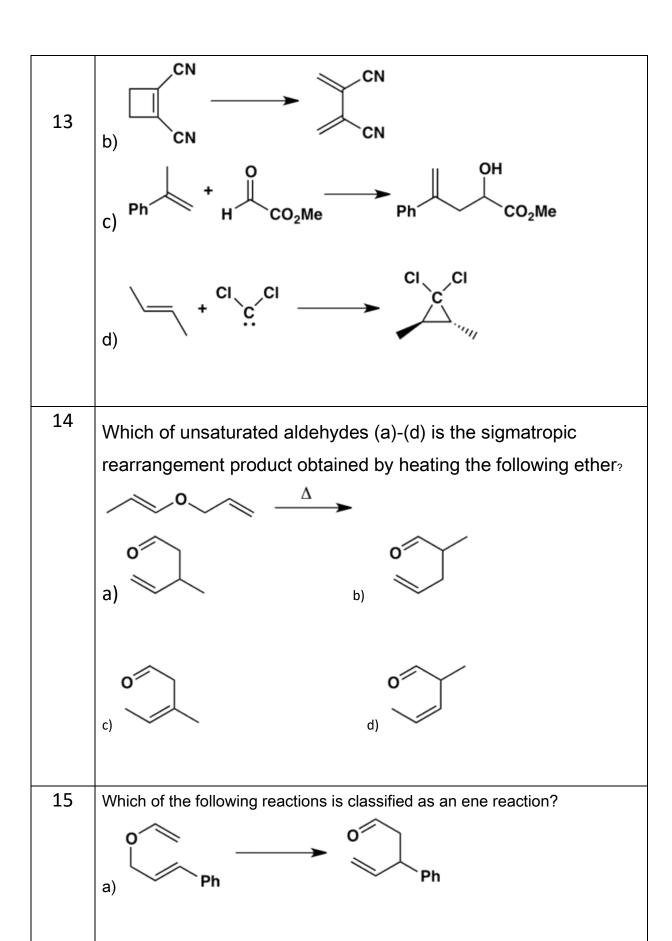
MSc paper I (SEMIII)

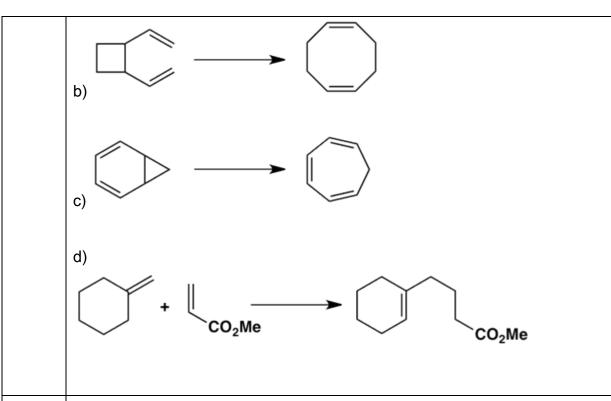
QUESTION BANK

1	What is the hybridisation of carbocation?
	a) SP ³ b) SP ²
	c) SP d) SP ³ d
	What is the classicalization of soulessing
2	What is the hybridisation of carbanion? a) SP ³ b) SP ²
	a) SP ³ b) SP ²
	c) SP d) SP ³ d
	d) Si d
3	The shape of carbocation is
	a) Trigonal planar b)linear
	a)
	c) pyramidal d) bent
4	Identify the name of rearrangement in the following reaction
	$A \rightarrow B_1$
	\dot{R}_2
	a) Claisen rearrangement b) Hofmann rearrangment
	c) Cope rearrangement d) Pinacol-pinacolone rearrangement
5	
	Identify the name of rearrangement in the following reaction
	, Ö, , ÖH
	→ CH
	heat
	a) Cong rearrangement b) Hafmann rearrangement
	a) Cope rearrangement b) Hofmann rearrangment
	c) Claisen rearrangement d) Pinacol-pinacolone rearrangement

6	The following reaction involves the formation ofintermediate. Ohv Ohv CO B) intrene c) free radical d) carbanion
7	The following reaction involves the formation ofintermediate $\begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
8	The following reaction involves the formation ofintermediate Cu, PhH, reflux a) carbanion b) carbene c) nitrene d) carbocation
10	Give the name of following rearrangement reaction. NaOH, Cl ₂ or Br ₂ R ¹ NH ₂ a) Curtius rearrangement b)Lossen rearrangement c) Hoffmann rearrangement d) Cope rearrangement The following reaction is not a example of [3,3] sigmatropic reaction.
10	

