- 7. Estimation of total serum/ plasma proteins by Folin's method.
- 8. Estimation of serum/ plasma total triglycerides by Phosphovanillin method.
- 9. Latex agglutination test Rheumatoid Arthritis.
- 10. Determination of bleeding and clotting time.

Course code: USZOP05; Course 13

- 1. Study of mammalian tissues: V.S. of Tooth, T.S. of Stomach, T.S. of small intestine, T.S. of Liver.
- 2. Microtomy: Tissue preservation and fixation, dehydration, infiltration, paraffin embedding and block preparation, sectioning, staining.
- 3. Identification of diseases or conditions (from slides or pictures): Vitiligo, Psoriasis, Bed sores, Necrosis, Oedema
- 4. To study the effect of CCI₄ on the level of enzyme activity in liver on aspartate and alanine amino transferase, alkaline phosphatase (*in vitro* approach).
- 5. Study and interpretation of abnormal pathological reports: Blood (CBC), Urine (Routine) and Stool (Routine).
- 6. Following biostatistics practicals will be done using data analysis tool of Microsoft Excel (DEMONSTRATION in regular practicals) and manually:
 - a. Problems based on Z-test
 - b. Problems based on t-test
 - c. Problems based on Chi-square test
 - d. Correlation, regression analysis demonstration only.
 - e. Problems based on ANOVA demonstration only.

(Learner is expected to identify appropriate test for the given problem)

Course code: USZOP05; Course 14

- 1. Study of integumentary systems V. S. of Skin of Shark, Frog, *Calotes*, Pigeon and Human
- 2. Study of Human Axial Skeleton Skull (whole) and Vertebral column (axis, atlas, typical cervical, typical thoracic, typical lumbar, sacrum, coccyx)
- 3. Study of Human Appendicular Skeleton Pectoral and pelvic girdle with limb bones
- 4. Study of muscles of forelimbs *Biceps brachii, Brachialis, Brachio radialis, Triceps brachii, Flexor carpi radialis, Flexor carpi ulnaris* and *Extensor carpi ulnaris*
- 5. Study of muscles of hind limbs Sartorius, Adductor group, Quadriceps group *Rectus femoris, Vastus lateralis, Vastus medialis, Hamstring* group (*Biceps femoris, Semimembranosus, Semitendinosus*), *Fibularis longus, Gastrocnemius Tibialis anterior, Soleus, Extensor digitorum longus, Fibularis tertius*
- 6. Study of ontogeny of chick embryo using permanent slides 18 hours, 24 hours, 33 hours, 48 hours and 72 hours.
- 7. Preparation of temporary mounting of chick embryo up to 48 hours of incubation.

References and Additional Reading for Semester V

Course 11: REFERENCES

- · A manual of Zoology Part I, Invertebrata; Ayyar, M. Ekambaranath
- · Invertebrate Zoology Volumes of different Phyla; Hyman L.H.
- · Instant Notes in Animal Biology by Richard D. Jurd.
- Introduction to Zoology Vol I: K. K. Chaki, G. Kundu and S. Sarkar, New Crystal Book Agency.
- Modern text book of Zoology Invertebrates; Eleventh; Edition Professor R.L. Kotpal; Rastogi publication
- · Invertebrate Zoology by E. L. Jordan & P. S. Verma Rev. edition, 2009, Chand publications
- · Invertebrate Zoology by P. S. Verma, edition, 2009, Chand publications
- · Zoology for degree students, Non chordates by V.K. Agarwal 2011, S. Chand Publication
- · Zoology for Degree Students, B.Sc. First Year, by V. K. Agarwal, Pub. S. Chand Coy.
- · B. Sc. Zoology, Invertebrate Zoology by V.K. Aggarwal2017, S. Chand publications
- · Invertebrate Zoology by Fatik Baran 2012, PHI Learning
- A Textbook of Invertebrates by N.C. Nair et al. 2010 Saras publications
- · Practical Zoology: Invertebrate, by S. S. Lal, 2016
- Invertebrate Zoology by Ruppert, Fox, Barnes, 7thedition,2003 publications Cengage Learning
- Invertebrate Zoology by D.T. Anderson 2nd edition 2002, publications Oxford
- · Invertebrates by Richard C. Brusca et. al, 3rdedition2016, publications Oxford
- Biology of the invertebrates by Jan A. Pechenik, 7th edition,2014 publications McGraw Hill
- · An introduction to the invertebrates by Janet Moore, 2ndedition2006, publications Cambridge
- Protozoology, by S. V. Nikam & S. T. Tanveer ed. 2011, Pub. Oxford Book Company(N.B.: This book includes Phylum Sarcomastigophora)

ADDITIONAL READING

- https://www.earthlife.net/inverts/an-phyla.html
- http://www.biologydiscussion.com/invertebrate-zoology/invertebrates-phyla/study-noteson-invertebrates-phyla/28077
- http://www.asfa.k12.al.us/ourpages/auto/2014/4/23/64232119/invertebrate-animalphyla-notes.pdf
- http://www.biology-pages.info/l/Invertebrates.html
- https://portals.iucn.org/library/sites/library/files/documents/2012-064.pdf
- http://instruction2.mtsac.edu/mcooper/Biology%202/Labs/Protistalab1.pdf
- http://www.faculty.ucr.edu/~legneref/invertebrate/inverteb.htm
- http://www.cbv.ns.ca/mchs/diversity/ProtozoansPage1.html
- http://bioweb.uwlax.edu/bio203/s2009/maiers_andr/Classification.htm
- https://www.earthlife.net/inverts/annelida.html
- https://manoa.hawaii.edu/exploringourfluidearth/biological/invertebrates/worms-phylaplatyhelmintes-nematoda-and-annelida
- http://www.fossilmuseum.net/Tree_of_Life/PhylumAnnelida.htm
- http://www.austincc.edu/sziser/Biol%201413/LectureNotes/InexamIII/Phylum%20Anneli da.pdf
- http://animaldiversity.org/accounts/Annelida/classification/
- http://faculty.collegeprep.org/~bernie/sciproject/project/Kingdoms/Animal%20Kingdom%20-%205/Local%20copy/classification/arthropoda.html
- http://bio.rutgers.edu/~gb102/lab_2/309am-arthro.html
- http://www.auburn.edu/academic/classes/biol/1030/boyd/lect10-14outline.htm
- http://www.fossilmuseum.net/Tree_of_Life/PhylumArthropoda.htm
- http://www.geo.arizona.edu/geo3xx/geo308/FoldersOnServer/2003/3Mollusca.htm
- http://www.fossilmuseum.net/Tree_of_Life/PhylumMollusca.htm
- http://www.geo.arizona.edu/geo3xx/geo308/FoldersOnServer/2003/Lab7EchinoArthro.htm
- https://www.earthlife.net/inverts/echinodermata.htmla
- http://www.uky.edu/OtherOrgs/KPS/paleoclass/pages/wimbergechinodermata.htm
- http://www.fossilmuseum.net/Tree_of_Life/Phylum-Echinodermata.htm