	a) Claisan rearran coment b) Cone rearran coment
	a) Claisen rearrangement b) Cope rearrangement
10	c) Witting rearrangement d) none
11	The following reaction is not a example of pericyclic reaction
	a) Claisen rearrangement b) Cope rearrangement
	c) Diels-Alder reaction d) Schmidt rearrangement
	a, community and a second
12	The falls the inches to a section of a secti
12	The following involves two pericyclic reactions. Which combination indicates
	correctly the types of reaction involved?
	Ph Ph Ph
	Ph Ph
	Ph Ph
	Ph Ph Ph
	a)[4+2] cycloaddition + [2+2] cycloreversion
	b) cheletropic reaction + [4+2] cycloaddition
	c) [4+2] cycloaddition + [4+1] cycloreversion
	d) [4+2] cycloaddition + cheletropic reaction
	Answer d
13	Which of the following reactions is classified as a sigmatropic rearrangement?
13	Transfer of the following reactions to diagonica as a signification realitating enterit:
	HH
	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
	a) — "



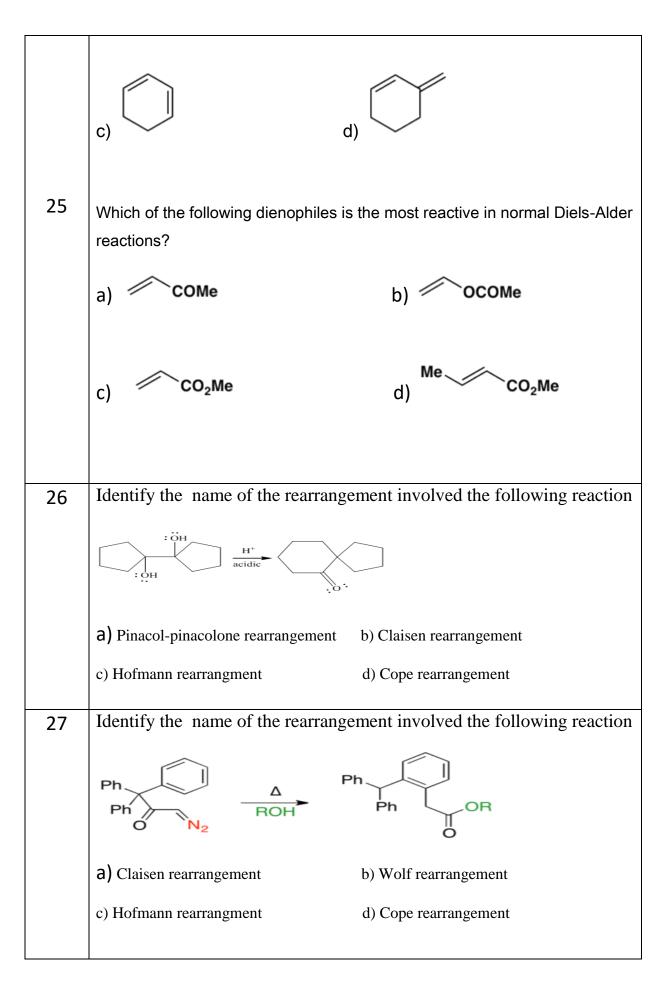


Which of adducts (a)-(d) is the main kinetic product of the following Diels-Alder reaction?

Which side-chain carbon makes a new bond to the benzene ring upon 17 Claisen rearrangement of the following allylic phenyl ether? a) C1 b)C2 c) C3 d)C4 18 Which of the following is classified as an electrocyclic reaction? CN b)

d) 19 Which of the following is most stable intermediate? b) What is the intermediate formed in the following reaction 20 a)carbanion b) carbocation c) free radical d) carbene Which carbocation is the most stable? 21 a) b)

d) c) The reactive intermediate involved in the following reaction is: 22 a) a carbocation b) a carbanion c) a free radical d) an aryne 23 The major product formed in the following reaction is... (2.)(3.)(1.)Answer (2) 24 Which of the following dienes cannot undergo Diels-Alder reactions?



28	Which is the correct statement about neighboring group participation? a) Retention of configuration b) Neighbouring group should have syn configuration
	c) Inversion of configuration d) No change in rates of reaction
29	Following reaction is a example of SnCl4 -78°C (71%) SBTO MeO ₂ C MeO ₂ C NeO ₂ Me >99% anti
	a)Ene reaction b) Chelotropic reaction
29	c) Sigmatropic reaction d) Group transfer Which of the following statement about pericyclic reaction is not true a)Pericyclic reactions are concerted reactions b) Pericyclic reactions proceed through cyclic transition intermediate c) Pericyclic reactions are not stereospecific d) Pericyclic reactions require light or heat
30	What is the product of the following electrocyclic reaction?
	a) b)
	c) d)