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- · Human Physiology Volume 1; C.C. Chatterjee.
- · Essentials of Haematology; Shirish M. Kawthalkar; Jaypee Brothers.
- Williams Hematology; Kenneth Kaushansky, Marshall A. Lichtman, E. Beutler, Thomas J. Kipps, Josef Prchal, Uri Seligsohn.
- · Essential Haematology; Victor Hoffbrand, Paul Moss, John Pettit.
- · Rapid Review of Hematology; Ramadas Nayak; Jaypee Brothers.
- · Precise Haematology; Usha Rusia, Meera Sikka, Renu Saxena; Wiley India.
- Short Textbook of Haematology; Shah B.S.; C.B.S. Publisher and Distributor.
- Practical Zoology; Second Edition; Dr. K.C. Ghose & Dr. B. Manna; New Central Book Agency Pvt. Ltd., Kolkata; 1999.
- Mechanisms of Body Functions; Second Edition; Dexter M. Easton; Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi; 1978.
- A Text book of Practical Physiology; First Edition; V.G. Ranade; A.V.G. Prakashan, Pune; 1968.
- Principles of Anatomy & Physiology; Thirteenth Edition; Gerard J. Tortora & Bryan Derrickson; Biological Science Textbooks, Inc.; 2012.
- · Biochemistry; Fourth Edition; U. Satyanarayana & U. Chakrapani; Elsevier; 2013.
- · Concepts in Biochemistry; Third Edition; Rodney Boyer; John Wiley & Sons, Inc.; 2006.
- Medical Biochemistry; Fourth Edition; John Baynes & Marek Dominiczak; Saunders (Elsevier); 2014.
- Harrison's Hematology and Oncology; 3rd Edition (Harrison's Specialty);Dan Longo; McGraw-Hill.
- · Essentials of Haematology; Second Edition; Kawthalkar Shirish M.; Jaypee; 2013.
- Medical Biochemistry by C. Jaypee; 2012.
- · Essentials in Hematology and Clinical Pathology; Nayak, Ramadas.
- · Clinical Pathology and Hematology; Maheshwari, Nanda; Jaypee.
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LEARNERS' SPACE

Course 11

- 1. Learners can visit different websites to get information about the invertebrates discovered recently in Maharashtra as well as in the world.
- 2. Learners can play games to identify kingdom, phylum or class based on the characters of animals.
- 3. Investigate the process of formation of first life/cell on earth
- 4. List the names of places in India where corals are found.
- 5. Study the corals as an indicator of healthy ecosystem.
- 6. Enlist medicinal uses of leech.
- 7. State the differences between *Loligo* and *Sepia*.
- 8. Collect information on differences between minor phyla and major phyla.
- 9. Study the economic importance of molluscs.
- 10. Collect the information on torsion-detorsion in gastropods.

Course 12

- 1. Study the latest medical applications of haemopoietic cells.
- 2. Prepare a report on thrombosis, its causes, risk factors, symptoms and prevention.
- 3. Other than haemophilia, there are many more coagulation factor disorders. Explore this area.
- 4. Investigate the traditional and recent methods of grouping and cross matching of blood.
- 5. Compile information on Bombay blood group.
- 6. Study the recent advancements in organ transplantation.
- 7. Autoimmune diseases are on the rise. Explore the reasons, types as well as its mechanisms.
- 8. Distinguish different types of hypersensitivity.
- 9. Make a detailed report on bone marrow transplantation.
- 10. Explain the application of radiation technology in vaccine development.
- 11. Attempt to understand immune mechanisms in invertebrates.
- 12. Attempt to understand immune mechanisms in pets.

Course 13

- 1. Define- Histopathology. Name the cytological techniques used to stain DNA in the tissues.
- 2. Prepare a chart as follows

Sr. No.	Type of Embryonic origin	Tissues/Organ/Gland	Position in the body of vertebrates
1.	Ectoderm		
2.	Endoderm		
3.	Mesoderm		
4.	Dual origin		

- 3. From internet, survey types of stains used in temporary and permanent preparation of slides.
- 4. Find the ways to prevent post mortem changes in histological preparation of experimental animals.
- 5. Enumerate sub-lethal dose or sub-lethal concentration of a toxicant.
- 6. Give the significance of probit analysis and comment on Finney method of toxicity evaluation.

- 7. Find the differences between bioaccumulation, biotransformation and biomagnification in the trophic levels. Do search for bioremediation against pollutants.
- 8. Discuss the various routes of intoxication in vertebrate animals.
- 9. Enlist the common inflammatory diseases.
- 10. Define Metastasis and Neoplasia
- 11. Explain the procedure of biopsy. Give its significance.
- 12. Prepare a chart as follows:

Sr. No.	Samples	Types of pathological test conducted.	Confirmation of diseases
1.	Blood		
2.	Urine		
3.	Sputum		
4.	Semen	1	
5.	Root hair somatic cell		
6.	Bone marrow	1	
7.	Stool		

13. Give the use of standard error in biological research.

- 14. Explain various types of correlations possibilities in biological events.
- 15. Differentiate between primary and secondary data.
- 16. Study computer spreadsheet programme. Find software programmes for statistical tests used in biological research.

Course 14

- 1. Distinguish between holocrine, merocrine and apocrine glands.
- 2. Explain the difference between plastic and cosmetic surgery.
- 3. Comment on skin cancer and its preventive measures.
- 4. Find the ABCD rule for recognizing melanoma
- 5. Elaborate the term cyanosis.
- 6. Find the correlation between biological clock/rhythm melanin secretion and sleep.
- 7. List various applications of forensic osteology and human osteoarchaeology.
- 8. Role of osteology in understanding human evolution and taxonomy.
- 9. Give the correlation between age, nutrition and growth of bones.
- 10. Find out the following:
 - a) Correlation between muscles and body building
 - b) Smallest muscle, strongest muscle and the muscle that is never tired in our body.
 - c) Number of muscles required for taking one step
- 11. Name three muscles or muscle groups used as sites for intramuscular injections especially used in babies.
- 12. Distinguish between the effect of exercises on muscles of a marathon runner and a weight lifter.
- 13. Describe different theories of experimental embryology.
- 14. Collect the brief information regarding the human embryogenesis.
- 15. Explain recapitulation theory.
- 16. Use of French flag model to understand developmental biology.
- 17. Complete the following table:

Drosophila body Patterning					
Category of genes	Name of genes	Role of genes			
Egg-polarity genes		Establish the Antero-posterior axis			
Gap genes		Establish 3 broad segments of the embryo			
Pair-rule genes		Establishes odd and even segments			
Segment-polarity		Establishes anterior posterior polarity of each			
genes		segment			
Homeotic genes		Establishes segmental identity			

T. Y. B. Sc. Zoology: Semester VI (Theory) Course Code: USZO601: Taxonomy - Chordates and Type Study Course 15

Unit I: Phylum Chordata: Group Protochordata and Group Euchordata I (15L)

Objective:

To introduce basic concepts of modern Chordate classification with evolution point of view and to understand the concept of taxonomy in higher animal kingdom.

Desired outcome:

- Learners will get an idea of origin of Chordates, its taxonomy up to class with reference to phylogeny and their special features.
- 1.1: General characters, Difference between non-chordates and chordates Origin of chordates: Annelids as ancestors, Arachnids as ancestors and affinities with Echinodermata

1.2: Protochordata

- 1.2.1: General characters of Group Protochordata
- 1.2.2: Distinguishing characters of Subphylum Urochordata and Cephalochordata
- 1.2.3: Subphylum Urochordata
 - · Class Ascidiacea e.g. Herdmania
 - · Class Thaliacea e.g. Salpa
 - · Class Larvacea e.g. Oikopleura
- 1.2.4: Subphylum Cephalochordata
 - · Class Leptocardii e.g. Branchiostoma (Amphioxus)

1.3: Group Euchordata I

- Group Euchordata: General characters
- Subphylum Vertebrata: General characters
- · Division Agnatha and Gnathostomata: Distinguishing characters.

General characters with examples of:

- Class Ostracodermii e.g. Cephalaspis
- · Class Cyclostomata e.g. Petromyzon (Lamprey)

Unit II: Group Euchordata II

- 2.2.1: Division: Gnathostomata
 - Superclass: Pisces and Tetrapoda
 - o Superclass Pisces: Distinguishing characters
 - · Class Placodermi e.g. *Climatius*
 - · Class Chondrichthyes e.g. *Rhinobatos* (Guitar fish)
 - · Class Osteichthyes e.g. *Exocetus* (Flying fish)

- 2.2.2: Dipnoi (Lung fish): Distribution, habit and habitat, external and internal characters, affinities with super class Pisces, affinities and differences with class Amphibia
- 2.3: Superclass Tetrapoda
 - Class Amphibia: General characters
 - Examples:
 - a. Limbless amphibian e.g. Ichthyophis (Caecilian)
 - b. Tailed amphibian e.g. Amphiuma
 - c. Tailless amphibian e.g. *Hyla* (Tree frog)

Unit III: Group Euchordata III

(15L)

Objective:

To introduce the learners to the distinguishing characters of classes Reptilia, Aves and Mammalia and their adaptive features with reference to their habitat.

Desired outcome:

- Learners will understand the characteristic features and examples of class of Reptilia, Aves and Mammalia.
- 3.1: Class Reptilia: General characters

Examples

- a. Extinct reptile e.g. Ichthyosaurus
- b. Living fossil e.g. Sphenodon (Tuatara)
- c. Aquatic reptile e.g. Chelonia (Sea turtle)
- d. Arboreal reptile e.g. Chamaeleo (Chamaeleon)

3.2: Class Aves: General Characters

Examples

- a. Arboreal bird e.g. *Melanerpes* (Wood pecker)
- b. Terrestrial bird e.g. Gallus (Fowl)
- c. Swimming bird e.g. Phalacrocorax (Cormorant)
 - d. Wading bird e.gs. Ardeola (Heron)
 - e. Birds of prey e.g. Tyto (Owl)
 - f. Flightless birds e.g. Dromaius (Emu)

3.3: Class Mammalia: General characters

Examples

- a. Egg-laying mammals e.g. *Ornithorhyncus* (Duck-billed platypus)
- b. Pouched mammals e.g. *Macropus* (Kangaroo)
- c. Insect eating mammals e.g. Sorex (Common shrew)
- d. Toothless mammals e.g. Bradypus (Sloth)
- e. Gnawing mammals e.g. Funambulus (Squirrel)
- f. Primates e.g. *Macaca* (Monkey)

Unit IV: Type study: Shark

Objective:

To study in depth one vertebrate animal type i. e. general characteristics and salient features of animal type - shark.

Desired outcome:

Learners will get an idea of vertebrate animal life after studying one representative animal - shark.

4.1: Habit & habitat, distribution, external characters, classification and economic importance.

4.2: Skin, exoskeleton, endoskeleton and systems

- a) Digestive system
- b) Respiratory system
- c) Blood vascular system
- d) Nervous system and receptor organs
- e) Urinogenital system, copulation, fertilization and development

Course Code: USZO602: Physiology and Tissue Culture Course 16

Unit I: Enzymology

(15L)

Objective:

• To introduce to the learner the fundamental concepts of enzyme biochemistry and to enable the learner realize applications of enzymes in basic and applied sciences.

Desired outcome:

- The learner shall understand fundamentals of enzyme structure, action and kinetics.
- The learner shall appreciate the enzyme assay procedures and the therapeutic applications of enzymes.
- **1.1:** Introduction and Nomenclature: Definition; concept of activation energy; nomenclature and classification (based on IUB Enzyme Commission) of enzymes; chemical nature of enzyme, co-factors and co-enzymes
- **1.2: Enzyme Action and Kinetics:** Mechanism; Factors affecting enzyme activity substrate, pH and temperature. Derivation of Michaelis-Menten equation and Lineweaver-Burk plot; Concept and significance of K_m, V_{max} and K_{cat}
- **1.3: Enzyme Inhibition:** Competitive and non-competitive inhibitors and their kinetics; therapeutic applications of enzyme inhibitors
- **1.4: Regulation of Enzyme Activity:** Allosteric regulation and regulation by covalent modification of enzymes; Isozymes (LDH)
- 1.5: Industrial applications of enzymes: Food and detergents

Unit II: Homeostasis

Objective:

To introduce to the learner the concept of homeostasis-thermoregulation and osmoregulation

Desired outcome:

The learner shall comprehend the adaptive responses of animals to environmental changes for their survival.

2.1: Homeostasis

- 2.1.1: External and internal environment; Acclimation and acclimatization
- 2.1.2: Body clock Circadian & Diurnal rhythm

2.2: Thermoregulation

2.2.1: Endothermy and ectothermy

- 2.2.2: Temperature balance: Heat production shivering and non-shivering thermogenesis; brown fat, mechanisms of heat loss
- 2.2.3: Adaptive response to temperature daily torpor, hibernation, aestivation

2.3: Osmotic and Ionic Regulation

- 2.3.1: Living in hypo-osmotic, hyper-osmotic and terrestrial environment Water absorption, salt water ingestion and salt excretion, salt glands, metabolic water
- 2.3.2: Role of kidney in ionic regulation

Unit III: Endocrinology

Objective:

• To introduce to the learner the details of endocrine glands and its disorders.

Desired outcome:

- The learner shall understand the types and secretions of endocrine glands and their functions.
- 3.1: General organization of mammalian endocrine system
- **3.2:** Hormones: Classification, properties, mechanism of hormone action
- **3.3:** Histology, functions and disorders of the following endocrine glands:
 - Pituitary
 - Thyroid
 - · Parathyroid
 - · Pancreas
 - Adrenal

Unit IV: Animal Tissue Culture

Objective:

To introduce to the learner the fundamental concepts of tissue culture and guide them progressively to certain areas of animal tissue culture.

Desired outcome:

- The learner shall understand the significance of tissue culture as a tool in specialized areas of research.
- The learner will appreciate its applications in various industries.

4.1: Aseptic techniques

- 4.1.1: Sterilization basic principles of sterilization, importance of sterility in cell culture
- 4.1.2: Sterile handling swabbing, capping, flaming, handling bottles and flasks, pipetting, pouring

(15L)

4.2: Culture media

- 4.2.1: Types of media Natural and Artificial media
- 4.2.2: Balanced Salt Solutions
- 4.2.3: Complete Media amino acids, vitamins, salts, glucose, oxygen supplements, hormones and growth factors, antibiotics
- 4.2.4: Factors influencing cell culture surface tension and foaming, viscosity, temperature, osmolality, pH, CO₂, bicarbonate and O₂
- **4.3:** Advantages of tissue culture control of the environment, *in vitro* modelling of *in vivo* conditions
- 4.4: Limitations of tissue culture

4.5: Culture techniques

- 4.5.1: Preparation of cells / organs for culture
- 4.5.2: Cover slip, Flask and Tube culture
- 4.5.3: Primary and established cell lines
- 4.5.4: Hybridoma technology

Course Code: USZO603: Genetics and Bioinformatics Course 17

Unit I: Molecular Biology

(15 L)

Objectives:

- To introduce learner to chemical and molecular processes that affect genetic material.
- To make learner understand the concept of DNA damage and repair, and how gene control is necessary for cell survival.

Desired outcome:

- Learner shall get an insight into the intricacies of chemical and molecular processes that affect genetic material.
- The course shall prepare learner to recognize the significance of molecular biology as a basis for the study of other areas of biology and biochemistry.
- Learner shall also understand related areas in relatively new fields of genetic engineering and biotechnology.

1.1: Types of mutation

- 1.1.1: Point mutations substitution, deletion and insertion mutations
 Substitution mutations silent, missense and nonsense mutations, transition and transversion
 Deletion and Insertion mutations frameshift mutations
- 1.1.2: Trinucleotide repeat expansions fragile X syndrome, Huntington disease
- 1.1.3: Spontaneous mutation tautomeric shifts, spontaneous lesions

1.2: Induced mutations

- 1.2.1: Physical agents:
 - Ionizing radiation (X-rays, α , β and γ rays)
 - Non-ionizing radiation (UV light)
- 1.2.2: Chemical agents:
 - Base analogs (5-bromouracil)
 - · Intercalating agents (ethidium bromide)
 - Deaminating agents (nitrous acid)
 - Hydroxylating agents (hydroxylamine)
 - Alkylating agents (mustard gas)
 - Aflatoxin (aflatoxin B₁)

1.3: Preventative and repair mechanisms for DNA damage

- 1.3.1: Mechanisms that prevent DNA damage superoxide dismutase and catalase
- 1.3.2: Mechanisms that repair damaged DNA direct DNA repair (alkyl transferases, photoreactivation, excision repair)
- 1.3.3: Postreplication repair recombination repair, mismatch repair, SOS repair

1.4: Eukaryotic gene expression

1.4.1: Regulatory protein domains - zinc fingers, helix-turn-helix domain and leucine zipper

1.4.2: DNA methylation

Unit II: Genetic Engineering

Objective:

To introduce learner to a set of techniques to modify an organism's genome to produce improved or novel genes and organisms.

Desired outcome:

 The learner shall get acquainted with the vast array of techniques used to manipulate genes which can be applied in numerous fields like medicine, research, etc. for human benefit.

2.1: Tools in Genetic Engineering

- 2.1.1: Enzymes involved in Genetic Engineering: Introduction, nomenclature and types of restriction enzymes with examples, Ligases *E. coli* DNA ligase, T4 DNA ligase, polynucleotide kinase, phosphatases, DNA polymerases, reverse transcriptase, terminal transferase
- 2.1.2: Vectors for gene cloning: General properties, advantages and disadvantages of cloning vectors plasmid vectors (pBR322), phage vectors (λ Phage), cosmid vectors (c2XB)
- 2.1.3: Cloning techniques: Cloning after restriction digestion blunt and cohesive end ligation, creation of restriction sites using linkers and adapters, cloning after homopolymer tailing, cDNA synthesis (Reverse transcription), genomic and cDNA libraries

2.2: Techniques in Genetic Engineering

- 2.2.1: PCR techniques: Principle of polymerase chain reaction (PCR), Applications of PCR
- 2.2.2: Sequencing techniques: DNA sequencing: Maxam-Gilbert method, Sanger's method Protein sequencing: Sanger's method, Edman's method Applications of sequencing techniques
- 2.2.3: Detection techniques: Blotting techniques Southern blotting, Northern blotting and Western blotting Applications of blotting techniques

Unit III: Human Genetics

(15L)

(15 L)

Objective:

• To introduce learner with genetic alterations in human genome and their diagnosis.

Desired outcome:

The learner shall become aware of the impact of changes occurring at gene level on human health and its diagnosis.

3.1: Non-disjunction during mitosis and meiosis

 3.1.1: Chromosomal Aberrations: Structural: Deletion: types, effects and disorders; Translocation: types: Robertsonian and non-Robertsonian disorders; Inversion: types, effects and significance; Duplication and their evolutionary significance (multigene families) Numerical: Aneuploidy and Polyploidy (Autopolyploidy and Allopolyploidy)

3.2: Genetic Disorders

- 3.2.1: Inborn Errors of Metabolism: Phenylketonuria, G-6-PD deficiency, Alkaptonuria, Albinism
- 3.2.2: Single gene mutation: Cystic fibrosis
- 3.2.3: Multifactorial: Breast Cancer
- 3.2.4: Uniparental Disomy: Angelman Syndrome and Prader-Willi Syndrome

3.3: Diagnosis

3.3.1: Prenatal Diagnosis: Amniocentesis and Chorionic villus sampling, Banding techniques (G, C, Q), FISH, Protein truncation test (PTT)

3.3.2: Genetic counselling

Unit IV: Bioinformatics

Objective:

To introduce learner to bioinformatics - a computational approach to learning the structure and organization of genomes, phylogeny and metabolism.

Desired outcome:

• Learner shall become aware of the computational point of view of studying the genomes.

4.1: Introduction

4.1.1: Introduction to Bioinformatics and Bioinformatics web resource (NCBI, EBI, OMIM, PubMed)

4.1.2: Applications of Bioinformatics

4.2: Databases - Tools and their uses

 4.2.1: Biological databases; Primary sequence databases: Nucleic acid sequence databases (GenBank, EMBLEBI, DDBJ) Protein sequence databases (UniProtKB, PIR) Secondary sequence databases Derived databases - PROSITE, BLOCKS Structure databases and bibliographic databases

4.3: Sequence alignment methods

4.3.1: BLAST, FASTA

4.3.2: Types of sequence alignment (Pairwise & Multiple sequence alignment)

4.3.3: Significance of sequence alignment

4.4: Predictive applications using DNA and protein sequences

4.4.1: Evolutionary studies: Concept of phylogenetic tree, convergent and parallel evolution

4.4.2: Pharmacogenomics: Discovering a drug: Target identification

4.4.3: Protein Chips and Functional Proteomics: Different types of protein chip (detecting and quantifying), applications of Proteomics

4.4.4: Metabolomics: Concept and applications

Course Code: USZO604: Environmental Biology and Zoopharmacognosy Course 18

Unit I: Environment management

Objective:

• Learner should understand different factors affecting the environment and various methods to improve environmental stewardship.

Desired outcome:

Learner will understand the different factors affecting environment, its impact and environment management laws.

1.1: Natural resources and their Classification

1.1.1: Forest resources, water resources (surface and ground) and mineral resources

1.1.2: Energy resources: renewable (solar, tidal, wind, biofuel) and non-renewable resources (coal, petroleum oil, natural gas)

1.2: Exploitation and Modification of Natural Resources: Impact on climate, flora and fauna

1.3: Waste Management

1.3.1: Technologies in solid waste management:

a) Traditional methods for solid waste management: Composting, Incineration, Landfill Recycling, Windrow composting

b) Modern methods for solid waste management: Anaerobic digestion, ethanol production, biodrying, pyrolysis, Upflow anaerobic sludge blanket (UASB) technology, waste autoclave

1.3.2: e-waste and hazardous waste (biological, chemical, medical and nuclear) management

1.4: Water management

- 1.4.1: Rainwater harvesting: Definition ways of harvesting, components, model of rain water harvesting: Rural and Urban, Advantages and disadvantages
- 1.4.2: Watershed management: Definition, need and objectives, classification (mini, micro, mili, sub-watershed, macro-watershed), Watershed management practices: Contour, gully control, stone bunds. Growing greenery and integrated watershed approach (IWA).
- 1.4.3: Case study: Ice-stupa artificial glaciers by Sonam Wangchuk
- 1.4.4: Effluent treatment, recycling plants, control and treatment of sewage water.

1.5: Acts and Rules of Environment Management

1.5.1: Environment Protection Act - 1986, Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act - 1981, Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act - 1974

- 1.5.2: Hazardous Wastes (Management and Handling) Rules 1989
- 1.5.3: EIA (Environmental Impact Assessment)

1.5.4: Role of Central and State Government (Pollution Control Board) and NGOs

Unit II: Wildlife Management

(15L)

Objectives:

- To sensitize learner regarding the various threats to the wildlife
- To introduce learner various ways that can help in the protection, conservation, management, and enhancement of wildlife populations and habitat.

Desired outcome:

- · Learner will be able to understand various methods for wildlife conservation.
- Learner will be able to apply knowledge to overcome the issues related to wildlife conservation and management.
- 2.1: Habit, Habitat, Territory and Niche of Wild Animals: Herbivores, carnivores, solitary, social (flock, pod, community), pack and herd, types of habitats and territories, niche concept

2.2: Threats to Wildlife

- 2.2.1: Poaching and hunting, deforestation, encroachment, competition (intra-specific and inter-specific), overgrazing and climate change, diseases (zoonosis and reverse zoonosis)
- 2.2.2: Tourism and human animal conflict

2.3: Wildlife Conservation

- 2.3.1: Techniques and methods used for wildlife census: Aerial counts, camera trap, line transect census and track surveys, capture mark recapture method, wildlife radio telemetry
- 2.3.2: Forest management, policies and Acts:

Harvesting Trees, Thinning harvest, Clearcut Harvest, Shelterwood harvest, Seed tree harvest, Group selection harvest, Single-tree selection harvest, Prescribed burning, Reforestation

Forest policy 1894, 1952, 1988;

The Indian Forest Act, 1927; Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980

Unit III: Bioprospecting and Zoopharmacognosy

Objectives:

- To introduce the learner to the concepts of bioprospecting and zoopharmacognosy.
- Learner will be made aware of the process of discovery and commercialization of new products based on biological resources.
- To introduce learner with various ethological aspects by which non-human animals apparently self-medicate themselves.

Desired outcome:

• Learner will understand the paradigms of discovery and commercialization of biological resources and knowledge gained from self-medication observed in animals.

3.1: Bioprospecting

- 3.1.1: Traditional and modern bioprospecting, economic value of bioprospecting
- 3.1.2: Bioprospecting and conservation, advantages and disadvantages

3.2: Zoopharmacognosy

3.2.1: Definition and types

- 3.2.2: Self-medication and its mechanism
- 3.2.3: Methods of self-medication through:
 - a) Ingestion ants and mammals
 - b) Geophagy invertebrates and birds
 - c) Absorption and adsorption

3.2.4: Applications - Social and trans-generational aspects of insects, birds and mammals

3.2.5: Contribution to human medicines

Unit IV: Zoogeography

Objectives:

- To introduce learner to the geographic distribution (present and past) of animal species.
- To introduce learner to various ways of animal distribution.

Desired outcome:

• The learners will become acquainted with how and why different animal species are distributed around the globe.

4.1: Introduction: Plate tectonics and continental drift theory

4.2: Animal Distribution and Barriers

- 4.2.1: Isolating Mechanisms
- 4.2.2: Patterns of animal distribution continuous, discontinuous and bipolar
- 4.2.3: Barriers of distribution -Topographic, climatic, vegetative, large water masses, land mass, lack of salinity and special characteristic habit (homing instinct).
- 4.2.4: Means of dispersal land bridges, natural rafts and drift wood, favouring gales, migration by host, accidental transportation and by human agencies
- **4.3: Zoogeographical Realms:** Palearctic, Ethiopian, Oriental, Australian, Neotropical, Nearctic and Antarctic

Practical Syllabus for Semester VI Course code: USZOP06: COURSE 15

1. Group Protochordata

- Subphylum Urochordata
 - Class Larvacea e.g. Oikopleura (Sea squirt)
 - · Class Ascidiacea e.g. Ciona (Transparent Sea squirt)
 - · Class Thaliacea e.g. Salpa (Common salp)
- · Subphylum Cephalochordata
 - · Class Leptocardii e.g. Branchiostoma (Amphioxus)
- Subphylum Vertebrata: Division Agnatha
 - · Class Ostracodermi e.g. Pharyngolepis
 - · Class Cyclostomata e.g. *Petromyzon* (Lamprey)

2. Division Gnathostomata

- Superclass Pisces:
 - · Class Placodermi e.g. Bothriolepis
 - · Class Chondrichthyes e.g. *Rhinobatos* (Guitar fish), *Chimaera* (Rabbitfish)
 - · Class Osteichthyes e.g. Protopterus, Clarius (Catfish)
- Superclass Tetrapoda:
 - Class Amphibia e.g. *Alytes* (Midwife toad) and *Triton* (Salamander)
 - · Class Reptilia e.g. Varanus (Monitor lizard) and Crocodylus (Crocodile)
- **3. Class Aves:** Examples: *Eudyptes* (Penguin), *Phoenicopterus* (Flamingo) and *Gyps* (Vulture)
- **4. Class Mammalia:** Examples: *Dasyurus* (Quoll), *Petaurista* (Flying squirrel) and *Macaca* (Monkey).

5. Study of Shark with the help of diagram / Photograph / Simulation whichever possible. No animal shall be dissected.

- a) Digestive system
- b) Heart and Aortic arches
- c) Urinogenital System
- d) Endoskeleton of shark:
 - i. Axial Skull and vertebral column
 - ii. Appendicular Pelvic and pectoral fins, pelvic and pectoral girdle

6. Visit to fish market / Aquarium / Zoo/ National Park / Local Gardens / Local available niche / Sanctuaries / and such other places in Maharashtra and / or India and / or abroad to observe chordates and prepare a report. College may conduct more than one field visit for wide exposure, if feasible. However, at least one field visit should be such that it is affordable to every student.

Course code: USZOP06: COURSE 16

- 1. Effect of varying pH on activity of enzyme Acid Phosphatase.
- 2. Effect of varying enzyme concentration on activity of enzyme Acid Phosphatase.
- 3. Effect of varying substrate concentration on activity of enzyme Acid Phosphatase.
- 4. Effect of inhibitor on the activity of enzyme Acid Phosphatase.
- 5. Separation of LDH isozymes by agarose / polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis.
- 6. Histology of endocrine glands: T.S. of pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, pancreas, adrenal.
- 7. Instruments for tissue culture Autoclave Millipore filter, CO₂ incubator, Laminar air-flow. (Principle and use).
- 8. Packaging of glassware for tissue culture.
- 9. Aseptic transfer techniques.
- 10. Trypsinization and vital staining using Trypan blue stain.

Course code: USZOP06: COURSE 17

- 1. Quantitative Estimation of RNA by Orcinol method.
- 2. Quantitative Estimation of DNA by Diphenylamine method.
- 3. Separation of Genomic DNA by Agarose gel electrophoresis.
- 4. Colorimetric estimation of proteins from given sample by Folin-Lowry's method.
- 5. Problems based on Restriction endonucleases.
- 6. Karyotype (Idiogram) analysis for the following syndromes with comments on numerical and / or structural variations in chromosomes (no cutting of chromosomes):
 - a. Turner's syndrome
 - b. Klinefelter's syndrome
 - c. Down's syndrome
 - d. Cri-du-chat syndrome
 - e. D-G translocation
 - f. Edward's syndrome
 - g. Patau's syndrome
- 7. Interpretation of genetic formulae: Deletion, duplication, inversion and translocation.
- 8. Calculation of mitotic index from the photograph or stained preparation of onion root tip or cancer cells.
- 9. Explore BLAST for nucleotide sequence comparison.
- 10. Explore the databases (Nucleotide, Protein) at NCBI for querying a nucleotide or protein sequence.
- 11. Exploring bibliographic database PubMed for downloading a research paper on subject of interest with the use of operators.

Course code: USZOP06: Course 18

- 1. Estimation of phosphates from sample water.
- 2. Estimation of BOD from sample water.
- 3. Estimation of COD from sample water.
- 4. Estimation of Nitrates from sample water.
- 5. Estimation of acidity and alkalinity of sample water by methyl orange and phenolphthalein indicator.
- 6. Comparative study of sound intensity in different places by Decibel meter.
- 7. Study of bioprospecting:
 - a. Tumour suppression compounds e.g. Sponge.
 - b. Skin erythema treatment from gel Aloe vera, Aloe ferox.
- 8. Study of Zoopharmacognosy in ants, cats, elephants and dogs.
- 9. Indicate the distribution of fauna in the world map with respect to its realm and comment on the pattern of distribution.
 - a. Palearctic: Giant Panda and Japanese Macaque
 - b. Ethiopian: Common ostrich and African bush elephant
 - c. Oriental: Indian one-horned Rhinoceros and Gharial
 - d. Australian: Platypus and Red Kangaroo
 - e. Neotropical: Guanaco and South American Tapir
 - f. Nearctic: Virginia opossum and Sea otter
 - g. Antarctic: Emperor Penguin and Antarctic Minke Whale
- Excursion (Study tour / Visit) to Zoo / Sanctuary / National park / Research institute, etc. and submit a report. College may conduct more than one field visit for wide exposure, if feasible. However, at least one field visit should be such that it is affordable to every student.

References and Additional Reading for Semester VI

Course 15 REFERENCES

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- · Vertebrate Zoology for Degree students; V. K. Agarwal; S. Chand Publication; 2012.
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- Chordate Zoology by E. L. Jordan and P. S. Verma, edition, 2009, Chand publications.
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- A Textbook of Invertebrate Zoology & Cell Biology, by V. S. Kanwate, A. N. Kulkarni et al. ed. Alka Prakashan.
- The Animal Kingdom: An Elementary Textbook in Zoology; Specially Classified and Arranged for the Use of Science Classes, Schools and Colleges (Classic Reprint), by Ellis A. Davidson, Sept. 2015, Publisher: Forgotten Book.

ADDITIONAL READING

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- http://www.ucmp.berkeley.edu/chordata/chordata.html
- http://animaldiversity.org/accounts/Chordata/
- https://www.earthlife.net/inverts/chordata.html
- http://www.nhc.ed.ac.uk/index.php?page=493.450
- https://manoa.hawaii.edu/exploringourfluidearth/biological/invertebrates/phylumchordata
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- Comparative Animal Physiology: P. C. Withers, Thomson Publishing Co.
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- · Genetics; Robert Weaver and Philip Hedrick; McGraw Hill; 2001.
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- · Introduction to Environmental Management by Mary K. Theodore and Louis Theodore. ·
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- · Zoopharmacognosy by Jesse Russell, Ronald Cohn.
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LEARNERS' SPACE

Course 15

- 1. Organize a lecture and interaction of an expert working in the field of vertebrate study like wild photography, research project etc.
- 2. Collect information on phylogeny and geological time scale.
- 3. Did you notice that the number of frogs or earthworms is decreasing? Find out the probable reasons.
- 4. Comprehend the benefits of frog to farmer.
- 5. Study the reasons of extinction of dinosaurs
- 6. Enlist names of extinct birds.
- 7. Find out the reasons the Archaeopteryx is a connecting link between reptiles and birds.
- 8. Name the largest terrestrial and aquatic mammal.
- 9. List the scientific names of sharks found in Indian Ocean.
- 10. Study how is the age of the fossil decided.

Course 16

- 1. Elucidate on the Nobel Prize winning research work in the field of enzymology.
- 2. Study Eadie-Augustinsson plot and Hanes-Woolf plot of enzyme kinetics.
- 3. Make a report of isoenzymes (other than LDH) and their role in human body.
- 4. Kangaroo rats do not need to drink water at all. Explore the reason.
- 5. Collect information on:
 - Allen's rule
 - Bergman's rule
 - Gloger's rule
 - Jordan's rule
 - Rensch's rule
- 6. Review the mechanism and role of hormones like ecdysone and juvenile hormone in invertebrates.
- 7. Pineal gland has received attention as a 'mystery gland'. Find the reasons for it.
- 8. Prepare a report on therapeutic applications of hormones.
- 9. Present an account on recent advances in animal tissue culture.
- 10. 'HeLa' cells make the oldest immortal human cell line. Trace its history and significance.
- 11. Compare mortal and immortal cell lines.

Course 17

- 1. Study various types of genetic recombination. Explain any one mechanism.
- 2. Enlist enzymes involved in the central dogma of molecular biology. Comment on the specific biochemical reaction they catalyze.
- 3. Collect the information on satellite DNA. Discuss several forms of DNAs.
- 4. Give significance of telomere.
- 5. Gain information on chimeric DNA. Give its applications.
- 6. Comment on gene splicing.
- 7. Explore DNA microarray applications.
- 8. Comment on role of transgenic bacteria in pharmaceuticals.
- 9. Give interesting output of HGP.
- 10. Give examples of lysosomal storage disorders.
- 11. Explore information on lethal genes and jumping genes.
- 12. Enlist the variations in BLAST and FASTA.
- 13. Find the structure of a protein of your choice using UNIPROT.
- 14. Give role of bioinformatics in clinical biology.

15. Browse through website OMIA.

Course 18

- 1. Find out the role of an ISO 14001 environmental management system.
- 2. Explain environmental audit and carbon footprint.
- 3. Collect information on life cycle assessment (LCA) as an environmental management tool.
- 4. Collect the information about institutes those provide environmental management education.
- 5. Find out the role of industries such as TATA steel in environmental management.
- 6. Explain the benefits of environmental monitoring for an industry.
- 7. Comment on ethics of Wildlife Management and Conservation.
- 8. Role of WTI in wildlife research and management.
- 9. Comment on Sustainable Wildlife Management (SWM).
- 10. Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD)
- 11. Find the following:
 - Bioprospecting and Maya ICBG controversy.
 - Contribution of Babu Kalunde in self-medication.
- 12. Link the study of human evolution with Zoopharmacognosy.
- 13. Explain Wallace's Line and Weber's line.
- 14. Role of zoogeography in speciation.
- 15. List the animal species which exhibit homing instincts.

*Note - The practicals may be conducted by using specimens authorized by the wild life and such other regulating authorities though it is strongly recommended that the same should be taught by using photographs/audio-visual aids/simulations/ models etc. as recommended by the UGC and as envisaged in the regulation of the relevant monitoring bodies. No new specimens, however, shall be procured for the purpose of conducting practicals mentioned here-in above.

N.B:

I) It is pertinent to note that we have to adhere strictly to the directions as given in the UGC Circular F14-4/2006 (CPP-II).

II) Apart from the Institutional Animal Ethics Committee (IAEC) and any other Committee appointed by a Competent Authority / Body from time to time, every college should constitute the following Committees:

- 1) A Committee for the Purpose of Care and Supervision of Experimental Animals (CPCSEA) and
- 2) A Dissection Monitoring Committee (DMC) to ensure that no dissections are done.

Composition of DMC shall be as follows:

- i) Head of the Concerned Department (Convener / Chairperson)
- ii) Two Senior Faculty Members of the concerned Department
- iii) One Faculty of related department from the same College
- iv) One or two members of related department from neighbouring colleges.

Use of animals for any experiment / dissection /mounting is banned. Simulations, authorized permanent specimens / slides, charts, models and other innovative methods are encouraged.

Scheme of Examination (Theory and Practical)

- (a) External assessment of one hundred (100) marks per course per semester should be conducted as per the following skeleton question paper pattern.
- (c) One practical examination of fifty (50) marks per course each should be conducted at the end of every semester.

SKELETON- EXAMINATION PATTERN (THEORY)

Time: 3 hours

Total marks: 100

Q1	Based on Unit 1	20 marks
Q.2.	Based on Unit 2	20 marks
Q.3.	Based on Unit 3	20 marks
Q.4.	Based on Unit 4	20 marks
Q.5.	Based on all four Units	20 marks

*Internal option scheme shall be followed from time to time as per university guidelines for T. Y. B. Sc.
T. Y. B. Sc. Zoology: Semester V (Practical) Course Code: USZOP05: Course 11

Skeleton of Practical Examination Question Paper

Time: 9.30 AM to 2.30 PM

Q.1	Sepia: Sketch and label system. (Digestive / Reproductive system / Nervous system) OR Identify and Describe: a, b & c (Jaws / Radula / Chromatophores / Spermatophores / Statocyst) OR Perform virtual dissection of system.	09
Q.2.	Identify and classify giving reasons: a) Protozoa / Porifera / Cnidaria b) Platyhelminthes / Nematoda c) Annelida / Arthropoda d) Mollusca / Echinodermata	12
Q.3	 Identify, classify and describe a) Acanthocephala / Chaetognatha / Onychophora b) Hemichordata c) Observe the animal* (photo/existing preserved specimen) and identify phylum giving reasons. *A suitable animal which is not prescribed in the syllabus 	09
Q.4	Field report - Submission and Discussion based on any one field visit which is attended by the student to avoid disparity due to financial constraints.	10
Q.5	Viva voce	05
Q.6	Journal	05

T. Y. B. Sc. Zoology: Semester V (Practical) Course Code: USZOP05: Course 12

Skeleton of Practical Examination Question Paper

Time: 9.30 AM to 2.30 PM

Total Marks: 50

Q.1 Enumerate erythrocytes in the given sample and comment on clinical condition.	15
Q.1 Enumerate leucocytes in the given sample and comment on clinical condition.	
Q.1 Present a report on differential count of leucocytes and comment on clinical conditio	n.
Q.2 Estimate total plasma proteins by Folin's method.	10
Q.2 Estimate serum/plasma total triglycerides by Phosphovanillin method.	
Q.3 Estimate haemoglobin by Sahli's acid haematin method.	10
Q.3 Record Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate by Westergren / Wintrobe method.	
Q.3 Determine serum LDH by colorimetric/spectrophotometric method.	
Q.4 Perform Latex agglutination test - Rheumatoid Arthritis. OR	05
Q.4 Record bleeding / clotting time and comment on clinical significance.	
Q.5 Viva voce	05

05

T. Y. B. Sc. Zoology: Semester V (Practical) Course Code: USZOP05: Course 13

Skeleton of Practical Examination Question Paper

Time: 9.30 AM to 2.30 PM

Total Marks: 50

- Q.1 Demonstrate the effect of CCl₄ on the level of enzyme activity of aspartate/ 10 alanine amino transferase / alkaline phosphatase in liver (*in vitro* approach)
- Q.2 From the infiltrated tissue prepare block, trim and mount it on the block holder. 09

OR

Q.2	Mount the ribbon on slide from the given block.	
Q.2	Stain the given histological slide and identify the tissue.	
Q.3	Identify and describe a, b, c, d. a) & b) based on study of mammalian tissues c) & d) based on diseases or conditions	08
Q.4	Interpret the pathological report - blood / urine / stool.	05
Q.5	Problems in Biostatistics (Any one)	08
Q.6	Viva voce	05
Q.7	Journal	05

T.Y.B. Sc. Zoology: Semester V (Practical) Course Code: USZOP05: Course 14

Skeleton Question Paper for Practical Examination

Time: 9.30 AM to 2.30 PM

Total Marks: 50

Q.1	Make a temporary mounting of chick embryo (up to 48 hours)	10
Q.2	Identify and describe a) and b) Based on integumentary system c) and d) Based on forelimb muscle e) and f) Based on hind limbs muscle g) and h) Based on osteology - human axial skeleton i) Based on osteology - human appendicular skeleton j) Chick embryo up to 72 hours	30
Q.3	Viva-voce	05
Q.4	Journal	05

T. Y. B. Sc. Zoology: Semester VI (Practical) Course Code: USZOP06: Course 15

Skeleton of Practical Examination Question Paper

Time: 9.30 AM to 2.30 PM

Q.1	 Identify, classify giving reasons a) Urochordata / Cephalochordata / Ostachodermi / Cyclostomata b) Observe the animal* (photo/existing preserved specimen) and state its class giving reasons. * The animal should be other than prescribed in the syllabus 	06
Q.2.	Identify, classify and describe a) Pisces b) Amphibia c) Reptilia d) Aves e) Mammalia	15
Q.3	Study of shark with the help of Specimen / Photograph / Simulation (Digestive system / Urinogenital system / Heart and aortic arches)	06
Q.4	Identify, sketch and label / Identify and describe marked portion in given diagram Skull or vertebra of shark / Fin of shark (Pectoral / Pelvic) / Girdle of shark (Pectoral / Pelvic)	03
Q.5	Field report - Submission and Discussion based on any one field visit which is attended by the student to avoid disparity due to financial constraints.	10
Q. 6	Viva Voce	05
Q.7	Journal	05

05

Total Marks: 50

T. Y. B. Sc. Zoology: Semester VI (Practical) Course Code: USZOP06: Course 16

Skeleton of Practical Examination Question Paper

Time: 9.30 AM to 2.30 PM

Total Marks: 50

Q.1 Demonstrate the effect of ______ on the activity of acid phosphatase (Substrate concentration / pH variation / Enzyme concentration / Inhibitor concentration) 15 OR

Q.1 Perform trypsinization and show the isolated cells using suitable vital stain.

Q.2 Separate LDH isozymes from the given sample by agarose / polyacrylamide g electrophoresis	iel 10
OR Q.2 Demonstrate the packaging of glassware for tissue culture (any 3) OR	
Q.2 Demonstrate the technique of aseptic transfer.	
Q.3 Identify and describe a, b, c, d, e a to d: Slides / Photographs of based on histology of endocrine glands e: Instruments for tissue culture (any one)	15
Q.4 Viva voce	05
Q.5 Journal	05

T. Y. B. Sc. Zoology: Semester VI (Practical) Course Code: USZOP06: Course 17

Skeleton of Practical Examination Question Paper

Time: 9.30 AM to 2.30 PM Total Marks: 50			50 50
Q.1	Isolation & Estimation of RNA by Orcinol method.		15
Q.1	Isolation & Estimation of DNA by Diphenylamine method.		
Q.2	Separation of Genomic DNA by Agarose gel electrophoresis. OR		09
Q.2	Colorimetric estimation of proteins from given sample by Folin's m	ethod.	
Q.3	Problems based on Restriction endonucleases (any two). OR		08
Q.3	Calculation of mitotic index from the photograph or stained prepa onion root tip or cancer cells. OR	aration of	
Q.3a	Analyse the given syndrome and comment on numerical and/or s variations in chromosomes.	tructural	04
Q.3b	Interpretation of a genetic formula.		04
Q.4	Demonstrate the use of bioinformatics tool:		80
	BLAST for nucleotide sequence comparison.		
	Databases at NCBI for querying a nucleotide / protein sequence v of suitable operator.	with the help)
	PubMed for downloading a research paper of interest with the hell operator.	p of suitable)
Q.5	Viva voce		05
Q.6	Journal		05

T.Y. B. Sc. Zoology: Semester VI (Practical) Course Code: USZOP06: Course 18

Skeleton Question Paper for Practical Examination

Time:	: 9.30 AM to 2.30 PM	Total Marks: 50
Q.1	Estimation of BOD / COD / nitrates from the given water sample	10
Q.2	Estimation of phosphates / acidity / alkalinity of sample water.	08
Q.3	 Identification a) Based on bioprospecting (Sponge / Aloe ferox / Aloe vera one) b) Zoopharmacognosy (ants, cats, elephants and dogs - any one) 	06 a - any e)
Q.4	Identify the given animals with respect to their realms and comment two).	(any 06
Q.5	Study tour Visit Report - Submission and Discussion based on any of field visit which is attended by the student to avoid disparity due to fin constraints.	one 10 nancial
Q.7	Journal	05
Q.6	Viva voce	05

Research Project (Optional with Additional Credits) Course Code: USZOR01 and USZOR02

There shall be a component of 'Research Project' which will be optional, catering to the needs of the advanced learners and those desirous of pursuing higher studies and / or career in research. Since Research Project is optional, its credits are in addition to the credits otherwise allotted to B.Sc. program in Zoology. The credits of Research Project shall therefore be considered as additional credits, performance of which shall be separately evaluated. Needless to say that the marks / GPA / grade obtained by the learner in the Research Project shall appear separately in the marksheet or shall be certified separately by the University of Mumbai in both the semesters viz. Semester V and Semester VI. These marks shall not be added to the total / grand total of the program and shall not be considered for class / Grade / GPA / merit / rank towards this program of the University of Mumbai. Research Project shall be evaluated by allotting duty to the examiners at a centre / centres in each district where the learners who have completed the projects shall be invited for assessment on a day scheduled for the purpose by the Chairman of Practical Examinations who would plan, coordinate and notify the same officially through the University. The remuneration for assessment of the Research Project shall be as decided by the University from time to time.

The learners may seek guidance for the research work from a mentor who could be a teacher from his/her college or any other college or from the industry; though it is not mandatory to have a mentor since Research Project can also be done independently, However no leniency will be shown during assessment to maintain quality defining the candidate as advanced learner. Assessment will be based on the spiral bound Proposal submitted in Semester V and Dissertation submitted in Semester VI along with *Viva voce* conducted by the examiner, details of which shall be as follows:

In semester V the learners will submit an outline / scheme / project proposal to be evaluated by the external examiner. Evaluation will be based on the following guidelines such as Literature Search / Survey, Objectives, Work plan, Materials and Methods, Rationale, Hypothesis, Expected Outcome, Relevance and Bibliography, etc., as presented in the spiral bound research proposal which shall carry 25 marks, in Semester V. *Viva voce* conducted by the concerned external examiner on the said proposal shall carry 25 marks. Learner may opt for PowerPoint presentation on the said research proposal, if desired. Thus Research Proposal shall carry total 50 marks with a credit of (01), in Semester V.

Actual execution / practical work of this project will be completed before the Semester VI examination. The external examiner will evaluate the 'Printed Dissertation' in Semester VI, carrying 25 marks based generally on guidelines such as Abstract / Synopsis, Materials and methods, Observations, Interpretations of Results, Discussion, Conclusion and Relevance of work, Recommendation, Future scope, etc., incorporated in the Dissertation. *Viva voce* conducted by the external examiner based on the dissertation presented with the PowerPoint presentation or otherwise shall carry 25 marks. Thus Research Project with dissertation shall carry 50 marks having credit of (01) in semester VI.

A list of the candidates offering the project and the titles of their respective project should be forwarded by the College along with the examination application form in SEM-V and SEM-VI.

The total credits (02) of Research Project in Semester V and Semester VI, are additional and may be transferred to the other relevant program and/or for post-graduation program, if desired by the learner, wherever applicable and if permitted by the ordinances of the University of Mumbai, as prescribed therein, if promulgated.